

New Jersey MVC permit practice test 5

From the New Jersey Driver Manual. Free at permitpracticetestdmv.com/new-jersey/

25 questions. Circle one answer for each. Answer key on the last page. Name: _____ Score: _____ / 25

1. At a stop sign, where must you bring your vehicle to a complete stop?

- A. Anywhere before the intersection
- B. Within five feet of the nearest crosswalk or stop line
- C. In the middle of the crosswalk
- D. Only where you can see traffic

2. Driving through a gas station or parking lot to avoid a traffic signal is:

- A. Legal if you drive slowly
- B. A motor vehicle violation
- C. Allowed during rush hour
- D. Allowed if you signal

3. When do most crashes at traffic signals happen?

- A. Long after the light turns green
- B. In the first few seconds after the light changes
- C. Only at night
- D. Only when lights are flashing

4. What is a "stale green" light?

- A. A green light that is malfunctioning
- B. A light that has been green for some time and may soon change
- C. A green arrow
- D. A flashing green light

5. Which is NOT listed as a place you must stop in New Jersey?

- A. When coming out of an alley, private driveway or building
- B. At a bridge span about to open for boat traffic
- C. At every flashing yellow light
- D. When a traffic officer orders you to stop

6. On a two-lane road, a school bus ahead has stopped with flashing red lights. How far away must you stop?

- A. At least 10 feet
- B. At least 15 feet
- C. At least 25 feet
- D. At least 50 feet

7. You are on a dual highway, on the other side of a raised median from a stopped school bus with flashing red lights. What must you do?

- A. Stop at least 25 feet away
- B. Slow to 10 mph
- C. Continue at normal speed
- D. Stop until the bus moves

8. On a multi-lane highway where the lanes are separated only by painted lines, a school bus stops with red lights flashing on the other side. What must you do?

- A. Continue; only traffic behind the bus must stop
- B. Stop at least 25 feet away
- C. Slow to 10 mph
- D. Slow to 15 mph

9. What do flashing yellow (amber) lights on a school bus mean?

- A. The bus is about to stop
- B. You may pass
- C. The bus has stopped
- D. The bus is turning

10. After a school bus turns off its red lights, what should you do?

- A. Speed up to pass
- B. Proceed carefully, watching for children or persons with developmental disabilities
- C. Wait 5 minutes
- D. Honk before passing

11. You are on a dual highway, on the other side of a raised median from an ice cream truck that is flashing red lights and showing its stop arm. What does the law require?

- A. Stop until the truck turns off its lights
- B. You need not stop, but stay alert for children
- C. Stop, then pass at no more than 15 mph
- D. Stop at least 25 feet away

12. An ambulance with siren and flashing lights approaches. What should you do?

- A. Speed up to stay ahead
- B. Steer to the extreme right, stop and wait for it to pass
- C. Stop where you are in the lane
- D. Pull to the left

13. After an emergency vehicle passes you, how far behind it must you stay?

- A. 100 feet
- B. 200 feet
- C. 300 feet
- D. 500 feet

14. What color lights are used by volunteer fire and rescue squad members responding in private vehicles?

- A. Red
- B. Blue
- C. Green
- D. Amber

15. How close may you park to a fire department vehicle that is in service?

- A. No closer than 50 feet
- B. No closer than 100 feet
- C. No closer than 200 feet
- D. Anywhere not blocking it

16. Under New Jersey's Move Over law, what must you do when approaching a stopped tow truck with flashing amber lights?

- A. Nothing; Move Over applies only to police
- B. Change to a lane not next to it if safe; otherwise slow below the posted limit and be ready to stop
- C. Stop behind it
- D. Sound your horn

17. Does New Jersey's Move Over law apply to an ordinary disabled car showing hazard lights or flares?

- A. No, only to emergency vehicles
- B. Yes, it covers stationary or disabled vehicles with hazard lights, flares or reflective triangles
- C. Only on toll roads
- D. Only at night

18. What is the fine for violating New Jersey's Move Over law?

- A. \$50
- B. \$100 to \$500
- C. \$1,000
- D. \$2,500

19. Railroad crossing lights are flashing and bells are ringing. How far from the crossing must you stop?

- A. At least 5 feet
- B. At least 10 feet
- C. At least 15 feet
- D. At least 50 feet

20. Which vehicles must always stop at railroad crossings, so you should be ready to stop behind them?

- A. Motorcycles
- B. School buses, buses and vehicles carrying hazardous materials
- C. Pickup trucks
- D. Taxis

21. The warning lights start flashing while you are already crossing the railroad tracks. What should you do?

- A. Stop on the tracks
- B. Back up
- C. Immediately proceed to the other side
- D. Get out of the car

22. Your car stalls on railroad tracks and a train is coming. Which way should you run?

- A. Straight down the tracks away from the train
- B. Away from the tracks at a 45-degree angle toward the direction the train is coming from
- C. Away from the train at a 90-degree angle
- D. Stay in the car

