

Georgia DDS permit practice test 11

From the Georgia Drivers' Manual. Free at permitpracticetestdmv.com/georgia/

28 questions. Circle one answer for each. Answer key on the last page. Name: _____ Score: _____ / 28

1. If you are parked on the street, from which side should you enter your car?

- A. The traffic side
- B. The curb side, if possible
- C. Either side
- D. The passenger side only after dark

2. When should you fasten your seat belt?

- A. After pulling into traffic
- B. Before starting the ignition
- C. Only on highways
- D. After adjusting the radio

3. As a general rule, where should your hands be on the steering wheel?

- A. 12 and 6 o'clock
- B. 9 and 3 o'clock (some manufacturers recommend 8 and 4 with airbags)
- C. One hand at the top
- D. 10 and 2 only

4. Using the penny test, your tread is too worn if:

- A. Lincoln's head is partly covered
- B. You can see all of Lincoln's head (tread is below about 2/32 inch)
- C. The penny falls out
- D. The tread is black

5. Idling a vehicle for how long uses more fuel than restarting the engine?

- A. 2 seconds
- B. 10 seconds
- C. 1 minute
- D. 5 minutes

6. What does Georgia law say about distracted driving?

- A. Nothing
- B. Drivers must exercise due care and any action that distracts from safe operation is prohibited
- C. Only texting is prohibited
- D. Eating is required to be done stopped

7. It is unlawful to open a vehicle door on the traffic side unless:

- A. You signal first
- B. It is safe and can be done without interfering with traffic, including bicyclists
- C. You are parked legally
- D. It is daytime

8. On an expressway, who has the right of way when you merge from the acceleration lane?

- A. You do
- B. Vehicles already on the expressway
- C. Whoever is faster
- D. Trucks

9. When slowing in the traffic lane before an exit, how should you warn drivers behind you?

- A. Flash high beams
- B. Use brake lights or a turn signal
- C. Use the horn
- D. Stop suddenly

10. Which of these is considered an emergency that allows stopping on an expressway shoulder?

- A. Switching drivers
- B. A vehicle breakdown
- C. Stretching
- D. Getting something from the back seat

11. What does the manual suggest to fight 'highway hypnosis' on long expressway trips?

- A. Take stay-awake drugs
- B. Exercise your eyes by shifting focus near and far, left and right
- C. Stare at the center line
- D. Drive faster

12. In the 13-county metro Atlanta area, which vehicles must pass an emissions inspection every year?

- A. All vehicles
- B. Gasoline cars and light trucks less than 25 model years old (newest three model years exempt)
- C. Only diesel trucks
- D. Only vehicles over 10 years old

13. How should you approach an intersection to make a right turn?

- A. From the center lane
- B. In the right lane, as close as practicable to the curb or edge of the road
- C. From the left lane
- D. Swinging wide to the left first

14. After a right turn, which lane should you end up in?

- A. Any lane
- B. The right lane of the street you turned onto
- C. The center lane
- D. The left lane

15. If there are multiple turning lanes, where should your vehicle end up after the turn?

- A. In the far right lane
- B. In the corresponding lane on the street you turn onto
- C. In any lane
- D. In the far left lane

16. For a left turn, which lane should you move into before turning?

- A. The far right lane
- B. The far left lane in your direction or the turning lane if provided
- C. The center turn lane of the opposite direction
- D. Any lane

17. On a multi-lane, two-way highway, when may you drive to the left of the center line?

- A. When passing
- B. Only when making a left turn (or when signs or signals allow)
- C. Whenever traffic is light
- D. Never

18. What does a Diverging Diamond Interchange (DDI) do?

- A. Adds traffic lights to every ramp
- B. Shifts traffic to the opposite side of the road so vehicles can turn left onto the on-ramp without stopping
- C. Creates a roundabout
- D. Closes left turns

