

Arkansas State Police / DFA permit practice test 11

From the Arkansas Driver License Study Guide, Volume 1 – Edition 10. Free at permitpracticetestdmv.com/arkansas/

32 questions. Circle one answer for each. Answer key on the last pages. Name: _____

Score: ____ / 32

1. What three options do drivers have to avoid a collision?

- A. Brake, swerve, close eyes
- B. Reverse, stop, honk
- C. Honk, flash, wave
- D. Stop, turn, speed up

2. In an emergency stop with antilock brakes (ABS), what should you do?

- A. Press the brake pedal as hard as you can and keep pressing
- B. Release the pedal when it pushes back
- C. Use the parking brake
- D. Pump the brakes

3. Without ABS, what should you do if your brakes lock and the vehicle starts to skid?

- A. Turn sharply
- B. Shift to park
- C. Keep pressing hard
- D. Quickly let up on the brake pedal, then press again as soon as the skid stops

4. Which is generally better when avoiding a collision, according to the Arkansas guide?

- A. Closing your eyes
- B. Crashing head-on
- C. Running off the road
- D. Stopping in the lane

5. Your vehicle begins to skid. What should you do?

- A. Stay off the brake and steer in the direction you want the vehicle to go
- B. Accelerate hard
- C. Turn the wheel the opposite way and hold it
- D. Hit the brakes

6. What causes the vast majority of skids?

- A. Wind
- B. Bald tires
- C. Driving too fast for the conditions
- D. Bad brakes

7. After a crash in which injuries or property damage over \$1,000 occurred, what must the driver do in Arkansas?

- A. Notify the police immediately
- B. Only call insurance
- C. Nothing

D. Leave and call later

8. When must you report an Arkansas crash to the DFA Office of Driver Services?

- A. Only if police were not called
- B. Within 10 days for any damage
- C. Every crash
- D. If there is injury, death, or property damage over \$3,000 to one person's property, within 30 days

9. When should you move an injured crash victim?

- A. Only if they ask
- B. Never under any circumstances
- C. Always, to make them comfortable
- D. Only if they are trapped in a burning vehicle or in other immediate danger

10. What should you NOT give an injured person at a crash scene?

- A. Direct pressure on bleeding
- B. A blanket
- C. Anything to drink, even water
- D. Reassurance

11. After a crash, what should you do with the ignition of wrecked vehicles?

- A. Turn it off and do not smoke nearby
- B. Restart it to test
- C. Nothing
- D. Leave it running

12. How long does sending or reading a text take your eyes off the road, according to the Arkansas guide?

- A. 30 seconds
- B. 1 second
- C. About 5 seconds
- D. 15 seconds

13. Texting involves which three types of distraction?

- A. Manual, audio, and emotional
- B. Visual, manual, and cognitive
- C. Audio, visual, and physical
- D. Mental, social, and visual

14. Where should the lap portion of a seat belt fit?

- A. Behind the back
- B. Under the arm
- C. Across the abdomen
- D. Across the upper thighs

15. How should the shoulder strap of a seat belt be worn?

- A. Diagonally across the upper chest
- B. Under your arm
- C. Not at all if uncomfortable
- D. Behind your back

16. How should you hold the steering wheel for a sharp turn such as around a corner?

- A. Use your knee
- B. Palm the wheel with one hand
- C. Use the hand-over-hand technique
- D. Let it spin freely

17. How far should you sit from your driver air bag, measured from the steering wheel center to your breastbone?

- A. About 10 inches
- B. About 24 inches
- C. It doesn't matter
- D. 2 to 3 inches

18. At what tread depth are tires generally unsafe and in need of replacement, according to the Arkansas guide?

- A. 1/4 of an inch
- B. 1/2 of an inch
- C. 1/8 of an inch
- D. 1/16 of an inch

19. Why should you never let the engine idle in a closed garage?

- A. Exhaust fumes can cause death in a very short time
- B. It overheats the engine
- C. It is noisy
- D. It wastes gas

20. You approach a flashing yellow traffic light. What should you do?

- A. Stop completely and wait for green
- B. Slow down and proceed with caution
- C. Speed up to clear the intersection
- D. Treat it exactly like a stop sign

21. You are stopped at a steady red light and want to go straight. When may you proceed?

- A. After a full stop, if no cross traffic is coming
- B. Only after the light turns green and it is safe
- C. After waiting 30 seconds
- D. When a pedestrian waves you through

