

Arizona MVD permit practice test 12

From the Arizona Driver License Manual and Customer Service Guide (form 99-0117). Free at permitpracticetestdmv.com/arizona/

19 questions. Circle one answer for each. Answer key on the last page. Name: _____ Score: _____ / 19

1. Your engine dies while turning a corner and the power steering fails. What should you do?

- A. Grip the wheel firmly with both hands, complete the turn, move right and stop, pressing the brakes extra hard
- B. Let go of the wheel
- C. Shift to park
- D. Restart while moving

2. Your headlights fail at night. What should you try first?

- A. Turn off the engine
- B. Use your phone light
- C. Pull into traffic
- D. Try the high beam/low beam switch

3. Should you pump anti-lock (ABS) brakes in an emergency?

- A. Yes, rapidly
- B. No, do not pump anti-lock brakes
- C. Only on ice
- D. Only at high speed

4. Your non-ABS brakes fail. What should you do after pumping them doesn't work?

- A. Jump out
- B. Slowly apply the parking brake while holding the release, then shift to a lower gear
- C. Turn off the engine
- D. Steer into a wall

5. You are stopped at a light and a car is approaching fast from behind. What can you do if the crash can't be avoided?

- A. Brace yourself between the wheel and seat back and release the brake an instant before impact
- B. Get out of the car
- C. Turn sharply
- D. Hold the brake hard and look back

6. A head-on crash may happen. Which is a recommended action?

- A. Speed up
- B. Stay in your lane and brake hard
- C. Reduce speed, flash headlights and use your horn, and head for the shoulder
- D. Swerve into the oncoming lane

7. What is the best thing you can do to protect yourself in a crash?

- A. Close your eyes
- B. Lean forward
- C. Brace your arms
- D. Always wear your safety belt

8. Your car begins to skid. What should you do with the brake?

- A. Do not press the brake any further
- B. Pump it
- C. Press harder
- D. Pull the parking brake

9. When braking on ice and the wheels lock, what should you do?

- A. Release the brakes completely
- B. Shift into neutral
- C. Press harder
- D. Ease slightly off the brakes without releasing them completely, then reapply

10. After a minor crash with no injuries in Arizona, what does state law require if your car can be driven?

- A. Leave it where it is for police
- B. Call a tow truck first
- C. Move it out of the travel lanes
- D. Wait for the insurance adjuster

11. When must you call police after an Arizona crash?

- A. Only on highways
- B. Only if a car is towed
- C. Immediately in case of injury
- D. Never

12. What information should you exchange after a crash?

- A. Nothing
- B. Only your phone number
- C. Only insurance
- D. License number, name and address, insurance company and policy number, witness information and plate numbers

13. You are first on the scene of a crash. What should you do?

- A. Stand in the lane to direct traffic
- B. Pull off the road, turn on hazards, turn off ignitions of crashed vehicles and call 911
- C. Move injured people
- D. Leave

14. Can a driver who moves an operable car out of traffic after a crash be blamed just for moving it?

- A. Yes
- B. Only on freeways
- C. Only if police weren't called
- D. No, they are not held liable or at fault solely for moving it

15. You see a wrong-way driver coming toward you on a divided highway. What should you do?

- A. Flash your lights and hold your lane
- B. Slow down by easing off the gas and steer away, then call 911 from a safe place
- C. Stop in the lane
- D. Speed up

16. In which lanes are wrong-way drivers usually found?

- A. Exit ramps only
- B. The left or HOV lane
- C. The right lane
- D. The shoulder

17. What should you do if your vehicle stops on the freeway and you need help after dark?

- A. Turn on the inside dome light and/or set out flares, and wait for help
- B. Turn off all lights
- C. Stand behind the car
- D. Walk to the next exit

18. Which item does the Arizona manual suggest for an emergency kit?

- A. Extra license plates
- B. Cash only
- C. Water containers/drinking water
- D. A second radio

19. During a traffic stop, the officer asks for documents that are out of reach. What should you do?

- A. Tell the officer where they are and wait for acknowledgment before reaching
- B. Reach for them quickly
- C. Get out to look
- D. Refuse