19. Who may change Georgia's general speed limits based on local conditions?

- A. Only the governor
- B. Local jurisdictions, the Georgia DOT or the Department of Public Safety
- C. Drivers
- D. Insurance companies

20. If a work zone speed limit is not reduced, what should you do?

- A. Drive faster to get through
- B. Obey the normal posted limit but be more cautious of conditions, lane position and workers
- C. Drive 10 mph under any posted sign
- D. Ignore lane closures

21. What are black-and-orange speed signs in a work zone?

- A. Regulatory limits
- B. Advisory speeds, used with warning signs
- C. Minimum speeds
- D. Truck speeds

22. Which is one of the four work zone driving tips in the Georgia manual?

- A. Speed up to clear the zone
- B. Watch for speed limit signs; fines are increased in most work zones
- C. Change lanes often
- D. Use high beams

23. Which behavior counts as aggressive driving in Georgia?

- A. Driving at the speed limit
- B. Driving with intent to annoy, harass, intimidate or obstruct another person, such as tailgating or blocking
- C. Using turn signals
- D. Driving slowly in the right lane

24. Which of these is considered racing on highways in Georgia?

- A. Passing a slow truck
- B. Trying to prevent another driver from passing by accelerating, or competing against time
- C. Merging onto an interstate
- D. Driving at the speed limit

25. What is the license penalty for a first conviction of reckless stunt driving within 5 years?

- A. Warning
- B. 12-month suspension, eligible for early reinstatement after 120 days
- C. Permanent revocation
- D. 30-day suspension

26. What happens after a third reckless stunt driving conviction within 5 years?

- A. One-year suspension
- B. Habitual Violator revocation with no limited permit
- C. A fine only
- D. Points only

27. What is the penalty for reckless driving in Georgia (besides points)?

- A. A \$50 fine
- B. Up to \$1,000 fine and up to 12 months in jail; under 21, suspension of all driving privileges
- C. Community service only
- D. Loss of vehicle

28. Which defensive-driving habit does the Georgia manual recommend on expressways?

- A. Trust other drivers' turn signals
- B. Always think about an 'escape route' and never assume what other drivers will do
- C. Stare at the center line
- D. Stay in other drivers' blind spots

Answer key: Georgia practice test 11

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1. B: The curb side, if possible

If parked on the street, enter from the curb side; if not possible, wait until you can enter safely. (Entering the Car, page 39)

2. B: Before starting the ignition

Before starting the ignition, fasten your seat belt and make sure passengers do the same. (Entering the Car, page 39)

3. B: 9 and 3 o'clock (some manufacturers recommend 8 and 4 with airbags)

Place the left hand at 9 o'clock and right at 3 o'clock; some manufacturers recommend 8 and 4 for airbag-equipped vehicles. (Steering, page 39)

4. B: You can see all of Lincoln's head (tread is below about 2/32 inch)

If part of Lincoln's head is covered, tread is adequate; below about 2/32 inch, grip in bad conditions is greatly reduced. (Tire Pressure, page 39)

5. B: 10 seconds

Idling for 10 seconds consumes more fuel than restarting the engine. (Idling Engines, page 42)

6. B: Drivers must exercise due care and any action that distracts from safe operation is prohibited

Georgia law requires due care and prohibits any action that distracts the driver from safely operating the vehicle. (Distracted Driving, page 25)

7. B: It is safe and can be done without interfering with traffic, including bicyclists

Opening a door on the traffic side is prohibited unless it is safe and doesn't interfere with traffic, including bicyclists near parked cars. (Opening Vehicle Doors, page 24)

8. B: Vehicles already on the expressway

Vehicles on the expressway have the right of way; adjust speed in the acceleration lane and merge when safe. (Entering Expressways, page 41)

9. B: Use brake lights or a turn signal

Use brake lights or a turn signal to indicate a change in speed when slowing in the travel lane before an exit. (Exiting Expressways, page 41)