22. What colors are most warning signs, such as Slippery When Wet or Merging Traffic?

- A. Red with white letters
- B. White with black letters
- C. Green with white letters
- D. Yellow with black lettering or symbols

23. What are your emergency flashers (hazard lights) for?

- A. Warning other drivers of an emergency, a broken-down vehicle, or a car parked on the roadside
- B. Signaling a lane change
- C. Asking other drivers for the right-of-way
- D. Replacing headlights at dusk

24. How should you adjust the inside rearview mirror?

- A. So it shows the passengers in the back seat
- B. So it shows your blind spots
- C. So you can see the entire rear window by moving only your eyes
- D. Tilted down to show the road right behind the bumper

25. When steering to avoid a collision, where does the Arkansas guide say to place your hands on the wheel?

- A. At 10 o'clock and 2 o'clock
- B. Both hands at 12 o'clock
- C. One hand at 6 o'clock
- D. Wherever is comfortable, one hand is enough

26. When might speeding up be the best way to avoid a collision?

- A. Whenever a light turns yellow
- B. When a pedestrian is in the crosswalk
- C. When another vehicle is about to hit you from the side or behind and there is room ahead
- D. When the road is icy

27. Your car has no antilock brakes. How should you make a quick turn to avoid a crash?

- A. Brake hard and keep the brakes locked while turning
- B. Press the brake, let up, then turn the steering wheel
- C. Pull the parking brake and turn
- D. Accelerate hard while turning sharply

28. How often does the Arkansas guide suggest replacing windshield wiper blades?

- A. Every six months to a year, or as soon as visibility suffers
- B. Every five years
- C. Only when they break
- D. Every month

29. A car is about to pull into the street between you and the driveway where you plan to turn. When should you signal?

- A. Right away, so the car knows
- B. Wait until you have passed that car, then signal
- C. Don't signal at all

D. Signal only after you have turned

30. An Arkansas applicant 18 or older must bring which combination of identity documents to test?

- A. Two primary documents, or one primary and one secondary
- B. Three secondary documents
- C. One secondary document
- D. A W-2 form and a utility bill

31. You want to parallel park, and traffic is coming up behind you. What should you do?

- A. Stop suddenly and back into the space
- B. Signal, pull next to the space, and let traffic behind you pass before parking
- C. Double park until the road is clear
- D. Park without signaling to save time

32. You see a crash ahead that you were not involved in, and emergency help is already there. What should you do?

- A. Stop nearby to watch
- B. Pull onto the shoulder to take photos
- C. Keep moving carefully and watch for people near the road
- D. Drive up to the scene to offer help

Answer key: Arkansas practice test 11

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1. D: Stop, turn, speed up

In avoiding a collision, drivers have three options: stop, turn, and speed up. (Avoiding Collisions, page 90)

2. A: Press the brake pedal as hard as you can and keep pressing

With ABS, press the brake pedal as hard as you can and keep pressing; don't let up when the pedal pushes back. (Avoiding Collisions: Stopping, page 90)

3. D: Quickly let up on the brake pedal, then press again as soon as the skid stops

If the brakes lock, quickly let up on the pedal; as soon as the skid stops, push down again, repeating until stopped. (Avoiding Collisions: Stopping, page 90)

4. C: Running off the road

Generally, it is better to run off the road than crash head-on into another vehicle. (Avoiding Collisions: Turning, page 90)

5. A: Stay off the brake and steer in the direction you want the vehicle to go

Stay off the brake and turn the steering wheel in the direction you want the vehicle to go, correcting as it straightens. (Skids, page 91)

6. C: Driving too fast for the conditions

The vast majority of skids are caused by drivers traveling too fast for the conditions. (Skids, page 91)

7. A: Notify the police immediately

If anyone is injured or killed or property damage exceeds \$1,000, a driver must notify the police immediately. (Traffic Crashes, page 92)

8. D: If there is injury, death, or property damage over \$3,000 to one person's property, within 30 days

Report the accident to the Office of Driver Services if there is an injury, death, or property damage over \$3,000 to one person's property, within 30 days. (Keep a Record of Crash Information, page 93)

9. D: Only if they are trapped in a burning vehicle or in other immediate danger

Do not move the injured unless they are trapped in a burning vehicle or in another form of immediate danger. (Assisting the Injured, page 93)

10. C: Anything to drink, even water

Do not give the injured anything to drink, even water, until medical personnel arrive; cover them to prevent shock. (Assisting the Injured, page 93)

11. A: Turn it off and do not smoke nearby

Turn off the ignition of wrecked vehicles and do not smoke near them; fuel could have spilled. (Traffic Crashes, page 92)

