

Minnesota DVS permit practice test 7

From the Minnesota Driver's Manual. Free at permitpracticetestdmv.com/minnesota/

25 questions. Circle one answer for each. Answer key on the last page. Name: _____ Score: _____ / 25

1. On Minnesota signs, what does the color red mean?

- A. Warns
- B. Prohibits and commands
- C. Guides
- D. Motorist services

2. What does a yellow-green (fluorescent) sign color indicate?

- A. Construction
- B. Warnings and controls at pedestrian and bicycle crossings and school areas
- C. Recreation
- D. Services

3. What do brown signs indicate?

- A. Services
- B. Historic, cultural or recreational sites
- C. Construction
- D. Directions

4. What does a minimum speed sign on an interstate mean?

- A. Advisory only
- B. Do not drive slower than this unless bad weather or poor road conditions make it necessary
- C. Trucks only
- D. Only at night

5. What does a 'Center Lane Left-turn Only' sign mean?

- A. Only one direction may use the center lane
- B. The center lane is shared and used only for left turns by traffic in either direction
- C. Pass in the center lane
- D. U-turns only

6. What does the diamond symbol on a lane-use sign mean?

- A. Slippery road
- B. The lane is reserved for specific uses, such as vehicles with two or more passengers
- C. Construction lane
- D. School zone

7. If designated disability parking spaces are full, what may a driver with a valid disability permit do?

- A. Park in a fire lane
- B. Park at an angle occupying two standard spaces
- C. Park on the sidewalk

D. Double park

8. Vehicles traveling at what speed or less must display the slow-moving vehicle emblem?

- A. 15 mph
- B. 25 mph
- C. 30 mph
- D. 40 mph

9. Animal-drawn vehicles must show a light visible within how many feet from sunset to sunrise?

- A. 100 feet
- B. 300 feet
- C. 500 feet
- D. 1,000 feet

10. Blue signs direct you to:

- A. Historic sites
- B. Services such as gas, food, motels, hospitals and rest areas
- C. Construction
- D. Exits

11. A traffic signal is not working. How should you treat the intersection in Minnesota?

- A. As a green light for the busier road
- B. Like an uncontrolled intersection
- C. Drive through without slowing
- D. Wait until the signal is repaired

12. When should you NOT enter a signalized intersection?

- A. When the light is green and clear
- B. When you cannot move through completely without blocking cross traffic
- C. When turning right
- D. When an officer waves you through

13. You are waiting in the intersection to turn and the light turns from yellow to red. What should you do?

- A. Back up
- B. Complete the turn as soon as it is safe
- C. Stay until green
- D. Turn right instead

14. What does a flashing yellow arrow mean for a left turn?

- A. Protected turn
- B. Proceed with caution, yielding to oncoming vehicles close enough to be a hazard
- C. Stop
- D. No left turn

15. What does a flashing red light mean?

- A. Slow down
- B. Treat it as a stop sign
- C. Go if clear without stopping
- D. Railroad only

16. What does a steady red X over a lane mean?

- A. Prepare to leave the lane
- B. You cannot drive in that lane
- C. Left turn allowed
- D. Travel in lane

17. What does a flashing yellow X over a lane mean?

- A. Lane closed
- B. You can use the lane to make a left turn, with caution
- C. Travel freely
- D. Exit only

18. At a freeway ramp meter, how many cars may proceed on each green light?

- A. One
- B. Two
- C. Three
- D. As many as fit

19. A pedestrian sees a flashing 'Don't Walk' signal while already in the crosswalk. What should they do?

- A. Return to the curb
- B. Continue to the other side at a normal pace
- C. Stop in the middle
- D. Run back

20. What do shorter, thicker white dashed lines mean?

- A. Passing zone
- B. The lane is ending
- C. Bike lane
- D. HOV lane

21. What does a solid white line between lanes mean?

- A. You may change lanes freely
- B. You should not change lanes
- C. Passing zone
- D. Opposite traffic

22. What do yellow lines separate?

- A. Lanes going the same direction
- B. Traffic moving in opposite directions
- C. Parking spaces
- D. Bike lanes

23. When may you cross the dashed double yellow lines of a reversible lane?

- A. Any time
- B. Only if the overhead signal shows a green arrow or a sign permits
- C. Only at night
- D. Never

