

Kentucky KSP / KYTC permit practice test 4

From the Kentucky Driver Manual. Free at permitpracticetestdmv.com/kentucky/

25 questions. Circle one answer for each. Answer key on the last page. Name: _____ Score: _____ / 25

1. Which is listed as a warning sign that an older driver may want a driving evaluation?

- A. Getting lost on routes that were once familiar
- B. Driving the speed limit
- C. Using turn signals
- D. Wearing a seat belt

2. How far should your chest be from the steering wheel?

- A. 4 inches
- B. 20 inches
- C. About 10 inches
- D. As far as possible

3. How high should the top of the steering wheel be?

- A. At eye level
- B. No higher than the top of your shoulders and below chin level
- C. Above your head
- D. At your waist

4. How should a head restraint be adjusted?

- A. Below your neck
- B. So it contacts the back of your head, not below the level of your ears
- C. Removed
- D. As high as possible

5. How should you set the left side mirror using the recommended method?

- A. Point it at the ground
- B. Show as much of your car as possible
- C. Rest your head against the closed window and set it to barely show the rear edge of your vehicle
- D. Fold it in

6. Which mirror is the primary mirror for viewing to the rear?

- A. None
- B. The inside rearview mirror
- C. The left side mirror
- D. The right side mirror

7. Where does the Kentucky manual say to place your hands on the steering wheel?

- A. 12 o'clock only
- B. 9 and 3 o'clock on the outside of the wheel
- C. Bottom of the wheel
- D. 10 and 2 o'clock

8. When backing, where should your left hand hold the steering wheel?

- A. Off the wheel
- B. 9 o'clock
- C. 12 o'clock
- D. 6 o'clock

9. Which way should you turn the steering wheel when backing?

- A. In the direction you want the rear of the vehicle to move
- B. Opposite to where you want to go
- C. Don't turn
- D. Always left

10. Kentucky's seat belt law applies to vehicles manufactured after what year?

- A. 1975
- B. 1990
- C. 1968
- D. 1981

11. Can Kentucky police stop you just for not wearing a seat belt?

- A. Only at night
- B. Only on interstates
- C. No, it's a secondary law
- D. Yes, it is a primary law

12. How much greater are your chances of surviving a crash if you stay inside the vehicle?

- A. Three times
- B. Five times
- C. Two times
- D. Ten times

13. How long does it take an air bag to deploy?

- A. About 1 second
- B. About 3 seconds
- C. About 1/2 second
- D. About 1/20th of a second

14. Children of what age should ride in the back seat?

- A. Under 6
- B. 12 and under
- C. 8 and under
- D. 16 and under

15. In Kentucky, a child of what height or less must ride in a child restraint system?

- A. 40 inches
- B. 57 inches
- C. 50 inches
- D. 30 inches

16. Which child must ride in a booster seat in Kentucky?

- A. A child under 8 who is between 40 and 57 inches tall
- B. A child over 57 inches
- C. Any child under 12
- D. A child under 2

17. What is the fine for violating Kentucky's child restraint law?

- A. \$100
- B. \$250
- C. \$50 plus a \$10 fee
- D. \$25

18. Where is the best place to install a child safety seat?

- A. Front passenger seat
- B. Behind the driver only
- C. In the cargo area
- D. Middle of the rear seat

19. How do you check tread depth with a penny?

- A. It doesn't work
- B. If you can see all of Lincoln's head, the tires are too worn
- C. If you can't see Lincoln's head, replace tires
- D. Place it sideways

20. How often does the Kentucky manual recommend checking tire pressure?

- A. Only when a light comes on
- B. Monthly
- C. Yearly
- D. Weekly

21. When is a load considered secure?

- A. When it's covered
- B. When it's under the weight limit
- C. When it's in a trailer
- D. When nothing can slide, shift, fall, sift onto the road or become airborne

22. How far ahead does the Kentucky manual say you should ideally look while driving?

- A. 20 to 30 seconds
- B. 1 minute
- C. 12 seconds
- D. 5 seconds

23. How often should you glance at your speedometer?

- A. About once a minute
- B. Every 10 minutes
- C. Every 5 seconds
- D. Only at speed limit changes

24. May you use hand signals instead of mechanical turn signals in your Kentucky vehicle?

- A. Only for left turns
- B. Yes, always
- C. No, your vehicle must have mechanical signals; hand signals cannot be used
- D. Only at night