Answer key: Arizona practice test 12

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1. A: Grip the wheel firmly with both hands, complete the turn, move right and stop, pressing the brakes extra hard

Firmly grip the wheel to complete the turn and move to the right side; push the brakes extra hard if you have power brakes. (Power Steering Failure, page 69)

2. D: Try the high beam/low beam switch

Try the dimmer switch, then turn the headlight switch on and off; if that fails, use parking lights, flashers or signals and pull off the road. (Headlight Failure, page 69)

3. B: No, do not pump anti-lock brakes

Do not pump anti-lock brakes; if your vehicle does not have ABS, pump the brakes rapidly. (Brake Failure, page 69)

4. B: Slowly apply the parking brake while holding the release, then shift to a lower gear

If pumping fails, slowly apply the parking brake (holding the release in case the wheels lock), shift to a lower gear and find a safe place to stop. (Brake Failure, page 69)

5. A: Brace yourself between the wheel and seat back and release the brake an instant before impact

If possible pull forward; if not, brace between the steering wheel and seat back and release your brake an instant before impact to lessen it. (Avoiding a Crash, page 69)

6. C: Reduce speed, flash headlights and use your horn, and head for the shoulder

Reduce speed, flash headlights and honk to warn the driver, head for the shoulder, and if unavoidable, lessen the severity of impact. (Avoiding a Crash, page 69)

7. D: Always wear your safety belt

Always wear your safety belts; it's the best protection from injury in a crash. (Avoiding a Crash, page 69)

8. A: Do not press the brake any further

Do not press on the brake any further; it will only make the skid worse. Steer where you want to go. (Recovering from Skids, page 70)

9. D: Ease slightly off the brakes without releasing them completely, then reapply

If the wheels lock, ease slightly off the brakes but don't release them completely, then reapply and repeat. (Snow and Ice, page 57)

10. C: Move it out of the travel lanes

State law requires a driver in a minor crash without injuries to remove an operable vehicle from the roadway if it can be moved safely. (Quick Clearance, page 71)

11. C: Immediately in case of injury

In case of injury, you are required to immediately call the police. (Crash Procedures: Reporting Crashes, page 71)

12. D: License number, name and address, insurance company and policy number, witness information and plate numbers

Provide your driver license number, name and address, insurance company and policy number, witness information and license plate numbers. (Crash Procedures: Reporting Crashes, page 71)

13. B: Pull off the road, turn on hazards, turn off ignitions of crashed vehicles and call 911

Pull off, turn on your flashers, turn off the ignition of involved vehicles, call 911, stay out of traffic lanes and have others warn traffic. (Assisting at the Scene of a Crash, page 71)

14. D: No, they are not held liable or at fault solely for moving it

Someone who removes a vehicle from the main roadway before police arrive is not liable or at fault solely because it was moved. (Assisting at the Scene of a Crash, page 71)

15. B: Slow down by easing off the gas and steer away, then call 911 from a safe place

Slow down by easing off the gas, make sure no one is next to you, steer away from the wrong-way driver, then get safe and call 911. (What to Do if You Encounter a Wrong-Way Driver, page 58)

16. B: The left or HOV lane

Wrong-way drivers are usually in the left or HOV lane, though they enter from the right via off-ramps. (Wrong-Way Driver Awareness Tips, page 58)

17. A: Turn on the inside dome light and/or set out flares, and wait for help

At night, switch on the dome light and/or set out flares or warning devices, then wait for help instead of walking along the freeway. (Stopping on the Freeway, page 32)

18. C: Water containers/drinking water

Suggested kit items include drinking water, fire extinguisher, first aid kit, flashlight, blankets, flares, jumper cables and a spare tire. (Always be Prepared, page 74)

19. A: Tell the officer where they are and wait for acknowledgment before reaching

If documents are out of reach, tell the officer where they are and wait for acknowledgment before retrieving them. (Traffic Stop Safety, page 73)