

Arkansas State Police / DFA permit practice test 9

From the Arkansas Driver License Study Guide, Volume 1 – Edition 10. Free at permitpracticetestdmv.com/arkansas/

25 questions. Circle one answer for each. Answer key on the last page. Name: _____ Score: _____ / 25

1. How should you pass a tractor-trailer?

- A. On the right, slowly
- B. Completely and on the left, without lingering alongside
- C. Between the truck and the shoulder
- D. Only uphill

2. Why does a tractor-trailer often appear to be moving slower than it is?

- A. Because of its large size
- B. Because trucks have governors
- C. Because of its color
- D. Because it is louder

3. What is the most common cause of collisions between cars and bicycles, according to the Arkansas guide?

- A. Cars backing out of driveways
- B. Bicycles running red lights
- C. A driver turning left in front of an oncoming bicycle or turning right across its path
- D. Bicycles riding at night

4. You are overtaking a bicycle on a two-lane road and an oncoming car is approaching. What should you do?

- A. Honk loudly at the bicycle
- B. Speed up
- C. Pass between the bicycle and the car
- D. Slow down and let the oncoming car pass before you pass the bicycle

5. You are about to pass a bicyclist on a narrow road who may not know you are there. What does the guide suggest?

- A. Blast your horn
- B. Tap your horn gently and briefly
- C. Flash your high beams
- D. Pass without warning

6. Why might a bicyclist ride toward the center of the lane when passing parked cars?

- A. They are being careless
- B. To avoid opening car doors and people getting out of cars
- C. To block traffic
- D. It is required at night

7. What does a red or orange pennant flag on a bicycle indicate in Arkansas?

- A. The rider has impaired hearing
- B. The bike is motorized
- C. The rider is turning
- D. The rider is a child

8. May a driver use a lane marked and signed for bicycles only as a turning or passing lane?

- A. Yes, at night
- B. Yes, to park
- C. Yes, when turning
- D. Never

9. Which side of the road must bicyclists ride on in Arkansas?

- A. The right-hand side, with other traffic
- B. Either side
- C. The center
- D. Facing oncoming traffic

10. According to research cited in the Arkansas guide, what fraction of car/motorcycle accidents result from a car driver turning in front of a motorcyclist?

- A. Nearly all
- B. About one-tenth
- C. About one-third
- D. Over two-thirds

11. What is the most common crash between cars and motorcycles?

- A. A motorcycle running a red light
- B. Sideswipe in a parking lot
- C. Rear-end collision on a highway
- D. A car turning left in front of a motorcycle at an intersection

12. What percentage of motorcycle crashes occur at intersections, according to the Arkansas guide?

- A. About 90%
- B. About 10%
- C. Over 40%
- D. About 75%

13. Why should you not trust a motorcycle's flashing turn signal?

- A. Motorcycles have no signals
- B. Motorcycle signals don't cancel automatically and riders forget them
- C. They are always accurate
- D. They flash only for stops

14. Should a car share a lane with a motorcycle?

- A. Only at slow speeds
- B. Only in the city
- C. Yes, if there is room
- D. No; the motorcycle is entitled to a full lane

15. What can strong wind gusts do to a motorcycle?

- A. Improve stability
- B. Nothing
- C. Move it across an entire lane
- D. Make it stop

16. Before turning at an intersection, what should you do to help avoid hitting a motorcycle?

- A. Rely on one quick look
- B. Take a second look for motorcycles, especially before left turns
- C. Flash your lights
- D. Turn quickly

17. Drivers crossing a sidewalk to enter or exit a driveway or parking lot must yield to:

- A. Other vehicles only
- B. Pedestrians
- C. No one
- D. Bicycles only

18. You must yield to pedestrians who are in or about to enter a crosswalk. Are all crosswalks marked?

- A. Only downtown
- B. Yes, always
- C. No; watch for pedestrians at intersections without marked crosswalks
- D. Only near schools

19. Why should you be especially careful of children on bicycles in residential areas?

- A. They may not use proper judgment and may make sudden moves
- B. They ride slowly
- C. They stay on sidewalks
- D. They always signal

20. At what alcohol concentration will an Arkansas driver be arrested for driving while intoxicated?

- A. 0.08% or more
- B. 0.10% or more
- C. 0.02%
- D. 0.04%

21. At what alcohol concentration can a driver under 21 be arrested for Underage Driving Under the Influence in Arkansas?

