

Massachusetts RMV permit practice test 11

From the Massachusetts Driver's Manual (Passenger Vehicles, Class D). Free at permitpracticetestdmv.com/massachusetts/

25 questions. Circle one answer for each. Answer key on the last page. Name: _____ Score: _____ / 25

1. What is the penalty for parking in a posted bus stop in Massachusetts?

- A. \$100
- B. \$50
- C. \$300
- D. \$25

2. What is the fine for a first offense of parking in an HP-DV (disability) space without the proper plate or placard?

- A. \$300
- B. \$500
- C. \$100
- D. \$200

3. May you park in the striped crosshatch area next to a disability parking space if you have a disability placard?

- A. Only for 15 minutes
- B. No, not even with a placard
- C. Only at night
- D. Yes

4. Which is NOT allowed when parking in Massachusetts?

- A. Parking facing the wrong way against traffic
- B. Parking between marked lines
- C. Parking 15 feet from a hydrant
- D. Parking with a valid resident permit

5. Before leaving your parked vehicle unattended, state law requires you to:

- A. Leave it running if you'll be quick
- B. Turn on hazard lights only
- C. Stop the motor, set the parking brake, lock the ignition, remove the key and lock the door
- D. Leave the window open

6. Parking downhill against a curb, which way should you turn your front wheels?

- A. Straight
- B. Toward the travel lane
- C. Toward the curb
- D. It doesn't matter

7. You park on an upgrade beside a curb. How should your front wheels be turned?

- A. Toward the curb
- B. Outward, toward the travel lane
- C. Straight ahead
- D. Toward the sidewalk

8. When starting to parallel park, how far from the parked car in front of the space should you pull up alongside?

- A. About ten feet
- B. Touching mirrors
- C. About six feet
- D. About two or three feet

9. An emergency vehicle with siren is approaching from behind. What must you do?

- A. Slow down and keep rolling
- B. Pull to the left
- C. Pull as close as possible to the right side and stop until it has passed
- D. Stop where you are

10. How close may you follow an emergency vehicle responding to an alarm in Massachusetts?

- A. No closer than 100 feet
- B. No closer than 500 feet
- C. No closer than 300 feet
- D. No closer than 200 feet

11. How close may you drive by or park near a fire in Massachusetts?

- A. No closer than 500 feet
- B. No closer than 300 feet
- C. Any distance
- D. No closer than 800 feet

12. You need help and see a police cruiser stopped with another driver. What should you do?

- A. Pull in front of the cruiser and ask for help when the officer is free
- B. Walk up to the officer right away
- C. Honk
- D. Stop behind the cruiser

13. A police officer signals you to pull over at night. What should you do?

- A. Get out and walk to the cruiser
- B. Pull to the right, turn off the engine, leave headlights on and turn on the interior light
- C. Pull over to the left
- D. Turn off all lights

14. What is the fine for a first offense of failing to produce your license or registration when asked by police?

- A. \$35
- B. \$250
- C. \$100

D. \$10

15. Your car starts to skid. What should you do?

- A. Accelerate
- B. Brake hard
- C. Steer opposite the skid
- D. Ease off the gas, shift to neutral, don't brake, and steer in the direction of the skid

16. Your rear tires are skidding to the left. Which way should you steer?

- A. Brake instead
- B. Straight
- C. Right
- D. Left

17. Your car drives off the pavement onto the shoulder. What should you do?

- A. Speed up
- B. Jerk the wheel back immediately
- C. Brake hard
- D. Hold the wheel tightly, ease off the gas, brake gently, check traffic and steer gently back

18. Your car has antilock brakes and they fail to respond. What should you do first?

- A. Pump the brakes
- B. Downshift to a lower gear
- C. Turn off the engine
- D. Shift into reverse

19. Your gas pedal sticks. What should you do?

- A. Shift into park
- B. Turn off the ignition immediately
- C. Put the car in neutral and press the brake
- D. Pump the gas

20. A vehicle is coming toward you head-on in your lane. What should you do?

- A. Speed up
- B. Slow down, pull to the right and sound your horn
- C. Pull left
- D. Stop in the lane

21. Your vehicle stalls on railroad tracks and a train is coming. Which way should you run?

- A. At a 45 degree angle away from the tracks, in the direction the train is coming from
- B. Along the tracks away from the train
- C. Straight across the tracks
- D. Stay in the car

22. You break down on a divided highway. Where should you place warning triangles or LED flares?

- A. 100 feet in front and behind
- B. 50 feet behind only
- C. 10 feet and 100 feet behind your vehicle
- D. 500 feet behind

23. You break down on a two-lane road with traffic in both directions. Where should warning devices go?

- A. 10 feet behind only
- B. 200 feet behind only
- C. 10 feet behind, 100 feet behind, and 100 feet in front of your vehicle
- D. Next to the car

