

Kentucky KSP / KYTC permit practice test 12

From the Kentucky Driver Manual. Free at permitpracticetestdmv.com/kentucky/

15 questions. Circle one answer for each. Answer key on the last page. Name: _____ Score: _____ / 15

1. What should you do after an officer indicates the traffic stop is finished?

- A. Pull out immediately
- B. Make a U-turn
- C. Follow the officer
- D. Wait for the officer to return to their vehicle, then signal and re-enter traffic safely

2. What should you do if you see your brake warning light on before driving?

- A. Ignore it
- B. Drive carefully
- C. Pump the brakes
- D. Do not drive

3. How should you steer quickly around a problem (swerve)?

- A. With one hand
- B. With a good grip on both hands, steer where you want to go, then steer back to straighten
- C. Close your eyes
- D. Brake hard while turning

4. When should you increase your following distance beyond 4 seconds?

- A. Never
- B. When following large vehicles, at night, in bad weather or behind vehicles that stop at railroad crossings
- C. On dry, empty roads
- D. Only on interstates

5. Why is it dangerous to stay alongside another vehicle while passing?

- A. It wastes fuel
- B. It slows traffic
- C. It's illegal
- D. The longer you stay, the longer you're in danger of it moving into your lane

6. Where is it dangerous to pass because others may enter or cross the road?

- A. Interstates
- B. Crossroads, business areas, school zones, parks and pedestrian crossings
- C. Passing lanes
- D. Straight rural roads

7. How can you help keep the driver behind you at a safe distance?

- A. Turn on hazards
- B. Brake often to warn them
- C. Keep a steady speed, signal in advance and keep more space in front before slowing
- D. Speed up

8. Where should you avoid driving relative to another vehicle?

- A. Directly behind at 4 seconds
- B. With a space cushion
- C. On either side slightly to the rear, in their blind spot
- D. In the center of your lane

9. When should you use your horn with a light tap?

- A. When a pedestrian or bicyclist seems to be moving into your lane
- B. To greet friends
- C. To express anger
- D. Near blind pedestrians

10. Does turning on your turn signal give you the right-of-way?

- A. Only on highways
- B. Yes
- C. Only for left turns
- D. No

11. What should you never hang from your rearview mirror or place on your windshield?

- A. Nothing; anything is allowed
- B. Objects or decals that block your vision
- C. A toll tag
- D. An inspection sticker

12. Can you rely on advanced driver assistance features to drive for you?

- A. Only on interstates
- B. Only with cruise control
- C. No; they assist, but you are responsible for safe operation at all times
- D. Yes

13. How should you search for hazards at night?

- A. Search well ahead of your headlight beams for dark shapes, and glance at the road edges
- B. Close one eye
- C. Stare at oncoming headlights
- D. Look only at the center line

14. When should you turn your headlights on during the day?

- A. Only in tunnels
- B. Whenever you have trouble seeing other vehicles
- C. Only after 6 p.m.
- D. Never

15. What should you do when you are driving downhill while towing a trailer?

- A. Brake only at the bottom
- B. Speed up
- C. Slow down before starting down the hill
- D. Coast in neutral

Answer key: Kentucky practice test 12

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1. D: Wait for the officer to return to their vehicle, then signal and re-enter traffic safely

Wait for the officer to return to their vehicle, be aware of traffic, watch for the departing police car, and signal to re-enter traffic. (Police and Traffic Stops, page 73)

2. D: Do not drive

A brake warning light tells you the brakes are not working properly; do not drive if you see it. (Brake Failure, page 65)

3. B: With a good grip on both hands, steer where you want to go, then steer back to straighten

Grip with both hands, steer in the direction you want to go avoiding traffic, then steer the opposite way to straighten and slow. (Steering, page 63)

4. B: When following large vehicles, at night, in bad weather or behind vehicles that stop at railroad crossings

Increase following distance on slippery roads, behind large vehicles, at night or in fog, and behind vehicles that must stop at railroad crossings. (4 Second Minimum Following Distance, page 59)

5. D: The longer you stay, the longer you're in danger of it moving into your lane

Pass as quickly and safely as possible; the longer you stay alongside, the longer you're at risk of the other vehicle moving toward your lane. (Passing, page 55)

6. B: Crossroads, business areas, school zones, parks and pedestrian crossings

It's dangerous to pass where someone may enter or cross, such as crossroads, shopping areas, school zones, parks, playgrounds and pedestrian crossings. (Passing, page 56)

7. C: Keep a steady speed, signal in advance and keep more space in front before slowing

Keep a steady speed, signal early, and keep more space in front so you can slow gradually. (Space Behind Affects Your Following Distance, page 61)

8. C: On either side slightly to the rear, in their blind spot

Avoid driving on either side slightly to the rear of another vehicle; speed up or drop back out of the blind spot. (Space to the Side, page 61)

9. A: When a pedestrian or bicyclist seems to be moving into your lane

A light tap is appropriate when pedestrians or bicyclists appear to be moving into your lane, or a driver isn't paying attention. (Communicating: Using your horn, page 62)

10. D: No

A turn signal only tells others what you plan to do; it does not give you the right-of-way. Cancel it after the turn. (Signaling Your Movements, page 62)

11. B: Objects or decals that block your vision

Do not hang anything from the mirror or clutter the windshield with decals; they block your vision and are unlawful. (Having Clean Windows and Mirrors, page 37)

12. C: No; they assist, but you are responsible for safe operation at all times

Safety features assist with driving tasks but don't drive the vehicle; remain engaged and responsible at all times. (Advanced Driver Assistance Systems (ADAS) Safety Features, page 40)

13. A: Search well ahead of your headlight beams for dark shapes, and glance at the road edges

Search well ahead of your headlight beams for dark shapes, and glance left and right for the pavement edge and hazards. (Night Driving, page 76)

14. B: Whenever you have trouble seeing other vehicles

Turn on your headlights whenever you have trouble seeing other vehicles; if you can't see them, they likely can't see you. (Night Driving, page 76)

15. C: Slow down before starting down the hill

When going down a grade while towing, slow down BEFORE starting down the hill. (Safe Driving With a Trailer, page 79)