

Nebraska DMV permit practice test 7

From the Nebraska Driver's Manual (Class O). Free at permitpracticetestdmv.com/nebraska/

25 questions. Circle one answer for each. Answer key on the last page. Name: _____ Score: _____ / 25

1. How close to a flashing signal, stop sign or yield sign at the side of the road may you park in Nebraska?

- A. No closer than 30 feet
- B. No closer than 20 feet
- C. No closer than 15 feet
- D. No closer than 50 feet

2. How close to a crosswalk at an intersection may you park in Nebraska?

- A. No closer than 15 feet
- B. No closer than 20 feet
- C. No closer than 10 feet
- D. No closer than 30 feet

3. How close to railroad tracks may you park in Nebraska?

- A. No closer than 100 feet
- B. No closer than 25 feet
- C. No closer than 50 feet
- D. No closer than 15 feet

4. How close to a fire hydrant may you park in Nebraska?

- A. No closer than 20 feet
- B. No closer than 5 feet
- C. No closer than 15 feet
- D. No closer than 10 feet

5. You park facing uphill next to a curb in Nebraska. Which way do you turn the wheels?

- A. Straight
- B. Toward the road edge
- C. Toward the curb
- D. Away from the curb

6. You park facing downhill in Nebraska. Which way should your wheels be turned?

- A. Straight
- B. Toward traffic
- C. Toward the curb or edge of the road
- D. Away from the curb

7. What is the maximum fine for a first handicapped parking violation in Nebraska?

- A. \$50
- B. \$150
- C. \$300
- D. \$500

8. May you park in the access aisle next to a handicapped parking stall?

- A. No
- B. Only at night
- C. Only with a permit
- D. Yes, briefly

9. How should you approach a railroad crossing in Nebraska?

- A. Stop at every crossing
- B. At a constant controlled speed: fast enough to coast across if you stall, slow enough to stop
- C. As fast as possible
- D. Very slowly in neutral

10. When required to stop at a Nebraska railroad crossing with no stop line, how far from the nearest rail must you stop?

- A. Not less than 15 feet nor more than 50 feet
- B. 5 to 10 feet
- C. At least 100 feet
- D. Exactly 30 feet

11. Your car stalls on a crossing in Nebraska. Which way should you move after getting everyone out?

- A. Across the tracks
- B. In the direction the train is expected to come from
- C. Away from the train's direction
- D. Stay next to the car

12. About how far does an average 150-car freight train at 30 mph need to stop?

- A. 300 feet
- B. 1,000 feet
- C. 3,150 feet (about 3/5 of a mile)
- D. 10 miles

13. What color is the railroad Emergency Notification System (ENS) sign typically?

- A. Green
- B. Yellow
- C. Red
- D. Blue

14. Entering a Nebraska interstate from a ramp, when should you merge?

- A. Only after stopping
- B. As soon as the ramp begins, across the solid white line
- C. Once the broken white line begins: adjust speed, signal and merge into a gap
- D. Whenever you want

15. A car is entering the interstate from a ramp next to your lane. What should you do if safe?

- A. Speed up
- B. Honk
- C. Brake hard
- D. Signal and move left to give it a smooth entry

16. You miss your exit on a Nebraska interstate. What should you do?

- A. Stop and wait
- B. Use the emergency crossover
- C. Go on to the next exit
- D. Back up on the shoulder

17. How far before your intended interstate exit should you signal and move into the proper lane?

- A. 500 feet
- B. 100 feet
- C. At the exit
- D. A mile or more

18. When must headlights be used in Nebraska?

- A. From sunset to sunrise
- B. Only in rain
- C. From 9 p.m. to 5 a.m.
- D. Only on highways

19. Within how many feet must you dim your headlights when following another vehicle in Nebraska?

- A. 100 feet
- B. 200 feet
- C. 300 feet
- D. 500 feet

20. Is it legal to drive with only parking lights on at night in Nebraska?

- A. Only in town
- B. Only at dusk
- C. Yes
- D. No, it is unlawful

21. How deep must water be to reach the bottom of most passenger cars, possibly causing loss of control or stalling?

- A. Six inches
- B. One inch
- C. Three feet
- D. Two feet

22. How much moving water can carry away most vehicles, including SUVs and pickups?

- A. One foot
- B. Six inches
- C. Two feet
- D. Four feet

23. In fog, driving on roads posted 40 mph or more is not recommended when visibility is less than:

- A. 1/8 mile
- B. 1/4 mile
- C. 1/2 mile
- D. 1 mile

24. What lights should you use in rain or fog in Nebraska?

- A. Parking lights
- B. High beams
- C. Low beam headlights
- D. No lights

25. Should you use cruise control on snow and ice?

- A. Only uphill
- B. No
- C. Only at night
- D. Yes, it helps

Answer key: Nebraska practice test 7

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1. A: No closer than 30 feet

