

Georgia DDS permit practice test 10

From the Georgia Drivers' Manual. Free at permitpracticetestdmv.com/georgia/

25 questions. Circle one answer for each. Answer key on the last page. Name: _____ Score: _____ / 25

1. Does moving your car off the road after a minor crash make you at fault?

- A. Yes
- B. No; you will not be considered at fault simply for moving the vehicle
- C. Only if police were not called
- D. Only on interstates

2. At what blood alcohol concentration is a driver 21 or older considered 'under the influence' in Georgia?

- A. 0.02 or more
- B. 0.05 or more
- C. 0.08 or more
- D. 0.10 or more

3. At what BAC is a driver under 21 irrefutably considered under the influence in Georgia?

- A. 0.00
- B. 0.02 or more
- C. 0.04 or more
- D. 0.08 or more

4. Is having a prescription a defense if your medication impairs your driving?

- A. Yes, always
- B. No, a prescription is not a defense if the medication impairs your ability to drive safely
- C. Only for pain medicine
- D. Only if it was taken the day before

5. What are the maximum DUI penalties mentioned in the Georgia manual's Traffic Laws section?

- A. \$100 fine only
- B. Fines up to \$1,000, jail up to 12 months, and mandatory license suspension
- C. A warning for first offense
- D. Community service only

6. A driver under 21 with no prior listed convictions is convicted of a first DUI with a BAC of .02 but less than .08. What is the minimum suspension?

- A. 30 days
- B. 6 months
- C. 12 months
- D. 18 months

7. A driver under 21 is convicted of a first DUI with a BAC of .08 or more, or refused testing. What is the minimum suspension?

- A. 3 months
- B. 6 months
- C. 12 months
- D. 3 years

8. What is the minimum suspension for a second DUI conviction for a driver under 21?

- A. 6 months
- B. 12 months
- C. 18 months
- D. 5 years

9. What does Georgia's implied consent law require?

- A. You may refuse any test
- B. You must submit to state-administered chemical tests of blood, breath, urine or other substances when requested
- C. Only commercial drivers must be tested
- D. Tests require a warrant

10. What happens if you refuse state-administered chemical testing in Georgia?

- A. Nothing
- B. Your license is suspended for a minimum of one year and the refusal may be used at trial
- C. A \$50 fine
- D. You get a warning

11. After submitting to the state's chemical test, what are you entitled to?

- A. A free lawyer
- B. Additional tests at your own expense by qualified personnel of your choosing
- C. A refund of fines
- D. Nothing

12. How many points are assessed for possessing an open container of alcohol while driving?

- A. 1
- B. 2
- C. 3
- D. 4

13. Can a driver under 21 get a limited driving permit after a DUI conviction?

- A. Yes, always
- B. No; limited permits are not available for DUI convictions before age 21
- C. Only with a lawyer
- D. Only for school

14. A driver is declared a Habitual Violator after how many convictions of listed offenses (such as DUI) within 5 years?

- A. Two
- B. Three
- C. Four
- D. Five

15. Driving a commercial motor vehicle with a BAC of what level is a major violation that disqualifies a CDL for one year?

- A. .02 or higher
- B. .04 or higher
- C. .08 or higher
- D. .10 or higher

16. Who must wear a seat belt in a passenger vehicle in Georgia?

- A. Only the driver
- B. All front-seat occupants, and all occupants under 18 in any seat
- C. Only children
- D. Only on highways

17. Georgia has a 'primary' seat belt law. What does that mean?

- A. Only the driver must buckle up
- B. Officers may stop and cite violators without seeing another violation
- C. Seat belts are optional
- D. Belts are checked at inspection

18. By how much do seat belts reduce the risk of fatality in a crash, according to GDOT?

- A. About 10%
- B. About 25%
- C. About 45%
- D. About 90%

19. Children under what age must ride in an appropriate child passenger restraint system in Georgia?

- A. Under 4
- B. Under 6
- C. Under 8
- D. Under 12

20. Under Georgia's Hands-Free law, which is allowed while driving?

- A. Holding a phone to your ear
- B. Using a phone with a mounted holder or wireless headset
- C. Reading a text message
- D. Watching a video

21. What is the penalty for a first conviction under Georgia's Hands-Free law?

- A. Warning only
- B. 1 point and a fine up to \$50
- C. 2 points and \$100
- D. License suspension

22. Is it legal to drive while wearing a headset that impairs your hearing in Georgia?

- A. Yes
- B. No, it is unlawful
- C. Only in one ear
- D. Only on highways

23. Going downhill, may you coast with the transmission in neutral?

- A. Yes, to save fuel
- B. No, coasting in neutral down a hill is prohibited
- C. Only in an automatic
- D. Only on short hills

24. May people ride in a house trailer while it is being towed on a Georgia highway?

- A. Yes, if belted
- B. No, it is not allowed
- C. Only adults
- D. Only under 45 mph

