

# New Jersey MVC permit practice test 10

From the New Jersey Driver Manual. Free at [permitpracticetestdmv.com/new-jersey/](http://permitpracticetestdmv.com/new-jersey/)

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25 questions. Circle one answer for each. Answer key on the last page. Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Score: \_\_\_\_\_ / 25

**1. A crash seems unavoidable. Which choice does the manual recommend?**

- A. Hit something head-on
- B. Hit something that will give way, such as bushes, rather than something hard
- C. Hit an oncoming vehicle
- D. Skid into the obstacle

**2. You are about to be hit from the rear. What should you do?**

- A. Turn the wheel sharply
- B. Be ready to brake so you are not pushed into the car ahead, and press your head against the headrest
- C. Accelerate hard
- D. Lean forward

**3. With airbags and a shoulder belt, how should you protect yourself in an unavoidable head-on crash?**

- A. Lie across the seat
- B. Use your arms and hands to protect your face
- C. Let go of everything
- D. Duck under the dashboard

**4. If you hit a parked vehicle, what must you do?**

- A. Leave a note only
- B. Notify the police and try to find the owner
- C. Drive away if damage is small
- D. Call your insurance only

**5. After a crash with injury or property damage over \$500 and no police report filed, what must you do?**

- A. Nothing
- B. Send a written report to the MVC within 10 days
- C. Report it within 30 days
- D. Call the MVC within 24 hours

**6. Someone has been killed in a crash. What should you do about the body?**

- A. Move it off the road
- B. Do not move it or let anyone move it until police or an ambulance arrive
- C. Cover it and move it to the shoulder
- D. Take it to a hospital

**7. Your windshield wipers stop working in heavy rain. What should you do?**

- A. Keep driving and lean forward
- B. Slow down, pull to a safe area off the road and turn on the emergency flashers
- C. Follow a truck closely
- D. Speed up to blow water off

**8. If someone shows symptoms of carbon monoxide poisoning in a car, what should you do?**

- A. Turn up the heat
- B. Turn off the engine, get the person into fresh air and call 911
- C. Open one window slightly and keep driving
- D. Give them water

**9. Which situation can cause dangerous carbon monoxide buildup in or around a vehicle?**

- A. Driving with windows open
- B. Idling in a garage, even with the garage door open
- C. Using the air conditioner
- D. Driving on the highway

**10. In New Jersey, it is illegal for a driver 21 or older to drive with a BAC of:**

- A. 0.05% or higher
- B. 0.08% or higher
- C. 0.10% or higher
- D. 0.15% or higher

**11. What is the illegal BAC level for a driver under 21 in New Jersey?**

- A. 0.00%
- B. 0.01% or higher
- C. 0.02% or higher
- D. 0.05% or higher

**12. At what BAC is a commercial motor vehicle operator in violation under N.J.S.A. 39:3-10.13?**

- A. 0.01%
- B. 0.04%
- C. 0.08%
- D. 0.10%

**13. What is the only thing that can make a person sober?**

- A. Coffee
- B. A cold shower
- C. Time
- D. Eating a large meal

**14. About what percentage of alcohol is burned up by the liver?**

- A. 50%
- B. 75%
- C. 90%
- D. 100%

**15. Which contains the most alcohol: a 12-ounce beer, a 5-ounce glass of wine, or 1.5 ounces of 80-proof whiskey?**

- A. The beer
- B. The wine
- C. The whiskey
- D. They contain about the same amount

**16. Which is NOT one of the four factors the manual lists as determining BAC?**

- A. Quantity of alcohol consumed
- B. Body weight
- C. The type of alcoholic drink
- D. Food eaten

**17. At a BAC of 0.10 percent, how much greater is the risk of causing a crash?**

- A. Two times
- B. Six times
- C. Twelve times
- D. Twenty-five times

**18. What does New Jersey's implied consent law mean?**

- A. You may refuse a breath test without penalty
- B. By driving on New Jersey roads you have agreed to submit to a breath test after an arrest for intoxicated driving
- C. Police need a warrant for any test
- D. Only commercial drivers can be tested

**19. What violation surcharge applies to a driver who refuses a breath test in New Jersey?**

- A. None
- B. \$250 per year for three years
- C. \$1,000 per year for three years
- D. \$5,000 once

**20. An ignition interlock device prevents the vehicle from starting when the driver's BAC exceeds:**

- A. 0.01%
- B. 0.05%
- C. 0.08%
- D. 0.10%

**21. For a first DUI with a BAC of 0.08% to less than 0.10%, how long must an ignition interlock be installed after restoration?**

- A. One month
- B. Three months
- C. One year
- D. Two to four years

**22. What is the fine range for a first DUI offense with a BAC of 0.08% to less than 0.10%?**

- A. \$100-\$200
- B. \$250-\$400
- C. \$500-\$1,000
- D. \$1,000-\$2,000

**23. What annual surcharge does a driver pay for three years after a first DUI conviction?**

- A. \$250
- B. \$500
- C. \$1,000
- D. \$1,500

**24. What are the penalties for a driver under 21 with a BAC of 0.01% but less than 0.08% (first offense)?**

- A. A warning
- B. 30- to 90-day suspension, 15 to 30 days of community service and an IDRC or alcohol education program
- C. One-year jail term
- D. A \$50 fine only

