

Florida FLHSMV permit practice test 11

From the Official Florida Driver License Handbook (Class E). Free at permitpracticetestdmv.com/florida/

25 questions. Circle one answer for each. Answer key on the last page. Name: _____ Score: _____ / 25

1. If your vehicle goes into water, about how long will it float?

- A. 30-60 seconds
- B. 5-10 minutes
- C. 2-3 minutes
- D. 5 seconds

2. In a sinking car, what should you do first?

- A. Unbuckle your safety belt
- B. Call 911
- C. Wait for the car to fill with water
- D. Turn off the engine

3. Your vehicle breaks down. Where should you try to park it?

- A. With all four wheels out of the traffic lanes, where it can be seen for 200 feet in each direction
- B. In the right lane with hazards on
- C. On a curve so it is out of the way
- D. In the median

4. When your car is disabled on the roadside, how should passengers get out?

- A. On the side away from traffic
- B. On the traffic side
- C. They should stay inside with belts unbuckled
- D. Through the rear hatch only

5. How do you reach the Florida Highway Patrol from a cell phone?

- A. *FHP (*347)
- B. 911 only
- C. *511
- D. #77

6. If a crash is unavoidable, which is the better choice?

- A. Hit something not moving rather than a vehicle coming toward you
- B. Hit an oncoming vehicle rather than a tree
- C. Swerve into oncoming traffic rather than off the road
- D. Skid off the road rather than drive off it

7. When treating an injured person for shock, you should:

- A. Keep them calm, have them lie flat with legs raised, keep them warm, and give them nothing to drink
- B. Give them water
- C. Have them walk around
- D. Sit them upright and remove their jacket

8. At a crash scene, which injured person should you NOT move?

- A. Someone who may have a neck or spinal injury
- B. Someone with a cut hand
- C. Someone who is talking
- D. Someone sitting in a car

9. When power is out and traffic signals are dark, two cars arrive at the intersection at the same time. Who goes first?

- A. The driver on the right; the driver on the left yields
- B. The driver on the left
- C. The driver going straight
- D. The larger vehicle

10. At what blood or breath alcohol level will an adult driver's license be administratively suspended at the time of a DUI arrest?

- A. .08 or above
- B. .05 or above
- C. .10 or above
- D. .02 or above

11. A driver under 21 is stopped with a BAL of .02 or higher. What happens?

- A. The driving privilege is automatically suspended for six months
- B. A warning is issued
- C. A 30-day suspension
- D. Nothing unless the BAL is .08

12. A driver under 21 with a BAL of .05 or higher must also:

- A. Attend a substance abuse course
- B. Do 50 hours of community service
- C. Install an ignition interlock for 2 years
- D. Retake the knowledge test

13. What happens if you refuse a breath, blood or urine test for the first time when lawfully asked?

- A. Your license is automatically suspended for one year
- B. Nothing, if you are later found not guilty
- C. A six-month suspension
- D. A \$100 fine only

14. What is the penalty for a second refusal to take a breath, blood or urine test?

- A. An 18-month suspension and a first-degree misdemeanor
- B. A one-year suspension
- C. A six-month suspension
- D. A \$500 fine

15. By signing your Florida driver license, you have agreed to:

- A. Take breath, blood or urine tests if an officer has reasonable cause to believe you are impaired
- B. Pay all traffic fines in advance
- C. Carry a spare tire
- D. Never drive after midnight

16. For a first DUI conviction, what is the minimum license revocation?

- A. 180 days
- B. 30 days
- C. 90 days
- D. One year

17. What is the fine range for a first DUI conviction (BAL under .15, no minor in the vehicle)?

- A. \$500-\$1,000
- B. \$250-\$500
- C. \$1,000-\$2,000
- D. \$2,000-\$5,000

18. How many hours of community service come with a first DUI conviction?

- A. 50 hours
- B. 20 hours
- C. 100 hours
- D. 12 hours

19. How long does a DUI conviction remain on your Florida driving record?

- A. 75 years
- B. 10 years
- C. 5 years
- D. Until you turn 65

20. After drinking alcohol, which ability is affected first?

- A. Judgment
- B. Vision
- C. Hearing
- D. Muscle strength

21. How quickly does alcohol reach the brain after drinking?

- A. Within minutes
- B. After about two hours
- C. Only after a full meal
- D. After several hours

22. Taking an allergy or cold medicine and then having one drink can:

- A. Have the same effect as several drinks
- B. Cancel out the alcohol
- C. Make you more alert
- D. Have no effect

23. Driving while impaired by drugs, including prescription and over-the-counter medicine, is:

- A. Illegal and subject to the same penalties as alcohol impairment
- B. Legal if prescribed
- C. Legal for over-the-counter medicine
- D. Only a warning offense

24. If you are convicted of possessing, selling or trafficking drugs (including marijuana), what happens to your driver license?

