

# Arizona MVD permit practice test 8

From the Arizona Driver License Manual and Customer Service Guide (form 99-0117). Free at [permitpracticetestdmv.com/arizona/](http://permitpracticetestdmv.com/arizona/)

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25 questions. Circle one answer for each. Answer key on the last page. Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Score: \_\_\_\_\_ / 25

**1. Does Arizona's Move Over Law apply to a private car with flashing hazard lights on the shoulder?**

- A. Only on freeways
- B. No, only police
- C. No, only emergency vehicles
- D. Yes, it applies to all vehicles pulled over with flashing lights

**2. Must you yield to a funeral procession in Arizona?**

- A. Only on highways
- B. Only if it has 10 cars
- C. Yes, when it is led by an escort vehicle flashing a red or blue light
- D. No

**3. When must you stop for a school bus in Arizona?**

- A. Only if children are visible
- B. Only near schools
- C. Only when behind it
- D. When it is loading or unloading with flashing lights and stop arm, regardless of your direction (unless on a divided roadway going the opposite way)

**4. A school bus is stopped with its stop arm out on the other side of a road divided only by painted stripes. Must you stop?**

- A. No, the road is divided
- B. Yes; striping alone is not a physical separation
- C. Only if children are crossing
- D. Only if you are within 50 feet

**5. How long must you remain stopped for a school bus?**

- A. 10 seconds
- B. Until the bus moves ahead or the stop arm and flashing lights are off
- C. Until children reach the curb
- D. Until another car passes

**6. A vehicle using its turn signal approaches as you wait to enter from a side road. What should you do?**

- A. Honk
- B. Wait until you see the driver actually commit to the turn
- C. Flash your lights
- D. Pull out; it's turning

**7. Who has the right-of-way in a roundabout?**

- A. Pedestrians only
- B. The vehicle on the right
- C. Vehicles already in the roundabout
- D. Entering vehicles

**8. A large truck reaches a roundabout at the same time as you. What should you do?**

- A. Honk
- B. Yield to the truck
- C. Enter side by side
- D. Race ahead of it

**9. You must yield to pedestrians in which crosswalks?**

- A. Only school crosswalks
- B. Only at signals
- C. Only marked crosswalks
- D. Any marked or unmarked crosswalk

**10. How should you position for a right turn?**

- A. Swing wide to the left first
- B. Stay close to the right curb or edge; don't swing wide
- C. Straddle lanes
- D. Use the center lane

**11. Where must you stop before turning right on a red light?**

- A. Before reaching the marked or unmarked crosswalk
- B. No stop needed
- C. In the crosswalk
- D. Past the stop line

**12. After a right turn, which lane should you turn into (unless signs say otherwise)?**

- A. The center turn lane
- B. The right lane
- C. Any lane
- D. The left lane

**13. On a two-way road, from where should you begin a left turn?**

- A. The right lane
- B. The lane just to the right of the center line
- C. The two-way left turn lane only
- D. The shoulder

**14. In which situation may you turn left on a red light in Arizona (unless signs prohibit it)?**

- A. From a one-way road onto a two-way road
- B. From a one-way road onto a one-way road, after stopping and yielding
- C. From a two-way road onto a one-way road
- D. Never

**15. Turning left from a one-way road onto a two-way road, which lane should you turn into?**

- A. Any lane
- B. The left lane of oncoming traffic
- C. The far right lane
- D. The lane just to the right of the center line

**16. When are U-turns allowed in Arizona?**

- A. When they can be made safely, don't interfere with traffic and aren't prohibited by signs
- B. Only at signals
- C. Never
- D. Only on freeways

**17. Roundabouts are designed for what speed?**

- A. 5-10 mph
- B. 35-40 mph
- C. 25-30 mph
- D. 15-20 mph

**18. On which side of the central island do you always enter a roundabout?**

- A. Left
- B. Right
- C. Either
- D. It depends on your exit

**19. You miss your exit in a roundabout. What should you do?**

- A. Continue around and exit when you come back to it
- B. Stop and back up
- C. Stop and wait
- D. Exit through the center

**20. An emergency vehicle approaches while you are in a roundabout. What should you do?**

- A. Proceed with caution, exit if you can, or pull over to the right
- B. Speed up
- C. Back up
- D. Stop immediately in the roundabout

**21. If a lane has been marked for left turns, from which lane may you turn left?**

- A. Only the marked left-turn lane
- B. The right lane
- C. The center of the road
- D. Any lane

**22. Where may cars cross METRO light rail tracks to turn?**

- A. From the right lane
- B. Anywhere
- C. Only from designated turn lanes controlled by traffic signals
- D. Midblock

**23. How can you tell which way a light rail train is moving?**

- A. By its color
- B. By its sound
- C. White headlights mean it is approaching; red taillights mean it is moving away
- D. You can't

**24. Do turning rules apply at driveways and alleys too?**

- A. Yes, rules for turning apply at all locations
- B. Only in business districts
- C. No, only at intersections
- D. Only on highways