25. When not posted, what is the speed limit on Kentucky interstate highways and parkways?

- A. 70 mph
- B. 65 mph
- C. 60 mph
- D. 55 mph

Answer key: Kentucky practice test 4

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1. A: Getting lost on routes that were once familiar

Warning signs include family concern, getting lost on familiar routes, police warnings, several violations or near misses in 1-3 years, and doctor advice. (Aging Drivers, page 32)

2. C: About 10 inches

Keep about 10 inches between your chest and the wheel, but don't sit so far back that steering becomes hard. (Adjusting Seat and Mirrors, page 36)

3. B: No higher than the top of your shoulders and below chin level

Set the wheel so its top is below your chin and not above the tops of your shoulders. (Adjusting Seat and Mirrors, page 36)

4. B: So it contacts the back of your head, not below the level of your ears

Head restraints should contact the back of your head and not sit below the level of your ears. (Adjusting Seat and Mirrors, page 36)

5. C: Rest your head against the closed window and set it to barely show the rear edge of your vehicle

Rest your head against the closed window and set the mirror so it barely shows the rear edge of the vehicle. (Adjusting Your Mirrors, page 37)

6. B: The inside rearview mirror

The inside mirror is the primary mirror for view to the rear; adjust it to frame the rear window. (Adjusting Your Mirrors, page 37)

7. B: 9 and 3 o'clock on the outside of the wheel

10 and 2 is no longer recommended because of air bags; place hands at the 3 and 9 o'clock positions on the outside of the wheel. (Steering: Hand Position, page 41)

8. C: 12 o'clock

Grasp the wheel at the 12 o'clock position with your left hand, put your right arm on the seat back and look through the rear window. (Backing Up, page 41)

9. A: In the direction you want the rear of the vehicle to move

You always turn the wheel toward where you want the vehicle to go; in reverse, that means turning it toward where you want the back end to move. (Steering, page 41)

10. D: 1981

A person may not operate a motor vehicle manufactured after 1981 unless the driver and all passengers wear properly fastened seat belts. (Using Safety Belts, page 37)

11. D: Yes, it is a primary law

The seat belt law is primary in Kentucky; drivers can be stopped if observed not wearing seat belts. (Using Safety Belts, page 38)

12. B: Five times

According to the manual, staying inside the vehicle makes you five times more likely to survive a crash, which is what a safety belt helps you do. (Using Safety Belts, page 38)

13. D: About 1/20th of a second

The entire air bag deployment process takes about 1/20th of a second—faster than the blink of an eye. (Air Bags, page 38)

14. B: 12 and under

Children age 12 and younger belong in the back seat, buckled in a safety belt or a child restraint. (Air Bags, page 38)

15. A: 40 inches

A child of forty inches in height or less must be secured in a federally approved child restraint system. (Child Passenger Safety Laws, page 39)

16. A: A child under 8 who is between 40 and 57 inches tall

A child under 8 who is between 40 and 57 inches tall must be secured in a booster seat; over 57 inches is not required to use one. (Child Passenger Safety Laws, page 39)

17. C: \$50 plus a \$10 fee

Violators are fined \$50 and pay an additional \$10 fee deposited in the Traumatic Brain Injury Trust Fund. (Child Passenger Safety Laws, page 39)

18. D: Middle of the rear seat

The best spot for a child safety seat is the center of the back seat, firmly anchored so it can't move in a crash. (Child Passenger Safety Laws, page 39)

19. B: If you can see all of Lincoln's head, the tires are too worn

Place Lincoln's head into the deepest groove; if you can see all of his head, your tires are too worn. (Check Tread Depth with a Penny, page 36)

20. B: Monthly

Check tire pressure with a gauge monthly, when the tires are cold. (Check Tire Pressure with a Pressure Gauge Monthly, page 36)

21. D: When nothing can slide, shift, fall, sift onto the road or become airborne

A load counts as secure only if nothing can slide, shift, fall, sift onto the road or blow off. (Secure Your Load, page 39)

22. A: 20 to 30 seconds

Look far down your path, ideally 20 to 30 seconds ahead, so you have time to plan instead of reacting at the last moment. (Visual Search, page 57)

23. A: About once a minute

Checking the speedometer roughly once a minute helps you stay at a safe, legal speed. (Speed Management, page 57)

24. C: No, your vehicle must have mechanical signals; hand signals cannot be used

Your vehicle must have mechanical signals; hand signals cannot be used. (Signaling Your Movements, page 62)

25. B: 65 mph

Sixty-five miles per hour is the limit on interstate highways and parkways when not otherwise posted. (Kentucky Speed Limits, page 57)