**25. What is the fine for having an open alcoholic beverage container in the passenger area (first offense)?**

- A. \$50
- B. \$100
- C. \$200
- D. \$500

# Answer key: New Jersey practice test 10

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**1. B: Hit something that will give way, such as bushes, rather than something hard**

Choose to hit something that gives way; prefer something moving your way over something stopped, and something stopped over something coming head-on. (Last-Minute Choices, page 109)

**2. B: Be ready to brake so you are not pushed into the car ahead, and press your head against the headrest**

Be ready to brake, brace between the wheel and seat back and press your head firmly against the headrest. (Rear Crash, page 109)

**3. B: Use your arms and hands to protect your face**

If wearing a shoulder strap in a vehicle with airbags, use your arms and hands to protect your face. (Head-On Crash, page 110)

**4. B: Notify the police and try to find the owner**

If you hit a parked vehicle, the police must be notified and you should try to find the owner. (Parked Vehicle Crash, page 110)

**5. B: Send a written report to the MVC within 10 days**

When damage exceeds \$500 or someone is injured and no police report is filed, send a written report to the MVC within 10 days. (Reporting Crashes, page 111)

**6. B: Do not move it or let anyone move it until police or an ambulance arrive**

Do not move the body or permit anyone to move it until police or ambulance personnel arrive. (Reporting Crashes, page 111)

**7. B: Slow down, pull to a safe area off the road and turn on the emergency flashers**

Slow down, pull off to a safe area, turn on emergency flashers and call for help if needed. (Windshield Wiper Failure, page 108)

**8. B: Turn off the engine, get the person into fresh air and call 911**

Remove the person from the CO source, turn off the engine, get them fresh air and call 911. (Carbon Monoxide Poisoning, page 48)

**9. B: Idling in a garage, even with the garage door open**

Idling in a garage or confined space, even with the door open, can cause dangerous CO buildup. (Carbon Monoxide Poisoning, page 48)

**10. B: 0.08% or higher**

Driving with a BAC of 0.08 percent or higher, or while under the influence, is illegal. (How Much is Too Much, page 115)

**11. B: 0.01% or higher**

For drivers under 21, it is illegal to drive with a BAC of 0.01 percent or higher. (How Much is Too Much, page 115)

**12. B: 0.04%**

Operating a commercial motor vehicle with a BAC of 0.04% (but less than 0.08%) is a violation. (Ignition Interlock Device, page 127)

**13. C: Time**

Alcohol is removed slowly by the body; only time can make a person sober. (Effects of Alcohol, page 114)

**14. C: 90%**

About 90 percent of alcohol is oxidized by the liver; the other 10 percent leaves in breath, urine and sweat. (Effects of Alcohol, page 114)

**15. D: They contain about the same amount**

Each of these standard drinks contains about the same amount of alcohol, about half an ounce. (How Much is Too Much, page 115)

**16. C: The type of alcoholic drink**

BAC depends on how much you drink, body weight, how quickly you drink and food eaten, not the type of drink. (How Much is Too Much, page 115)

**17. B: Six times**

The crash risk doubles slightly above 0.05, is six times as great at 0.10 and 25 times as great at 0.15. (How Much is Too Much, page 115)

**18. B: By driving on New Jersey roads you have agreed to submit to a breath test after an arrest for intoxicated driving**

By using New Jersey roads, motorists agree to submit to a breath test after an arrest for an intoxicated driving offense. (Breath Test, page 127)

**19. C: \$1,000 per year for three years**

Refusing a breath test brings a violation surcharge of \$1,000 per year for three years. (Breath Test, page 127)

**20. B: 0.05%**

The device has a built-in breathalyzer and prevents starting if BAC exceeds 0.05%. (Ignition Interlock Device, page 127)

**21. B: Three months**

A first offense at 0.08% to under 0.10% requires an ignition interlock for three months from restoration. (Ignition Interlock Device, page 127)

**22. B: \$250-\$400**

A first offense at 0.08% to under 0.10% carries a \$250-\$400 fine, plus many fees and surcharges. (Mandatory Penalties, page 123)

**23. C: \$1,000**

A first DUI brings a \$1,000 annual surcharge for three years. (Mandatory Penalties, page 123)

**24. B: 30- to 90-day suspension, 15 to 30 days of community service and an IDRC or alcohol education program**

Underage first offenders face a 30-90 day suspension, 15-30 days of community service and an IDRC or alcohol education program. (Underage Offense, page 124)

**25. C: \$200**

Carrying an open or unsealed alcoholic beverage or cannabis item in the passenger area brings a \$200 fine for a first offense. (Motor Vehicle Violations, page 129)