

# Nebraska DMV permit practice test 3

From the Nebraska Driver's Manual (Class O). Free at [permitpracticetestdmv.com/nebraska/](http://permitpracticetestdmv.com/nebraska/)

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25 questions. Circle one answer for each. Answer key on the last page. Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Score: \_\_\_\_\_ / 25

**1. Nebraska prohibits drivers under 21 from driving with a BAC of:**

- A. .05% or higher
- B. .02% or higher
- C. .10% or higher
- D. .08% or higher

**2. What BAC limit applies to commercial motor vehicle drivers in Nebraska?**

- A. .02%
- B. .06%
- C. .04%
- D. .08%

**3. What BAC is unlawful for any driver in Nebraska, regardless of age or vehicle?**

- A. .15% or higher
- B. .08% or higher
- C. .05% or higher
- D. .10% or higher

**4. Is it legal for a passenger to have an open alcoholic beverage in a vehicle on a Nebraska public road?**

- A. No, it is unlawful for drivers and passengers
- B. Only in a parked car
- C. Only in the back seat
- D. Yes, if the driver is sober

**5. What is the administrative sanction for refusing a chemical test in Nebraska?**

- A. One year of license revocation
- B. 90-day suspension
- C. No sanction
- D. 30-day suspension

**6. At what BAC is simple reaction time impaired, according to the Nebraska manual?**

- A. .02%
- B. .04%
- C. .10%
- D. .08%

**7. How much more likely is a driver at .08% BAC to be in a fatal crash than a non-drinking driver?**

- A. Ten times as likely
- B. Three times as likely
- C. The same
- D. Twice as likely

**8. What is the only thing that reduces the alcohol level in your body?**

- A. Time
- B. A cold shower
- C. Food
- D. Coffee

**9. How long is the administrative license revocation (ALR) for a first offender who fails an alcohol test in Nebraska?**

- A. 90 days
- B. One year
- C. 30 days
- D. 180 days

**10. An under-21 Nebraska driver is convicted of an underage refusal to submit to a chemical test. How long does the court impound the license?**

- A. 30 days
- B. 90 days
- C. 180 days
- D. One year

**11. What happens to a Nebraska minor's license on a first minor-in-possession conviction?**

- A. Revoked for one year
- B. Impounded by the court for 30 days
- C. Suspended for 6 months
- D. Nothing

**12. Is it lawful to use nitrous oxide in a motor vehicle on a Nebraska public road?**

- A. Only in racing vehicles
- B. Yes
- C. Only as a passenger
- D. No, it is unlawful

**13. What hand position does the Nebraska manual recommend in a vehicle with a steering-wheel air bag?**

- A. 12 o'clock
- B. 10 and 2 o'clock
- C. 9 and 3 o'clock
- D. Both hands at the bottom

**14. How much space should drivers of air bag-equipped vehicles leave between themselves and the steering wheel?**

- A. At least 20 inches
- B. At least 10 inches
- C. At least 5 inches
- D. At least 15 inches

**15. Until what age must Nebraska children ride rear-facing (or until they reach the seat's limit)?**

- A. 1
- B. 2
- C. 4
- D. 8

**16. Until what age must Nebraska children ride in a federally approved child safety seat?**

- A. Up to age 12
- B. Up to age 8
- C. Up to age 6
- D. Up to age 4

**17. Is Nebraska's adult seat belt law for drivers and front-seat passengers a primary or secondary law?**

- A. It doesn't exist
- B. Primary: you can be stopped just for it
- C. Secondary: you're cited only if stopped for another violation
- D. Primary only at night

**18. Who is prohibited from riding in cargo areas in Nebraska?**

- A. Adults over 65
- B. Nobody
- C. Children up to age eighteen
- D. Pets

**19. What is the penalty for violating Nebraska's child passenger restraint law?**

- A. \$100 fine
- B. License suspension
- C. Warning only
- D. \$25 fine plus court costs and 1 point

**20. You are about to hit a deer. What is your safest action in a passenger vehicle?**

- A. Brake firmly, steer to keep control, and stop as safely as possible
- B. Swerve sharply
- C. Speed up
- D. Swerve into oncoming traffic

**21. When should you especially watch for deer in Nebraska?**

- A. Only on interstates
- B. Only in winter
- C. Midday in summer
- D. From dusk to dawn, in spring and fall, near waterways and wooded areas

**22. A person who had a seizure or loss of consciousness within how long before applying must have a physician certify they can drive safely in Nebraska?**

- A. One year
- B. Six months
- C. One month
- D. Three months

**23. During a Nebraska traffic stop, when should you tell the officer about a weapon in the vehicle?**

- A. Never
- B. Only if asked
- C. Upon first contact
- D. After the ticket

**24. What does signing a Nebraska traffic ticket mean?**

- A. It isn't an admission of guilt, but refusing to sign may result in arrest
- B. Nothing
- C. You admit guilt
- D. You waive a court date

**25. What are Nebraska's minimum liability insurance amounts?**

- A. \$10,000 / \$20,000 / \$5,000
- B. \$25,000 per person / \$50,000 per crash / \$25,000 property
- C. \$50,000 / \$100,000 / \$50,000
- D. \$15,000 / \$30,000 / \$10,000