12. C: About 5 seconds

Sending or reading a text takes your eyes off the road for 5 seconds; at 55 mph that's like driving the length of a football field blind. (What is Distracted Driving?, page 57)

13. B: Visual, manual, and cognitive

Texting or talking on a hand-held phone involves visual (eyes off road), manual (hands off wheel), and cognitive (mind off driving) distraction. (Dangerous Distractions, page 58)

14. D: Across the upper thighs

Adjust the lower strap so it fits across the upper thighs and not the abdominal region. (Operating the Motor Vehicle: Seat Belt, page 55)

15. A: Diagonally across the upper chest

Wear the diagonal belt across the upper chest; slipping it behind your back decreases its ability to protect you. (Operating the Motor Vehicle: Seat Belt, page 55)

16. C: Use the hand-over-hand technique

When executing a sharp turn, use the hand-over-hand technique; do not turn the wheel in the palm of your hand. (Steering the Vehicle, page 56)

17. A: About 10 inches

The risk zone is the first 2-3 inches of inflation; sitting 10 inches from the air bag gives a clear margin of safety. (Inspecting Your Vehicle: Vehicle Seats, page 94)

18. D: 1/16 of an inch

Tires are generally not safe and should be replaced when the tread is worn down to 1/16 of an inch. (Tires, page 96)

19. A: Exhaust fumes can cause death in a very short time

Fumes from a leaky exhaust can cause death in a very short time; never idle in a garage or enclosed area without an open window. (Exhaust System, page 96)

20. B: Slow down and proceed with caution

A flashing yellow light is a caution signal: slow down and go ahead carefully. A flashing red, not yellow, means stop first. (Flashing Lights, page 36)

21. B: Only after the light turns green and it is safe

A red light means stop, and you may not continue until the signal turns green and it is safe. Only right turns on red are allowed after a stop. (Traffic Control Signals, Signs, and Pavement Markings, page 35)

22. D: Yellow with black lettering or symbols

Warning signs are yellow with black words or symbols, and most are diamond-shaped. They alert you to a hazard or special situation ahead. (Roadway Signs: Warning Signs, page 39)

23. A: Warning other drivers of an emergency, a broken-down vehicle, or a car parked on the roadside

Hazard lights warn other drivers that something is wrong: an emergency, a breakdown, or a car stopped on the side of the road. (Emergency Flashers/Hazard Lights, page 64)

24. C: So you can see the entire rear window by moving only your eyes

Set the inside mirror to frame the whole rear window, so a glance with your eyes (not a head turn) is enough. Mirrors do not show your blind spots. (Inspecting Your Vehicle: Vehicle Mirrors, page 94)

25. A: At 10 o'clock and 2 o'clock

Grip the wheel with both hands at about the 10 and 2 o'clock positions so you can turn quickly and keep control afterward. (Avoiding Collisions: Turning, page 90)

26. C: When another vehicle is about to hit you from the side or behind and there is room ahead

Accelerating can get you out of danger if you are about to be hit from the side or rear and there is open space ahead. Slow down again once you are clear. (Avoiding Collisions: Accelerating, page 90)

27. B: Press the brake, let up, then turn the steering wheel

Without ABS, braking while turning can lock the wheels. Brake to slow and shift weight to the front tires, release the brake, and then steer. (Avoiding Collisions: Turning, page 90)

28. A: Every six months to a year, or as soon as visibility suffers

Wiper blades wear out. The guide suggests replacing them every six months to a year, or sooner if you notice you can't see as well. (Windshield and Wipers, page 95)

29. B: Wait until you have passed that car, then signal

If you signal too early, the other driver may think you are turning in front of them. Pass them first, then signal your turn. (Let Other Drivers Know Your Intentions, page 65)

30. A: Two primary documents, or one primary and one secondary

Adults need either two primary documents or one primary and one secondary, such as a U.S. birth certificate or passport plus a secondary ID. A W-2 is not accepted. (Accepted Identification List: Age 18 and Older, page 18)

31. B: Signal, pull next to the space, and let traffic behind you pass before parking

Signal early, pull alongside the space, and let following vehicles go by before you back in. This keeps you from being hit from behind. (The Safety Cushion: Traffic to the Rear, page 72)

32. C: Keep moving carefully and watch for people near the road

Don't stop at a crash unless you are involved or help has not arrived. Keep driving, watch for people in the road, and don't block rescue vehicles. (Traffic Crashes, page 92)