- A. It must be suspended
- B. Nothing; it is a separate matter
- C. You get 4 points
- D. You must retake the road test

25. For a third DUI conviction, how long must an ignition interlock device be installed?

- A. At least two continuous years
- B. At least six months
- C. At least one year
- D. Five years

Answer key: Florida practice test 11

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1. A: 30-60 seconds

Your vehicle will only float on the surface for 30-60 seconds; get out immediately and call 911 only once you are out. (Submerged Vehicle, page 88)

2. A: Unbuckle your safety belt

Unbuckle your belt, roll the window down before the car sinks (or kick out a side window), and get out—don't call 911 until you are out. (Submerged Vehicle, page 88)

3. A: With all four wheels out of the traffic lanes, where it can be seen for 200 feet in each direction

Move the vehicle so all four wheels are out of traffic lanes and, if possible, where it can be seen for 200 feet in each direction; turn on hazard lights. (Breakdowns/Disabled Vehicles, page 86)

4. A: On the side away from traffic

Get all passengers out of the car on the side away from traffic. (Breakdowns/Disabled Vehicles, page 86)

5. A: *FHP (*347)

Call *FHP (*347) or 911 for help. (Breakdowns/Disabled Vehicles, page 86)

6. A: Hit something not moving rather than a vehicle coming toward you

It is better to hit something not moving than a vehicle moving toward you, to swerve off the road rather than into oncoming traffic, and to drive off rather than skid off the road. (Defensive Driving, page 83)

7. A: Keep them calm, have them lie flat with legs raised, keep them warm, and give them nothing to drink

Keep the person calm, give them nothing to drink, lay them flat with legs elevated, cover them to hold body heat and keep the airway open. (Treat For Shock, page 86)

8. A: Someone who may have a neck or spinal injury

Don't move an injured person who may have a neck or spinal injury, and don't remove an injured motorcycle or bicycle rider's helmet. (First Aid, page 86)

9. A: The driver on the right; the driver on the left yields

Treat it as a four-way stop; if vehicles arrive at the same time, the driver on the left yields to the driver on the right. (Power Outage, page 87)

10. A: .08 or above

Your license will be administratively suspended at arrest if you have a BAL of .08 or above, or refuse to submit to a breath/blood test. (Driving Under the Influence (DUI), page 33)

11. A: The driving privilege is automatically suspended for six months

Under Zero Tolerance, any driver under 21 with a BAL of .02 or higher automatically has their driving privilege suspended for six months. (Zero Tolerance, page 34)

12. A: Attend a substance abuse course

Any driver under 21 with a BAL of .05 or higher is required to attend a substance abuse course. (Zero Tolerance, page 34)

13. A: Your license is automatically suspended for one year

Under the Implied Consent Law, refusing the tests results in an automatic one-year suspension. (Implied Consent Law, page 34)

14. A: An 18-month suspension and a first-degree misdemeanor

A second refusal results in an 18-month suspension and a first-degree misdemeanor. (Implied Consent Law, page 34)

15. A: Take breath, blood or urine tests if an officer has reasonable cause to believe you are impaired

Under the Implied Consent Law, by signing your license you agree to take these tests if asked by an officer with reasonable cause. (Implied Consent Law, page 33)

16. A: 180 days

A first DUI conviction carries a minimum 180-day license revocation. (Penalties for DUI: First DUI Conviction, page 34)

17. A: \$500-\$1,000

The first-conviction fine is \$500-\$1,000 (not less than \$1,000 or more than \$2,000 if BAL .15+ or a minor is in the vehicle). (Penalties for DUI: First DUI Conviction, page 34)

18. A: 50 hours

A first DUI conviction includes 50 hours of community service. (Penalties for DUI: First DUI Conviction, page 34)

19. A: 75 years

A DUI conviction must remain on your driving record for 75 years. (Drinking & Driving, page 43)

20. A: Judgment

A person's judgment is the first thing affected after drinking an alcoholic beverage. (Drinking & Driving, page 43)

21. A: Within minutes

Alcohol passes from the stomach lining into the bloodstream and reaches the brain within minutes. (Drinking & Driving, page 43)

22. A: Have the same effect as several drinks

Mixing alcohol and drugs often multiplies their effects; one drink with allergy or cold medication can act like several drinks. (Drugged Driving, page 44)

23. A: Illegal and subject to the same penalties as alcohol impairment

Driving impaired by drugs is illegal and carries the same penalties as driving impaired by alcohol; DUI covers controlled substances, prescriptions and OTC medications. (Drugged Driving; Driving Under the Influence (DUI), page 44)

24. A: It must be suspended

Florida law says your driver license must be suspended if you are convicted of possessing, selling or trafficking drugs, including marijuana. (Zero Tolerance, page 34)

25. A: At least two continuous years

A third DUI conviction requires an ignition interlock device for at least two continuous years. (Penalties for DUI: Third DUI Offense, page 34)