Don't park within 30 feet of any flashing signal, stop sign, yield sign or other traffic control device at the roadside. (4F Parking, page 57)

2. B: No closer than 20 feet

Don't park within 20 feet of a crosswalk at an intersection. (4F Parking, page 57)

3. C: No closer than 50 feet

Don't park on bridges, in tunnels, or within 50 feet of railroad tracks. (4F Parking, page 57)

4. C: No closer than 15 feet

Don't park within 15 feet of a fire hydrant. (4F Parking, page 57)

5. D: Away from the curb

Uphill with a curb: set the parking brake and turn wheels away from the curb. In any other situation, turn them toward the curb or road edge. (4F Parking, page 57)

6. C: Toward the curb or edge of the road

In any situation except uphill with a curb, turn the wheels toward the curb or edge of the road. (4F Parking, page 57)

7. B: \$150

Up to \$150 for a first offense, \$300 for a second and \$500 for a third. (4F Parking, page 57)

8. A: No

Do not park in the handicapped access aisles directly beside handicapped stalls. (4F Parking, page 57)

9. B: At a constant controlled speed: fast enough to coast across if you stall, slow enough to stop

Approach at a constant controlled speed, fast enough to coast across if the engine stalls and slow enough to stop. (4G Railroad Crossings, page 58)

10. A: Not less than 15 feet nor more than 50 feet

Stop at the stop line; if there isn't one, stop not less than 15 feet nor more than 50 feet from the nearest rail. (4G Railroad Crossings, page 58)

11. B: In the direction the train is expected to come from

Get everyone out and off the tracks immediately and move in the direction the train is expected, then call the number on the crossing sign and 911. (4G Railroad Crossings, page 58)

12. C: 3,150 feet (about 3/5 of a mile)

A 150-car freight train at 30 mph needs about 3,150 feet; at 60 mph, about 8,500 feet. (4G Railroad Crossings, page 59)

13. D: Blue

The typically blue ENS sign at every crossing gives a 24/7 number to report problems or emergencies. (4G Railroad Crossings, page 58)

14. C: Once the broken white line begins: adjust speed, signal and merge into a gap

The solid white line on the left separates same-direction lanes. Once the broken white line begins, adjust speed, signal and merge into a safe gap. (5A Interstate Driving, page 60)

15. D: Signal and move left to give it a smooth entry

Be alert at entrance ramps. If safe, signal and move left to allow entering vehicles a smooth, safe entry. (5A Interstate Driving, page 60)

16. C: Go on to the next exit

Go on to the next exit. Backing up or using emergency crossovers on the interstate is prohibited, and never cross the median. (5A Interstate Driving, page 60)

17. D: A mile or more

Signal and move into the proper lane a mile or more before the exit, then slow down in the deceleration lane. (5A Interstate Driving, page 60)

18. A: From sunset to sunrise

Headlights must be used from sunset to sunrise; use low beams as daylight fades. Driving with parking lights only is unlawful. (5B Driving at Night, page 61)

19. B: 200 feet

Dim headlights when following within 200 feet of another vehicle and when meeting oncoming vehicles. (5B Driving at Night, page 61)

20. D: No, it is unlawful

Driving with parking lights only is unlawful. (5B Driving at Night, page 61)

21. A: Six inches

Six inches of water reaches the bottom of most passenger cars; two feet of moving water can carry away most vehicles, including SUVs and pickups. (5C Adverse Weather Conditions, page 62)

22. C: Two feet

Two feet of moving water can carry away most vehicles, including sport utility vehicles and pickup trucks. (5C Adverse Weather Conditions, page 62)

23. B: 1/4 mile

Travel on roads posted 40 mph or more isn't recommended when visibility is less than 1/4 mile. (5C Adverse Weather Conditions, page 62)

24. C: Low beam headlights

Use low beam headlights in rain and fog. (5C Adverse Weather Conditions, page 62)

25. B: No

Do not use cruise control on snow and ice; make speed and direction changes gradually. (5C Adverse Weather Conditions, page 62)