

Hawaii HDOT permit practice test 2

From the Official Hawaii Driver's Manual. Free at permitpracticetestdmv.com/hawaii/

25 questions. Circle one answer for each. Answer key on the last page. Name: _____ Score: _____ / 25

1. How soon before expiration can you renew a Hawaii driver's license?

- A. Any time
- B. Within six months
- C. Within one year
- D. Within 30 days

2. Is there a grace period after a Hawaii driver's license expires?

- A. No, every license is void after the expiration date
- B. Yes, 60 days
- C. Yes, one year
- D. Yes, 30 days

3. What test must you pass before your Hawaii license is renewed?

- A. No test
- B. A road test
- C. A vision test
- D. A written test

4. How often may you renew your Hawaii license by mail?

- A. Once; you must appear before the examiner every other renewal
- B. Twice in a row
- C. Every time
- D. Never

5. What must you bring to the Hawaii driver performance (road) test?

- A. A rental car only
- B. Two passengers
- C. Only your permit
- D. A licensed driver to accompany you and a safe vehicle with current registration, safety inspection certificate and insurance card

6. May passengers ride along during your Hawaii road test?

- A. No, passengers are not permitted
- B. Only an interpreter
- C. Only a parent
- D. Yes, one adult

7. Can you use an autocycle for the Hawaii Category 3 road test?

- A. Only in rural counties
- B. No, even though you may drive one with a Category 3 license
- C. Only with permission
- D. Yes

8. Which skill is part of the Hawaii Category 3 road test?

- A. Highway merging at 60 mph
- B. Putting the vehicle in motion on a slight grade without rolling backwards
- C. Changing a tire
- D. Driving in fog

9. What do you need to legally operate a moped on Hawaii's public roads?

- A. Nothing
- B. A bicycle permit
- C. A driver's license of any category
- D. A motorcycle license only

10. A moped in Hawaii has a motor no larger than:

- A. Five horsepower
- B. Two horsepower
- C. 50cc only
- D. One horsepower

11. What must you do with your license while driving in Hawaii?

- A. Have it with you at all times and show it to a police officer on demand
- B. Keep it at home
- C. Keep it in the trunk
- D. Show it only in a crash

12. What are the two types of traffic citations in Hawaii?

- A. Parking and moving
- B. Traffic infractions (less serious) and traffic crimes (serious)
- C. Civil and federal
- D. Warnings and tickets

13. Which equipment is illegal on a private vehicle in Hawaii?

- A. Fog lights
- B. A third brake light
- C. A red light showing from the front or a blue light visible outside
- D. Tinted rear windows

14. How often must most Hawaii vehicles pass a Periodic Motor Vehicle Inspection (safety inspection)?

- A. Every two years
- B. Only when sold
- C. Every six months
- D. At least once a year

15. What document is required to pass a Hawaii safety inspection?

- A. A bill of sale
- B. A Hawaii state automobile insurance identification card
- C. A smog certificate
- D. A driver's license

16. According to the Hawaii manual, tires should be replaced when the tread is less than:

- A. 1/16 inch
- B. 1/8 inch
- C. 1/4 inch
- D. 1/32 inch

17. How often should you check your tires, per the Hawaii manual?

- A. Every week
- B. Only at inspection
- C. Once a year
- D. At least once a month

18. With power steering (engine running), what is the maximum free play your steering wheel should have?

- A. Four inches
- B. Two inches
- C. Three inches
- D. One inch

19. Your turn signals stop working. What should you do until they are repaired?

- A. Use hand signals
- B. Flash headlights
- C. Don't signal
- D. Use hazard lights to turn

20. Who must wear seat belts under Hawaii law?

- A. Only passengers under 18
- B. Front seat occupants only
- C. Only the driver
- D. All front and back seat occupants

21. Under the Hawaii manual, children under what age must ride in a child restraint?

- A. Under 6
- B. Under 8
- C. Under 4
- D. Under 2

22. Within how many days must you notify the county after changing the address on your vehicle registration?

- A. 30 days
- B. 15 days
- C. 60 days

D. 10 days

23. Which vehicles in Hawaii display a license plate only on the rear?

- A. Cars
- B. Trucks
- C. Motorcycles, trailers and semi-trailers
- D. All vehicles

24. According to the crash statistics in the Hawaii manual, which age group has the fewest crashes?

- A. 25 to 30
- B. Over 75
- C. 50 to 54
- D. Under 20

25. If you are worried, angry or upset, what does the Hawaii manual recommend?

- A. Drive faster to get home
- B. Let someone else drive
- C. Drive only on highways
- D. Turn up the radio