10. B: A vehicle breakdown

Stopping on the shoulder is permitted only in an emergency; switching drivers, stretching or getting items are not emergencies. (Tips For Expressway Driving, page 42)

11. B: Exercise your eyes by shifting focus near and far, left and right

Keep shifting your eyes from one area to another; do not rely on stimulant drugs. (Tips For Expressway Driving, page 42)

12. B: Gasoline cars and light trucks less than 25 model years old (newest three model years exempt)

Gasoline cars and light-duty trucks less than 25 model years old must pass yearly, except the three newest model years. (Protecting the Air, page 42)

13. B: In the right lane, as close as practicable to the curb or edge of the road

Approach a right turn in the right lane, as close as practicable to the curb or edge of the roadway. (How To Make A Right Turn, page 20)

14. B: The right lane of the street you turned onto

Make the turn so you end up in the right lane of the new street without entering another lane. (How To Make A Right Turn, page 20)

15. B: In the corresponding lane on the street you turn onto

With multiple turning lanes, complete the turn into the corresponding lane on the street you are entering. (How To Make A Left Turn, page 20)

16. B: The far left lane in your direction or the turning lane if provided

Move into the far left lane of your direction of travel, or into the turning lane if one is provided. (How To Make A Left Turn, page 20)

17. B: Only when making a left turn (or when signs or signals allow)

On a multi-lane, two-way highway, never drive left of the center line except to make a left turn or when authorized by signs or signals. (Making Turns on Multi-Lane Highways, page 21)

18. B: Shifts traffic to the opposite side of the road so vehicles can turn left onto the on-ramp without stopping

A DDI shifts traffic to the opposite side of the road, letting drivers turn left onto the freeway ramp without stopping. (Diverging Diamond Interchange, page 40)

19. B: Local jurisdictions, the Georgia DOT or the Department of Public Safety

Local jurisdictions, GDOT or the Department of Public Safety may adjust speed limits, temporarily or permanently. (Speed Limits, page 22)

20. B: Obey the normal posted limit but be more cautious of conditions, lane position and workers

If the limit isn't reduced, obey the normal posted limit and use extra caution about conditions, lane position and workers. (Reduce Your Speed, page 23)

21. B: Advisory speeds, used with warning signs

Advisory speed limits in work zones are black and orange and used with warning signs; official limits use black and white signs. (Reduce Your Speed, page 23)

22. B: Watch for speed limit signs; fines are increased in most work zones

Reduce speed, watch for speed limit signs (fines are increased in most work zones), adjust lane position away from workers, and expect the unexpected. (Work Zone Driving Tips, page 23)

23. B: Driving with intent to annoy, harass, intimidate or obstruct another person, such as tailgating or blocking

Aggressive driving is operating a vehicle with intent to annoy, harass, molest, intimidate, injure or obstruct, such as tailgating or cutting in front. (Aggressive Driving, page 24)

24. B: Trying to prevent another driver from passing by accelerating, or competing against time

Racing includes two or more people competing, preventing another driver from passing by acceleration or maneuver, or racing against time. (Racing, page 24)

25. B: 12-month suspension, eligible for early reinstatement after 120 days

A first conviction within 5 years brings a 12-month suspension with early reinstatement possible at 120 days. (Drag Racing/Reckless Stunt Driving, page 24)

26. B: Habitual Violator revocation with no limited permit

A third conviction within 5 years results in Habitual Violator revocation with no limited permit available. (Drag Racing/Reckless Stunt Driving, page 24)

27. B: Up to \$1,000 fine and up to 12 months in jail; under 21, suspension of all driving privileges

Reckless driving can bring up to \$1,000 and up to 12 months in jail, and a suspension for drivers under 21. (Reckless Driving, page 24)

28. B: Always think about an 'escape route' and never assume what other drivers will do

Never trust other drivers to do what you expect; keep your eyes moving and plan an escape route. (Tips For Expressway Driving, page 42)