

Arkansas State Police / DFA permit practice test 4

From the Arkansas Driver License Study Guide, Volume 1 – Edition 10. Free at permitpracticetestdmv.com/arkansas/

25 questions. Circle one answer for each. Answer key on the last page. Name: _____ Score: _____ / 25

1. You are stopped at an intersection on a green light. What must you do before going?

- A. Allow opposing traffic already in the intersection to clear
- B. Honk first
- C. Wait for a green arrow
- D. Go immediately

2. What does a steady yellow light mean in Arkansas?

- A. Speed up to beat the red
- B. The signal is changing from green to red; stop if it is safe to do so
- C. Stop only if a police officer is present
- D. Proceed; yellow means go

3. What does a steady red arrow mean?

- A. Stop; you may not turn in the direction of the arrow
- B. Go straight only
- C. Turn right only
- D. Turn after yielding

4. What does a flashing yellow arrow mean?

- A. No turns
- B. Stop and wait
- C. Protected turn
- D. Left turns are permitted, but you must yield to oncoming traffic and pedestrians

5. What does a green arrow mean for left turns?

- A. The left turn is protected; opposing traffic must stop
- B. Turns are prohibited
- C. Proceed straight only
- D. You must yield to oncoming traffic

6. What does a steady yellow arrow mean?

- A. U-turn permitted
- B. The arrow is broken
- C. The signal is about to turn red; drivers turning left should stop if safe
- D. You may turn freely

7. A flashing red light is the same as:

- A. A yield sign
- B. A stop sign
- C. A green light
- D. A warning sign

8. When may you turn right on red in Arkansas?

- A. Without stopping if clear
- B. After a complete stop and check for traffic and pedestrians, unless a sign prohibits it
- C. Never
- D. Only with a green arrow

9. When turning right on red, where should your vehicle never be stopped?

- A. Within a crosswalk
- B. In the right lane
- C. Next to the curb
- D. Behind the stop line

10. Your view is blocked when you stop at a stop sign. What should you do?

- A. Honk and go
- B. Back up
- C. Go if you hear no cars
- D. Make a complete stop, then pull forward to see before proceeding

11. What does a speed limit sign indicate in Arkansas?

- A. A suggested speed only
- B. The speed for trucks only
- C. The speed that is always safe
- D. The minimum and maximum speed for that section; the maximum is for ideal conditions

12. If a county judge has not set a speed limit on an Arkansas county road, what is the limit?

- A. 55 mph
- B. 30 mph
- C. 35 mph
- D. 40 mph

13. What penalty can an Arkansas driver who fails to yield receive, according to the guide?

- A. Warning only
- B. Two points
- C. \$50 fine
- D. Fine up to \$1,000 and a 180-day license suspension

14. What does a reflective orange triangle bordered with red on the back of a vehicle mean?

- A. School bus
- B. Emergency vehicle
- C. The vehicle is traveling slower than the normal speed of traffic
- D. Hazardous materials

15. What shape are most warning signs?

- A. Octagon
- B. Diamond
- C. Circle
- D. Rectangle

16. A regulation sign has a red circle with a red slash over a symbol. What does it mean?

- A. The maneuver shown is recommended
- B. A warning ahead
- C. A detour
- D. The maneuver shown is prohibited

17. What does an EXEMPT sign at a railroad crossing mean?

- A. Cars are exempt from stopping always
- B. School buses must not cross
- C. Trains are exempt from stopping
- D. The crossing has been abandoned or its use discontinued

18. The railroad crossing gates start coming down as you begin to cross. What should you do?

- A. Stop under the gate
- B. Stop on the tracks
- C. Keep going, even if it means breaking the gate
- D. Back up quickly

19. Red lights are flashing at a crossing, but no train appears. What should you do?

- A. Cross carefully
- B. Do not cross
- C. Honk and cross
- D. Go around the gate

20. When crossing more than one set of railroad tracks, when should you cross?

- A. As soon as the first train passes
- B. Only when the train is well down the tracks and you have checked for another train
- C. Any time the gate is up
- D. Never

21. What is the purpose of the Emergency Notification System (ENS) sign at a railroad crossing?

- A. To mark the speed limit
- B. To show detours
- C. To show train times
- D. To give emergency contact information to reach the railroad and identify the crossing

22. Why should you avoid shifting gears in a manual-transmission vehicle while crossing railroad tracks?

- A. To avoid the possibility of an engine stall
- B. It damages the tracks
- C. It triggers the signals
- D. It is illegal

23. What do railroad pavement markings (an X with the letters RR) mean?

- A. A bus lane
- B. The crossing is closed
- C. The same as the advance warning sign
- D. A parking area

24. Which sign tells you how many tracks are at a crossing?

- A. The round advance warning sign
- B. A green guide sign
- C. An ENS sign
- D. A sign beneath the crossbuck with a number