24. To signal a breakdown in snow, what color cloth should you tie to your antenna or door handle?

- A. White
- B. Red
- C. Blue
- D. Yellow

25. Your car drives into water. How should you escape?

- A. Open the door right away
- B. Call for help and stay belted
- C. Wait for the car to fill with water
- D. Unfasten your belt and escape through a window

Answer key: Massachusetts practice test 11

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1. A: \$100

The penalty for parking in a posted bus stop is \$100. (Parking Regulations, page 110)

2. A: \$300

The fine for a first offense is \$300; wrongful use of a disabled plate or placard is at least \$500. (Parking Regulations, page 110)

3. B: No, not even with a placard

You may not park in a striped crosshatch area next to an HP-DV space, even with disability plates or a placard. (Parking Regulations, page 111)

4. A: Parking facing the wrong way against traffic

You may not park facing the wrong way against traffic, double park, or park in crosswalks or in front of driveways. (Parking Regulations, page 111)

5. C: Stop the motor, set the parking brake, lock the ignition, remove the key and lock the door

State law requires you to stop the motor, set the parking brake, lock the ignition, remove your key and lock the door. (Parking, page 109)

6. C: Toward the curb

Downhill against a curb, turn your wheels inward, toward the curb. (Parking on Hills, page 110)

7. B: Outward, toward the travel lane

Uphill against a curb, turn your wheels outward, toward the travel lane. (Parking on Hills, page 110)

8. D: About two or three feet

Pull up alongside the vehicle in front of the space, leaving about two or three feet between you. (Parallel Parking, page 109)

9. C: Pull as close as possible to the right side and stop until it has passed

Pull as close as possible to the right and stop until the vehicle passes; slowly rolling is not acceptable. (Moving Emergency Vehicle, page 120)

10. C: No closer than 300 feet

It is illegal to follow closer than 300 feet behind an emergency vehicle responding to an alarm. (Moving Emergency Vehicle, page 120)

11. D: No closer than 800 feet

It is illegal to drive by or park within 800 feet of a fire. (Stationary Emergency and Maintenance Vehicles, page 121)

12. A: Pull in front of the cruiser and ask for help when the officer is free

Pull in front of the police cruiser, never behind it, and don't approach an officer who is dealing with another motorist. (Stationary Emergency and Maintenance Vehicles, page 120)

13. B: Pull to the right, turn off the engine, leave headlights on and turn on the interior light

Pull completely to the right, put the car in park, turn off the engine and radio; at night leave headlights on and turn on the interior light. (General Guidelines if You Are Stopped by a Police Officer, page 122)

14. A: \$35

There is a \$35 fine for a first offense for failure to produce either document. (General Guidelines if You Are Stopped by a Police Officer, page 122)

15. D: Ease off the gas, shift to neutral, don't brake, and steer in the direction of the skid

Slowly remove your foot from the gas, shift to neutral, don't hit the brakes and turn the wheel in the direction of the skid. (Skidding, page 123)

16. D: Left

If your rear tires skid left, turn your steering wheel left; if they slide right, steer right. (Skidding, page 123)

17. D: Hold the wheel tightly, ease off the gas, brake gently, check traffic and steer gently back

Hold the wheel tightly, slowly remove your foot from the gas, brake gently, check traffic behind and steer gently back. (Running Off the Pavement, page 124)

18. B: Downshift to a lower gear

With ABS, downshift to a lower gear, apply the parking brake gently, and warn others with horn and lights. Don't pump antilock brakes. (Brake Failure, page 124)

19. C: Put the car in neutral and press the brake

Put the car in neutral, brake to slow down, try to free the pedal, and pull off when safe. (Stuck Gas Pedal, page 124)

20. B: Slow down, pull to the right and sound your horn

Slow down, pull to the right and sound your horn to alert the other driver. (Vehicle Approaching Head On, page 125)

21. A: At a 45 degree angle away from the tracks, in the direction the train is coming from

Get everyone out and run at a 45-degree angle away from the tracks in the direction the train is coming, then call 911. (Stalling on Railroad Tracks, page 125)

22. C: 10 feet and 100 feet behind your vehicle

On a divided highway place warning devices 10 feet and 100 feet behind your vehicle. (Breakdowns, page 126)

23. C: 10 feet behind, 100 feet behind, and 100 feet in front of your vehicle

On a two-lane or undivided road place devices 10 feet behind, 100 feet behind and 100 feet in front of your vehicle. (Breakdowns, page 126)

24. B: Red

Tie a white cloth to your antenna or door handle; use a red cloth when it's snowing. (Breakdowns, page 126)

25. D: Unfasten your belt and escape through a window

Unfasten your belt and escape through a window; open power windows quickly. Opening a door lets water rush in. (Vehicle Drives into Water, page 127)