23. Within how many feet of a railroad crossing should you not pass other vehicles?

- A. 50 feet
- B. 100 feet
- C. 200 feet
- D. 500 feet

24. About how far can a freight train traveling 55 mph need to stop?

- A. About 100 feet
- B. About 500 feet
- C. A mile or more
- D. About a quarter mile

25. If you drive a manual (standard) transmission, what should you avoid while crossing railroad tracks?

- A. Using headlights
- B. Shifting gears
- C. Looking both ways
- D. Driving below 15 mph

Answer key: New Jersey practice test 5

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1. B: Within five feet of the nearest crosswalk or stop line

You must come to a complete stop within five feet of the nearest crosswalk or stop line before proceeding. (Intersections, page 67)

2. B: A motor vehicle violation

Driving on private property to avoid a traffic signal or sign is a motor vehicle violation (2 points). (Intersections, page 67)

3. B: In the first few seconds after the light changes

Most crashes at traffic signals happen in the first few seconds after the light has changed. (Stopping Regulations, page 74)

4. B: A light that has been green for some time and may soon change

A stale green light has been green for a while; be prepared for it to change to yellow and red. (Stopping Regulations, page 74)

5. C: At every flashing yellow light

A flashing yellow means slow down and proceed with care; the others are situations where you must stop. (Stopping Regulations, page 75)

6. C: At least 25 feet

State law requires stopping at least 25 feet from a school bus with flashing red lights. (Stop for School Buses, page 77)

7. B: Slow to 10 mph

On a dual-lane highway, if you are on the other side of a safety island or raised median, slow to 10 mph. (Stop for School Buses, page 77)

8. B: Stop at least 25 feet away

When lanes are separated only by lines, traffic in both directions must stop at least 25 feet from the bus. (Stop for School Buses, page 77)

9. A: The bus is about to stop

The yellow or amber lights go on before the bus stops; red lights go on when it has stopped. (Stop for School Buses, page 77)

10. B: Proceed carefully, watching for children or persons with developmental disabilities

Proceed only after the bus signals are turned off, and even then watch for children or persons with developmental disabilities. (Stop for School Buses, page 77)

11. B: You need not stop, but stay alert for children

Drivers on a dual highway who are on the other side of a safety island or raised median do not have to stop for a frozen dessert truck, though watching for children is still wise. (Stop for Frozen Dessert Trucks, page 78)

12. B: Steer to the extreme right, stop and wait for it to pass

Steer to the extreme right of the roadway, stop and wait for the emergency vehicle to pass. (Pull Over and Stop for Emergency Vehicles, page 78)

13. C: 300 feet

Keep at least 300 feet behind a signaling emergency vehicle. (Pull Over and Stop for Emergency Vehicles, page 78)

14. B: Blue

Private vehicles of volunteer fire and rescue members responding to an emergency use blue lights. (Pull Over and Stop for Emergency Vehicles, page 78)

15. C: No closer than 200 feet

Never park within 200 feet of a fire department vehicle in service. (Pull Over and Stop for Emergency Vehicles, page 78)

16. B: Change to a lane not next to it if safe; otherwise slow below the posted limit and be ready to stop

Move Over covers emergency vehicles, tow trucks, highway maintenance and service vehicles; change lanes if safe, or slow below the limit and be prepared to stop. (Move Over Law, page 78)

17. B: Yes, it covers stationary or disabled vehicles with hazard lights, flares or reflective triangles

The law also covers any stationary or disabled vehicle flashing hazard lights or using flares or reflective triangles. (Move Over Law, page 78)

18. B: \$100 to \$500

Violators face a fine of not less than \$100 and not more than \$500. (Move Over Law, page 78)

19. C: At least 15 feet

A motorist must stop at least 15 feet from the crossing when there are flashing lights, bells, gates or flag signals. (Stop at Railroad Crossings, page 76)

20. B: School buses, buses and vehicles carrying hazardous materials

School buses, buses and vehicles carrying hazardous materials must always stop at railroad crossings. (Stop at Railroad Crossings, page 76)

21. C: Immediately proceed to the other side

If warning devices activate while you are crossing, continue across immediately. (Stop at Railroad Crossings, page 76)

22. B: Away from the tracks at a 45-degree angle toward the direction the train is coming from

Run at a 45-degree angle away from the tracks in the direction of the train to avoid flying debris. (Stalling on Railroad Tracks, page 106)

23. B: 100 feet

Do not pass other vehicles within 100 feet of a railroad crossing. (Trains, page 153)

24. C: A mile or more

A freight train traveling at 55 mph can take a mile or more to stop. (Trains, page 153)

25. B: Shifting gears

Do not shift gears while crossing railroad tracks in a standard transmission vehicle. (Trains, page 153)