Answer key: Hawaii practice test 2

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1. B: Within six months

Your license can be renewed within six months before the expiration date. (License Renewal, page 15)

2. A: No, every license is void after the expiration date

Every Hawaii license is void after the expiration date; there is no grace period. You may renew within a year after expiration, otherwise follow the original license procedure. (License Renewal, page 15)

3. C: A vision test

Before your license is renewed, you must pass a vision test. (License Renewal, page 15)

4. A: Once; you must appear before the examiner every other renewal

You may renew once by mail but must present yourself before the examiner every other renewal. (License Renewal, page 15)

5. D: A licensed driver to accompany you and a safe vehicle with current registration, safety inspection certificate and insurance card

You must be accompanied by a licensed driver and provide a safe vehicle with current registration, safety inspection certificate and insurance identification card. (Driver Performance Test, page 15)

6. A: No, passengers are not permitted

Passengers are not permitted during the test, and you won't be asked to violate any laws. (Driver Performance Test, page 15)

7. B: No, even though you may drive one with a Category 3 license

Although you may drive an autocycle with a category 3 license, you may not use one for the category 3 performance test. (Driver Performance Test, page 15)

8. B: Putting the vehicle in motion on a slight grade without rolling backwards

You must demonstrate driving through a business district, parallel parking, signaling, turning, starting and stopping, and starting on a slight grade without rolling back. (Light Motor Vehicle Test (Category 3 License), page 15)

9. C: A driver's license of any category

Any category of driver's license lets you ride a moped on public roads; if you have no license, you can get a Category 1 (moped) license. (Driver's License for Mopeds, page 17)

10. B: Two horsepower

Hawaii treats a two- or three-wheeled device as a moped when its motor is two horsepower or smaller. (Driver's License for Mopeds, page 17)

11. A: Have it with you at all times and show it to a police officer on demand

Whenever you drive a car or ride a moped you must carry a valid license and hand it to a police officer who asks for it. (License Display, page 17)

12. B: Traffic infractions (less serious) and traffic crimes (serious)

The less serious 'traffic infraction' is handled civilly; a 'traffic crime' may bring jail and requires a court appearance. (Traffic Citations, page 17)

13. C: A red light showing from the front or a blue light visible outside

A red light showing from the front or a blue light visible outside is prohibited except on authorized emergency vehicles, as are sirens and loud mufflers. (Illegal Equipment, page 18)

14. D: At least once a year

All vehicles must be inspected at least once a year; ambulances every six months, and new vehicles not until two years after first sale. (Safety Inspection of Vehicles, page 18)

15. B: A Hawaii state automobile insurance identification card

A Hawaii state automobile insurance identification card is required to pass the inspection. (Safety Inspection of Vehicles, page 18)

16. A: 1/16 inch

Replace tires that have less than 1/16 inch of tread; use the Lincoln penny test. (Vehicle Condition and Maintenance: Tires, page 20)

17. D: At least once a month

Check tires at least once a month for pressure, wear, cuts and bulges. (Vehicle Condition and Maintenance: Tires, page 20)

18. B: Two inches

No more than two inches of free play with power steering, or 3 inches without power steering. (Vehicle Condition and Maintenance: Steering, page 20)

19. A: Use hand signals

If directional signals fail, use hand signals until you can have them repaired. (Vehicle Condition and Maintenance: Directional Signals, page 19)

20. D: All front and back seat occupants

Hawaii's seat belt law (HRS 291-11.6) covers everyone in the vehicle, in the front seat and the back seat alike. (Vehicle Condition and Maintenance: Safety Belts, page 20)

21. C: Under 4

Children under age 4 must be in a child restraint; older children under 8 may need a booster seat. (Vehicle Condition and Maintenance: Safety Belts, page 20)

22. A: 30 days

The registered owner must notify the county agency in writing within thirty days after an address change. (Change of Address or Name on the Motor Vehicle Certificate of Registration, page 21)

23. C: Motorcycles, trailers and semi-trailers

Motorcycles, trailers and semi-trailers display a rear plate; all other vehicles need front and rear plates. (Display of License Plates, page 23)

24. C: 50 to 54

Drivers about 50 to 54 have the fewest crashes; the youngest drivers have about twice as many as expected. (Driver Age and Crashes, page 24)

25. B: Let someone else drive

Worry and safe driving do not mix. If worried, ill, nervous, angry or depressed, let someone else drive. (Emotional Aspects of Driving, page 24)