

Arizona MVD permit practice test 3

From the Arizona Driver License Manual and Customer Service Guide (form 99-0117). Free at permitpracticetestdmv.com/arizona/

25 questions. Circle one answer for each. Answer key on the last page. Name: _____ Score: _____ / 25

1. At what blood alcohol concentration does an adult Arizona driver lose their driving privilege on the spot?

- A. 0.04 percent
- B. 0.08 percent or more
- C. 0.05 percent
- D. 0.10 percent

2. What is the BAC limit for a driver operating a commercial vehicle that requires a CDL in Arizona?

- A. 0.02
- B. 0.06
- C. 0.08
- D. 0.04

3. Can you be convicted of DUI in Arizona with a BAC below 0.08?

- A. Yes, you may be found guilty even below 0.08
- B. Only if you are a commercial driver
- C. No, never
- D. Only if you crash

4. What is Arizona's alcohol rule for drivers under 21?

- A. 0.04 limit
- B. Zero tolerance: any trace of alcohol or impairing drugs
- C. 0.02 limit
- D. 0.08 like adults

5. An under-21 driver in Arizona is caught driving with any trace of alcohol. How long is the license suspended?

- A. 2 years
- B. 30 days
- C. 1 year
- D. 90 days

6. What is the minimum jail time for a first-offense DUI in Arizona?

- A. 90 days
- B. 1 day
- C. 30 days
- D. 10 consecutive days

7. What is the minimum fine for a first-offense (standard) DUI in Arizona?

- A. \$250
- B. \$3,000
- C. \$1,250
- D. \$500

8. At what alcohol concentration does Arizona's "Extreme DUI" apply?

- A. 0.10
- B. 0.08
- C. 0.20 or higher only
- D. 0.15 or higher

9. What is the minimum jail time for a first Extreme DUI (BAC 0.15 to under 0.20)?

- A. 30 consecutive days
- B. 180 days
- C. 10 days
- D. 45 days

10. Which of these makes a DUI an "Aggravated DUI" in Arizona?

- A. A first offense
- B. A BAC of 0.09
- C. Driving at night
- D. Committing a DUI while a person under 15 is in the vehicle

11. What is a certified ignition interlock device?

- A. A breath alcohol tester connected to the ignition that keeps the car from starting if alcohol is detected
- B. A speed limiter
- C. A GPS tracker
- D. A seat belt alarm

12. Where is it illegal to have an open container of alcohol in Arizona?

- A. In a taxi
- B. In the passenger compartment of a vehicle on a public road
- C. In the living area of a motor home
- D. In the locked trunk

13. Which area of a car is NOT considered part of the passenger compartment for Arizona's open container law?

- A. The back seat
- B. The center console
- C. The trunk
- D. The glove box if unlocked

14. Which age group has the highest rate of alcohol involvement in vehicle crashes, according to the Arizona manual?

- A. Over 65
- B. 16 to 20
- C. 35 to 50

D. 21 to 34

15. What can happen to an adult convicted of knowingly buying alcohol for a minor (first conviction)?

- A. Points only
- B. Permanent revocation
- C. Nothing to their license
- D. License suspension of up to 30 days

16. What false belief do alcohol and drugs often create in drivers?

- A. That they should drive slower
- B. A false sense of confidence in their driving ability
- C. That they need glasses
- D. That they are too tired to drive

17. What should you do before driving after taking cold or allergy medicine?

- A. Nothing; they are always safe
- B. Check the label for warnings about effects on driving
- C. Take a double dose
- D. Drink coffee

18. Most wrong-way crashes on Arizona highways are caused by whom?

- A. Truck drivers
- B. Tourists
- C. Impaired drivers
- D. Teen drivers

19. For a second DUI in Arizona, what happens to your license?

- A. 90-day suspension
- B. Restricted only
- C. No change
- D. Revoked for 12 months

20. For an aggravated DUI, what prison term and license action does the manual describe?

- A. Prison for not more than 2 years and a 1-year revocation
- B. 30 days jail
- C. Suspension for 90 days
- D. Probation only

21. According to the Arizona manual, what are the most important driving attitudes you can develop?

- A. Competitiveness
- B. Speed and confidence
- C. Caution only at night
- D. Courtesy and consideration toward others

22. What does "defensive driving" mean?

- A. Being constantly aware, planning ahead, anticipating dangers and taking the right action to avoid crashes
- B. Never passing
- C. Keeping your doors locked
- D. Driving slowly at all times

23. How far ahead should you look while driving to avoid last-minute decisions, according to the Arizona manual?

- A. About 3 miles
- B. About one car length
- C. About one city block
- D. Only to the car ahead

24. Under Arizona law, which phone use is allowed while driving?

- A. Watching video
- B. Hands-free or voice-to-text operation
- C. Reading texts at red lights
- D. Holding the phone to talk