25. According to the Arkansas guide's railroad safety tips, what should you always assume?

- A. A train could be coming
- B. Trains will stop for you
- C. Trains only run at night
- D. No train is coming if you haven't seen one there before

Answer key: Arkansas practice test 4

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1. A: Allow opposing traffic already in the intersection to clear

If stopped at a controlled intersection on green, you must allow opposing traffic already in the intersection to clear before proceeding. (Traffic Control Signals, Signs, and Pavement Markings, page 35)

2. B: The signal is changing from green to red; stop if it is safe to do so

A steady yellow means the signal is changing from green to red; stop if it is safe. If already stopped, you may not proceed. (Lighted Traffic Signals, page 35)

3. A: Stop; you may not turn in the direction of the arrow

A steady red arrow means stop; you may not turn in the direction of the arrow. (Lighted Arrows, page 36)

4. D: Left turns are permitted, but you must yield to oncoming traffic and pedestrians

A flashing yellow arrow means left turns are permitted, but you must yield to oncoming traffic and pedestrians. (Lighted Arrows, page 36)

5. A: The left turn is protected; opposing traffic must stop

A green arrow means you may turn in the direction of the arrow; left turns are protected and opposing traffic must stop. (Lighted Arrows, page 36)

6. C: The signal is about to turn red; drivers turning left should stop if safe

A steady yellow arrow means the signal is getting ready to turn red; drivers turning left should stop if it is safe. (Lighted Arrows, page 36)

7. B: A stop sign

A flashing red light is the same as a stop sign: stop completely, then proceed only when safe. (Flashing Lights, page 36)

8. B: After a complete stop and check for traffic and pedestrians, unless a sign prohibits it

Make a complete stop and check for opposing traffic and pedestrians; you may turn right on red unless a sign prohibits it. (Right on Red Rule, page 37)

9. A: Within a crosswalk

Always look for pedestrians and never block or stop your vehicle within a crosswalk. (Right on Red Rule, page 37)

10. D: Make a complete stop, then pull forward to see before proceeding

If obstacles block your view, make a complete stop and pull forward to see; proceed when safe. (Traffic Control Signs: Stop Signs, page 37)

11. D: The minimum and maximum speed for that section; the maximum is for ideal conditions

Speed limit signs show the minimum and maximum speeds; the maximum is for ideal conditions and should be reduced for slippery roads or poor visibility. (Speed Limit Sign, page 37)

12. D: 40 mph

If a county judge has not established a speed limit on a county road, the limit is 40 mph. (27-51-216. Speed Limits and Traffic-Control Devices on County Roads, page 38)

13. D: Fine up to \$1,000 and a 180-day license suspension

A driver who fails to yield could receive a fine of up to \$1,000 and suspension of their license for 180 days. (Yield Sign, page 38)

14. C: The vehicle is traveling slower than the normal speed of traffic

The slow-moving vehicle emblem warns that the vehicle is traveling slower than normal traffic speed. (Slow Moving Vehicle Sign, page 38)

15. B: Diamond

Warning signs are yellow with black lettering or symbols, and most are diamond-shaped. (Roadway Signs: Warning Signs, page 39)

16. D: The maneuver shown is prohibited

A red circle with a red slash over the symbol means the driver is prohibited from that maneuver, such as a turn or U-turn. (Regulation Signs, page 39)

17. D: The crossing has been abandoned or its use discontinued

An EXEMPT sign means the crossing has been abandoned or its use discontinued; follow your local procedure about stopping. (Railroad (Exempt) Signs, page 41)

18. C: Keep going, even if it means breaking the gate

If the gates begin to come down as you begin to cross, keep going even if it means you will break the gate. (Gates and Lights, page 41)

19. B: Do not cross

When the red lights are flashing, a train is present; even if they continue to flash and no train appears, do not cross. (Gates and Lights, page 41)

20. B: Only when the train is well down the tracks and you have checked for another train

Watch for additional trains and cross only when the train is well down the tracks. (Multiple Tracks, page 42)

21. D: To give emergency contact information to reach the railroad and identify the crossing

The ENS sign provides emergency contact information so the public can reach the railroad responsible and identify the specific crossing. (Emergency Notification Systems (ENS) at Highway-Rail Grade Crossings, page 41)

22. A: To avoid the possibility of an engine stall

It is wise not to shift gears when crossing the tracks to avoid the possibility of an engine stall. (Railroad Crossing Signs, page 40)

23. C: The same as the advance warning sign

Pavement markings mean the same as the advance warning sign: an X with RR, plus a no-passing marking on two-lane roads. (Pavement Markings (railroad), page 40)

24. D: A sign beneath the crossbuck with a number

When there is more than one set of tracks, a sign beneath the crossbuck shows a number indicating how many tracks are present. (Multiple Tracks, page 42)

25. A: A train could be coming

Always expect a train; never assume a train is not coming even if you haven't seen one at a particular crossing. (Safety Tips (railroad), page 42)