**25. Unless otherwise posted, what is the speed limit in an Arizona business or residential district?**

- A. 15 mph
- B. 35 mph
- C. 25 mph
- D. 20 mph

# Answer key: Arizona practice test 8

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**1. D: Yes, it applies to all vehicles pulled over with flashing lights**

The law applies to all vehicles pulled over with flashing lights, including tow trucks, highway maintenance and private vehicles, on freeways and city streets. (Emergency Vehicles: The "Move Over Law", page 39)

**2. C: Yes, when it is led by an escort vehicle flashing a red or blue light**

Drivers must yield to any vehicle in a funeral procession led by a funeral escort flashing a red or blue light. (Funerals, page 39)

**3. D: When it is loading or unloading with flashing lights and stop arm, regardless of your direction (unless on a divided roadway going the opposite way)**

Stop before reaching a bus that is picking up or dropping off, regardless of direction, unless traveling the opposite direction on a divided roadway. (School Buses and School Zones, page 39)

**4. B: Yes; striping alone is not a physical separation**

Roadway striping by itself does not make a divided roadway; you must stop for the bus. (School Buses and School Zones, page 39)

**5. B: Until the bus moves ahead or the stop arm and flashing lights are off**

Remain stopped until the bus moves ahead or its stop-sign arm and flashing lights are no longer shown. (School Buses and School Zones, page 39)

**6. B: Wait until you see the driver actually commit to the turn**

Don't assume a vehicle or motorcycle with a turn signal on will turn; wait until the other driver commits to the turn. (Entering/Crossing Traffic, page 26)

**7. C: Vehicles already in the roundabout**

Vehicles in the roundabout have the right-of-way; entering vehicles must yield. (Roundabouts, page 28)

**8. B: Yield to the truck**

Vehicles approaching must yield to large vehicles entering the roundabout at the same time; do not try to pass large trucks inside. (Roundabouts, page 28)

**9. D: Any marked or unmarked crosswalk**

You must yield the right-of-way to pedestrians crossing in any marked or unmarked crosswalk. (Right-of-Way: Pedestrians, page 36)

**10. B: Stay close to the right curb or edge; don't swing wide**

Stay close to the right curb or edge of the road and do not swing wide before or while turning. (Right Turns, page 47)

**11. A: Before reaching the marked or unmarked crosswalk**

Stop completely before reaching the marked or unmarked crosswalk, look for No Turn On Red signs, and yield to pedestrians, bicyclists and oncoming traffic. (Right on Red, page 47)

**12. B: The right lane**

After a right turn, finish in the right-hand lane of the new road unless signs direct you to another lane. (Right on Red, page 47)

**13. B: The lane just to the right of the center line**

Approach the turn in the lane just to the right of the center line, turn just left of the intersection's center, and enter the lane just right of the center line. (Left Turns, page 47)

**14. B: From a one-way road onto a one-way road, after stopping and yielding**

A left turn from a one-way road onto a one-way road is the only left turn you may make against a red light, after stopping and yielding. (Left Turn – One-Way Road To One-Way Road, page 47)

**15. D: The lane just to the right of the center line**

Approach from the lane nearest the left curb and turn into the lane just right of the center line; this turn cannot be made on red. (Left Turn — One-Way Road To Two-Way Road, page 48)

**16. A: When they can be made safely, don't interfere with traffic and aren't prohibited by signs**

U-turns are permitted when made safely, without interfering with traffic, and not prohibited by signs; yield to approaching traffic. (Left Turns: U-Turn, page 37)

**17. D: 15-20 mph**

Slow down as you approach; roundabouts are designed for speeds of 15-20 mph. (Roundabouts, page 28)

**18. B: Right**

Always enter a roundabout to the right of the central island. (Roundabouts, page 28)

**19. A: Continue around and exit when you come back to it**

Don't stop inside a roundabout; if you pass your exit, keep circling and take it the next time around. (Roundabouts, page 28)

**20. A: Proceed with caution, exit if you can, or pull over to the right**

In a roundabout, proceed with caution when an emergency vehicle appears; exit if you can or pull over to the right. (Roundabouts, page 28)

**21. A: Only the marked left-turn lane**

If a special lane for left turns has been signed or marked, use that lane and do not turn left from any other lane. (Left Turns, page 47)

**22. C: Only from designated turn lanes controlled by traffic signals**

Drivers may cross the METRO tracks to turn only from the signal-controlled turn lanes set aside for that purpose. (METRO Safety by Design, page 48)

**23. C: White headlights mean it is approaching; red taillights mean it is moving away**

The ends of a light rail train look identical: white headlights show it approaching and red taillights show it moving away. (Driving and Bike Riding, page 49)

**24. A: Yes, rules for turning apply at all locations**

Turning rules are the same whether you turn at an intersection, into a driveway or into an alley. (Turning, page 47)

**25. C: 25 mph**

When no limit is posted, the limit is 25 mph in any business or residential district. (Speed Limits, page 40)