24. How is a center left-turn lane marked?

- A. Double solid white lines
- B. Parallel solid and dashed yellow lines
- C. Diamonds
- D. Single dashed white line

25. Carpool lanes are restricted to vehicles with at least how many occupants?

- A. One
- B. Two
- C. Three
- D. Four

Answer key: Minnesota practice test 7

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1. B: Prohibits and commands

Red prohibits and commands; white regulates; yellow warns. (Sign color meanings, page 56)

2. B: Warnings and controls at pedestrian and bicycle crossings and school areas

Yellow-green warns and controls in pedestrian and bicycle crossings and school areas. (Sign color meanings, page 56)

3. B: Historic, cultural or recreational sites

Brown signs indicate historic, cultural or recreational sites. (Sign color meanings, page 56)

4. B: Do not drive slower than this unless bad weather or poor road conditions make it necessary

Do not drive slower than the minimum posted limit unless bad weather or poor conditions require it. (Regulatory signs, page 57)

5. B: The center lane is shared and used only for left turns by traffic in either direction

You must share the center lane and use it only for left turns when traveling in either direction. (Regulatory signs, page 58)

6. B: The lane is reserved for specific uses, such as vehicles with two or more passengers

The diamond symbol indicates the lane is reserved for specific uses or types of vehicles. (Regulatory signs, page 59)

7. B: Park at an angle occupying two standard spaces

With a valid disability permit or plates, you may park at an angle and occupy two standard spaces if disability spaces are occupied. (Regulatory signs, page 59)

8. C: 30 mph

The emblem must be displayed on vehicles that travel at 30 mph or less, such as farm implements. (Warning signs, page 61)

9. C: 500 feet

Animal-drawn vehicles must have a light or lamp visible within 500 feet from sunset to sunrise or in reduced visibility. (Warning signs, page 61)

10. B: Services such as gas, food, motels, hospitals and rest areas

Blue signs direct you to motorist services. (Motorist services signs, page 65)

11. B: Like an uncontrolled intersection

If a traffic signal is not functioning, treat the intersection like an uncontrolled intersection. (Traffic-control signals, page 65)

12. B: When you cannot move through completely without blocking cross traffic

Do not enter unless you can move through immediately, continuously and completely without blocking cross traffic (gridlock). (Intersection gridlock, page 65)

13. B: Complete the turn as soon as it is safe

If you are waiting in the intersection and the signal turns red, complete the turn as soon as it is safe; do not back up. (Traffic-control signals, page 66)

14. B: Proceed with caution, yielding to oncoming vehicles close enough to be a hazard

A flashing yellow light or arrow means caution; when turning left, yield to oncoming vehicles that are an immediate hazard. (Traffic-control signals, page 67)

15. B: Treat it as a stop sign

Treat a flashing red light as a stop sign. (Traffic-control signals, page 66)

16. B: You cannot drive in that lane

A steady red X means you cannot drive in the lane. (Lane use control signals, page 68)

17. B: You can use the lane to make a left turn, with caution

A flashing yellow X means you can use the lane to make a left turn; others may be turning from the opposite direction. (Lane use control signals, page 68)

18. A: One

Only one car may proceed each time the ramp meter light is green. (Freeway ramp meters, page 68)

19. B: Continue to the other side at a normal pace

Pedestrians already in the intersection may continue to the other side at a normal pace. (Pedestrian signals, page 67)

20. B: The lane is ending

Shorter and thicker white dashes show that the lane is ending. (Pavement markings, page 69)

21. B: You should not change lanes

A solid white line means you should not change lanes; double solid white lines mean you must not. (Pavement markings, page 69)

22. B: Traffic moving in opposite directions

Yellow lines separate traffic moving in opposite directions. (Pavement markings, page 69)

23. B: Only if the overhead signal shows a green arrow or a sign permits

Reversible lanes are separated by dashed double yellow lines; cross only with a green arrow overhead or a permitting sign. (Reversible lanes, page 71)

24. B: Parallel solid and dashed yellow lines

A center left-turn lane is marked by parallel solid and dashed yellow lines, sometimes with white arrows. (Center turn lanes, page 71)

25. B: Two

Carpool lanes are restricted to vehicles with two or more occupants and are marked by a diamond. (Carpool lanes, page 71)