25. When may an Arizona driver hold a wireless device while driving?

- A. Only to report an emergency
- B. When traffic is light
- C. At stop lights
- D. On rural roads

Answer key: Arizona practice test 3

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1. B: 0.08 percent or more

If a test shows an alcohol concentration of 0.08 percent or more, you lose your driving privilege on the spot. (DUI Penalties, page 65)

2. D: 0.04

The limit in a commercial vehicle requiring a CDL is 0.04. (DUI Penalties, page 65)

3. A: Yes, you may be found guilty even below 0.08

A DUI conviction is possible below 0.08 BAC if you are impaired; staying under 0.08 does not make driving legal or safe. (DUI Penalties, page 65)

4. B: Zero tolerance: any trace of alcohol or impairing drugs

Under 21 = zero tolerance; any trace of alcohol, marijuana, medications or illegal drugs that impair driving results in stiff penalties. (DO NOT DRINK AND DRIVE! Under 21 = ZERO Tolerance, page 60)

5. A: 2 years

For drivers under 21, any trace of alcohol or impairing drugs results in a 2-year license suspension. (DO NOT DRINK AND DRIVE! Under 21 = ZERO Tolerance, page 60)

6. D: 10 consecutive days

First offense DUI: not less than 10 consecutive days in jail, at least 90-day suspension, and a fine of at least \$1,250. (DUI, page 66)

7. C: \$1,250

A first DUI brings a fine of not less than \$1,250, plus jail, suspension and alcohol screening. (DUI, page 66)

8. D: 0.15 or higher

Arizona's Extreme DUI category starts at an alcohol concentration of 0.15; 0.20 and above brings longer minimum jail terms. (Extreme DUI, page 66)

9. A: 30 consecutive days

A first Extreme DUI brings at least 30 consecutive days in jail and at least a \$2,500 fine; 0.20 or higher means at least 45 days. (Extreme DUI, page 66)

10. D: Committing a DUI while a person under 15 is in the vehicle

Aggravated DUI includes DUI while suspended or revoked, a third DUI in 7 years, DUI with a person under 15 in the vehicle, or DUI while required to have an IID. (Aggravated DUI, page 66)

11. A: A breath alcohol tester connected to the ignition that keeps the car from starting if alcohol is detected

The driver blows into the device before starting; if alcohol is above a set level the vehicle won't start, and random retests are required while driving. (Certified Ignition Interlock Device, page 67)

12. B: In the passenger compartment of a vehicle on a public road

Drivers and passengers may not consume or possess an open container in the passenger compartment; buses, limousines, taxis and motor home living areas are exempt. (Open Container, page 59)

13. C: The trunk

The passenger compartment includes unlocked compartments within reach but not the trunk or the area behind the last upright seat in vehicles without a trunk. (Open Container, page 59)

14. D: 21 to 34

The manual reports that drivers aged 21 to 34 have the highest rate of alcohol involvement in crashes. (License Suspension for Providing Alcohol to Minors, page 59)

15. D: License suspension of up to 30 days

The court may direct MVD to suspend the license for up to 30 days for a first conviction and up to 6 months for later ones. (License Suspension for Providing Alcohol to Minors, page 59)

16. B: A false sense of confidence in their driving ability

Even when you don't feel impaired, alcohol and drugs produce a false sense of confidence in your driving ability. (Use of Alcohol, Marijuana and Other Drugs, page 59)

17. B: Check the label for warnings about effects on driving

Prescription and over-the-counter medicines for allergies and colds can impair driving; always check labels for warnings first. (Use of Alcohol, Marijuana and Other Drugs, page 59)

18. C: Impaired drivers

Most wrong-way crashes are caused by impaired drivers; never let an impaired driver get behind the wheel. (What You Can Do Right Now, page 58)

19. D: Revoked for 12 months

Second and subsequent DUI offenses bring at least 90 days in jail, at least \$3,000 fine and a 12-month license revocation. (DUI, page 66)

20. A: Prison for not more than 2 years and a 1-year revocation

Aggravated DUI: sent to prison for not more than 2 years and the license revoked for 1 year, plus screening and an IID. (Aggravated DUI, page 66)

21. D: Courtesy and consideration toward others

Courtesy and consideration toward others are the most important driving attitudes and the key to safe driving. (Attitude and Awareness, page 23)

22. A: Being constantly aware, planning ahead, anticipating dangers and taking the right action to avoid crashes

Defensive driving means staying aware of conditions, planning ahead, anticipating dangers and acting to avoid contact with obstacles or vehicles. (Defensive Driving, page 22)

23. C: About one city block

To avoid last-minute decision making, look ahead about one city block. (Scanning, page 25)

24. B: Hands-free or voice-to-text operation

Arizona prohibits holding or supporting a wireless device, reading or writing texts, and watching video while driving; hands-free and voice-to-text are allowed. (Distractions, page 24)

25. A: Only to report an emergency

A wireless device may only be held while driving to report an emergency. (Distractions, page 24)