# Answer key: Nebraska practice test 3

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**1. B: .02% or higher**

It is unlawful for a driver under 21 to drive with a BAC of .02% or higher; the .08% limit applies to all drivers and .04% to commercial drivers. (2A Alcohol, Drugs, and Driving, page 24)

**2. C: .04%**

It is unlawful to drive a commercial motor vehicle with a BAC of .04% or higher. (2A Alcohol, Drugs, and Driving, page 24)

**3. B: .08% or higher**

A BAC of .08% or higher is unlawful regardless of driver's age or vehicle type. (2A Alcohol, Drugs, and Driving, page 24)

**4. A: No, it is unlawful for drivers and passengers**

It is unlawful for drivers and passengers to consume or possess an open container of alcohol inside any vehicle on a public roadway or public parking area. (2A Alcohol, Drugs, and Driving, page 24)

**5. A: One year of license revocation**

The administrative sanction for refusal is one year of license revocation; criminal penalties match those for a DUI with BAC .15 or over. (2A Alcohol, Drugs, and Driving, page 24)

**6. B: .04%**

Simple reaction time is impaired at .04% BAC; choice reaction impairment begins at .03%. (2A Alcohol, Drugs, and Driving, page 24)

**7. B: Three times as likely**

At .05% a driver is twice as likely to be in a fatal crash, and at .08% three times as likely. (2A Alcohol, Drugs, and Driving, page 25)

**8. A: Time**

Only time can reduce the alcohol level and its effects. (2A Alcohol, Drugs, and Driving, page 25)

**9. D: 180 days**

First-time offenders who fail an alcohol test serve a 180-day ALR; subsequent offenders and refusals get one year. (1Q-7 Administrative License Revocation, page 20)

**10. B: 90 days**

For an underage refusal conviction the court impounds the license for 90 days, and the conviction stays on the driving record for 120 days. (A .02% conviction is a 30-day impoundment.) (1Q-6 .02% Under Age Drinking (Age 20 and Younger) and Driving, page 20)

**11. B: Impounded by the court for 30 days**

MIP: 30-day impoundment for a first offense, 90 days for a second, 12 months for a third or later. (1Q-14 Minor in Possession (Age 20 and Younger), page 22)

**12. D: No, it is unlawful**

It is unlawful to use nitrous oxide in any motor vehicle operated on any public roadway in Nebraska. (2F Nitrous Oxide Use Prohibited, page 27)

**13. C: 9 and 3 o'clock**

The recommended hand position with a steering-wheel air bag is 9 and 3 o'clock. (2B Air Bags – Child Restraints and Seat Belts, page 25)

**14. B: At least 10 inches**

Allow at least 10 inches between yourself and the steering wheel. (2B Air Bags – Child Restraints and Seat Belts, page 26)

**15. B: 2**

Children ride rear-facing up to age two or until they reach the car seat's upper height or weight limit. (2B Air Bags – Child Restraints and Seat Belts, page 26)

**16. B: Up to age 8**

Children up to age eight must ride in a federally approved child safety seat, in a non-front seat if one is available (primary law). (2B Air Bags – Child Restraints and Seat Belts, page 26)

**17. C: Secondary: you're cited only if stopped for another violation**

The occupant protection law for drivers and front-seat passengers is a secondary law with a \$25 fine. (2B Air Bags – Child Restraints and Seat Belts, page 26)

**18. C: Children up to age eighteen**

Children up to age eighteen are prohibited from riding in cargo areas (primary law). (2B Air Bags – Child Restraints and Seat Belts, page 26)

**19. D: \$25 fine plus court costs and 1 point**

A violation carries a \$25 fine plus court costs, and 1 point is assessed. (2B Air Bags – Child Restraints and Seat Belts, page 26)

**20. A: Brake firmly, steer to keep control, and stop as safely as possible**

Don't veer for deer. Brake firmly, steer to keep control, and stop as safely as possible. (2D "Don't Veer for Deer" – Driver Tips, page 26)

**21. D: From dusk to dawn, in spring and fall, near waterways and wooded areas**

Watch for deer from dusk to dawn, in spring and fall, and near waterways and wooded areas; they travel in groups. (2D "Don't Veer for Deer" – Driver Tips, page 26)

**22. D: Three months**

A loss of consciousness within three months before obtaining or renewing a license requires a physician's certification. (2E Health and Driving, page 27)

**23. C: Upon first contact**

Let the officer know if you have a weapon in the vehicle upon first contact. (2G What to Do and Expect When Pulled Over by Police, page 28)

**24. A: It isn't an admission of guilt, but refusing to sign may result in arrest**

Signing a ticket is not an admission of guilt, but refusing to sign may result in arrest. (2G What to Do and Expect When Pulled Over by Police, page 28)

**25. B: \$25,000 per person / \$50,000 per crash / \$25,000 property**

Nebraska requires \$25,000 for one person, \$50,000 for two or more persons, and \$25,000 for property damage. (2H Proof of Financial Responsibility (Insurance), page 28)