25. What is the maximum fine for littering in Georgia under the Litter Control Law?

- A. \$100
- B. \$500
- C. \$1,000 and up to 12 months in jail
- D. \$5,000

Answer key: Georgia practice test 10

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1. B: No; you will not be considered at fault simply for moving the vehicle

Drivers who move their vehicles in this situation are not considered at fault simply because they moved them. (Moving Vehicles Following a Crash, page 51)

2. C: 0.08 or more

A person 21 or older is considered under the influence with 0.08 grams or more of alcohol in the blood. (Driving Under the Influence of Drugs or Alcohol, page 24)

3. B: 0.02 or more

A person under 21 is irrefutably considered under the influence at 0.02 grams or more. (Driving Under the Influence of Drugs or Alcohol, page 24)

4. B: No, a prescription is not a defense if the medication impairs your ability to drive safely

Having a prescription is not a defense if the medication impairs your ability to safely operate a vehicle. (Driving Under the Influence of Drugs or Alcohol, page 24)

5. B: Fines up to \$1,000, jail up to 12 months, and mandatory license suspension

DUI penalties are severe: fines up to \$1,000, jail up to 12 months and mandatory suspension of driving privileges. (Driving Under the Influence of Drugs or Alcohol, page 24)

6. B: 6 months

With a BAC of .02 to less than .08 (or no test given), the minimum suspension is 6 months (12 months with a prior listed conviction). (Convictions for Driving Under the Influence of Drugs or Alcohol (DUI), page 28)

7. C: 12 months

A BAC of .08 or greater or refusing testing results in a minimum 12-month suspension, with no limited permit. (Convictions for Driving Under the Influence of Drugs or Alcohol (DUI), page 28)

8. C: 18 months

A second DUI brings a minimum 18-month suspension, with ignition interlock permit eligibility after 120 days. (Convictions for Driving Under the Influence of Drugs or Alcohol (DUI), page 28)

9. B: You must submit to state-administered chemical tests of blood, breath, urine or other substances when requested

Georgia law requires you to submit to state-administered chemical tests to determine if you are under the influence. (Implied Consent, page 48)

10. B: Your license is suspended for a minimum of one year and the refusal may be used at trial

Refusal brings a suspension of at least one year, and refusal of blood or urine testing may be offered as evidence. (Implied Consent, page 48)

11. B: Additional tests at your own expense by qualified personnel of your choosing

After the required state tests, you may obtain additional chemical tests at your own expense from personnel you choose. (Implied Consent, page 48)

12. B: 2

Possessing an open container of an alcoholic beverage while driving is a 2-point violation. (Violations and Points Demerited, page 48)

13. B: No; limited permits are not available for DUI convictions before age 21

Limited driving permits are not available for DUI convictions prior to age 21. (Limited Driving Permits, page 49)

14. B: Three

A driver is declared a Habitual Violator upon a third conviction of any combination of listed offenses within 5 years. (Mandatory Revocations, page 49)

15. B: .04 or higher

Driving a CMV with a BAC of .04 or higher is a major traffic violation (one-year disqualification). (Major Traffic Violations, page 50)

16. B: All front-seat occupants, and all occupants under 18 in any seat

Each front-seat occupant must be belted, and all occupants under 18 must use a seat belt. (Safety Belts, page 25)

17. B: Officers may stop and cite violators without seeing another violation

A primary law means officers can stop and cite violators without observing another violation. (Safety Belts, page 25)

18. C: About 45%

GDOT reports the risk of fatality is reduced by about 45% when seat belts are used. (Safety Belts, page 25)

19. C: Under 8

Every driver transporting a child under eight must properly restrain the child in a restraint appropriate for height and weight. (Safety Restraints for Children, page 25)

20. B: Using a phone with a mounted holder or wireless headset

Drivers may not hold or support a phone; it may only be used with headphones, wireless devices or a mount. (Texting & Cell Phones, page 26)

21. B: 1 point and a fine up to \$50

First conviction: 1 point and a fine of no more than \$50; second: 2 points and \$100; third or more: 3 points and \$150. (Texting & Cell Phones, page 26)

22. B: No, it is unlawful

It is unlawful to drive while wearing a headphone, headset or other device that impairs your ability to hear. (Impaired Hearing and Vision, page 24)

23. B: No, coasting in neutral down a hill is prohibited

When traveling down a hill, you must not coast with the gears or transmission in neutral. (Coasting, page 24)

24. B: No, it is not allowed

Riding in a house trailer or other towed trailer on a street or highway is not allowed. (Riding in Trailers, page 24)

25. C: \$1,000 and up to 12 months in jail

Littering is a misdemeanor punishable by a fine up to \$1,000 and a 12-month jail term; a judge can order litter pickup. (Georgia's Litter Control Law, page 25)