- A. 0.08%
- B. 0.00%
- C. 0.02%
- D. 0.05%

22. In Arkansas, if involved in a crash or a serious traffic offense, you can be charged with DWI at what BAC range?

- A. Only above 0.10%
- B. Under 0.02%
- C. Between 0.04% and 0.08%
- D. Only above 0.15%

23. What is the fine range for a first alcohol (DWI) conviction in Arkansas, according to the guide?

- A. \$1,000 to \$5,000
- B. \$5,000 to \$10,000
- C. \$50 to \$100
- D. \$150 to \$1,000

24. For a first Arkansas DWI conviction, how long could your license be suspended?

- A. 30 days
- B. 90 days
- C. 120 days
- D. One year

25. Who chooses which alcohol test (breath, urine, or saliva) you take in Arkansas?

- A. A doctor
- B. The driver
- C. The law enforcement officer
- D. A judge

Answer key: Arkansas practice test 9

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1. B: Completely and on the left, without lingering alongside

Always pass a tractor-trailer completely and on the left side; don't linger alongside. (Maneuverability, page 78)

2. A: Because of its large size

Because of its size, a tractor-trailer can appear to be traveling slower than it is; many car-truck collisions happen at intersections for this reason. (Maneuverability, page 78)

3. C: A driver turning left in front of an oncoming bicycle or turning right across its path

The most common cause is a driver turning left in front of an oncoming bicycle or turning right across the bicycle's path. (Safety Tips for Motor Vehicle Drivers, page 79)

4. D: Slow down and let the oncoming car pass before you pass the bicycle

Never pass between a bicyclist and oncoming vehicles; slow down, let the oncoming vehicle pass, then pass the bicycle. (Safety Tips for Motor Vehicle Drivers, page 79)

5. B: Tap your horn gently and briefly

Tap your horn gently and briefly; don't blast it or startle or intimidate the rider. (Safety Tips for Motor Vehicle Drivers, page 79)

6. B: To avoid opening car doors and people getting out of cars

Cyclists passing parked cars move toward the center to avoid people getting out of cars; give the cyclist the whole lane if possible. (Chapter 7: Sharing the Road with Bicycles and Motorcycles, page 79)

7. A: The rider has impaired hearing

A red or orange pennant flag on a bike indicates the rider has impaired hearing; slow down. (Residential Areas Are Danger Zones, page 80)

8. D: Never

If a lane is marked and signed for bicycle use only, drivers must never use it as a turning lane, passing lane or for parking. (Lane Positions for Bicycles, page 80)

9. A: The right-hand side, with other traffic

Bicycles must travel on the right-hand side of the road with other traffic and are not allowed to ride facing oncoming traffic. (Chapter 7: Sharing the Road with Bicycles and Motorcycles, page 79)

10. D: Over two-thirds

Research shows that over two-thirds of car/motorcycle accidents are the result of a car driver turning in front of a motorcyclist. (Sharing the Road with Motorcyclists, page 81)

11. D: A car turning left in front of a motorcycle at an intersection

The most common crash is at an intersection when a car driver makes a left turn in front of a motorcycle (failure to yield). (Situations When Crashes Are Most Likely to Occur: Left Turns, page 81)

12. C: Over 40%

Over 40% of all motorcycle crashes occur at intersections; nearly 60% of those were caused by other vehicles turning left in front of the motorcyclist. (Situations When Crashes Are Most Likely to Occur: Left Turns, page 81)

13. B: Motorcycle signals don't cancel automatically and riders forget them

Motorcycle signals don't automatically cancel and riders forget to turn them off; wait to see if the motorcycle turns. (Signal Your Intentions, page 82)

14. D: No; the motorcycle is entitled to a full lane

Allow the motorcyclist a full lane width; do not attempt to share the lane. (Respect a Motorcycle, page 82)

15. C: Move it across an entire lane

A strong gust of wind can move a motorcycle across an entire lane if the rider isn't prepared; gusts from large trucks can also be a hazard. (Situations When Crashes Are Most Likely to Occur: Strong Winds, page 81)

16. B: Take a second look for motorcycles, especially before left turns

Look twice for motorcyclists; always take a second look before turning at an intersection, especially when turning left. (How Can I Drive Aware?, page 81)

17. B: Pedestrians

Drivers crossing a sidewalk when entering or exiting a driveway, alley or parking lot must yield to pedestrians. (Intersections- Right of Way: Pedestrians, page 47)

18. C: No; watch for pedestrians at intersections without marked crosswalks

Not all crosswalks are marked; watch for pedestrians at intersections without marked crosswalks. (Crosswalks and Stop Lines, page 46)

19. A: They may not use proper judgment and may make sudden moves

Children are not capable of proper judgment in traffic; be alert for sudden movements and changes in direction. (Residential Areas Are Danger Zones, page 80)

20. A: 0.08% or more

You will be arrested for DWI with an alcohol concentration of 0.08% or more in the breath or blood. (Alcohol and the Law, page 86)

21. C: 0.02%

You can be arrested for Underage DUI if your alcohol concentration is 0.02%. (Alcohol and the Law, page 87)

22. C: Between 0.04% and 0.08%

If involved in a traffic crash or serious traffic offense, you can be charged with DWI with a BAC between 0.04% and 0.08%. (Alcohol and the Law, page 86)

23. D: \$150 to \$1,000

A first conviction carries a fine from \$150 to \$1,000 plus court costs, up to one year in jail, and a 120-day suspension. (Alcohol and the Law, page 86)

24. C: 120 days

Your license could be suspended for 120 days on a first conviction. (Alcohol and the Law, page 86)

25. C: The law enforcement officer

The law enforcement officer chooses which test to request; you are compelled by law to take it and can lose your license if you refuse. (Alcohol and the Law, page 86)