

New York DMV permit practice test 8

From the New York State Driver's Manual (MV-21). Free at permitpracticetestdmv.com/new-york/

25 questions. Circle one answer for each. Answer key on the last page. Name: _____ Score: _____ / 25

1. What is the most common type of crash in a work zone?

- A. Head-on collision
- B. Rear-end collision
- C. Rollover
- D. Side-swipe with workers

2. In a moving work zone (such as line painting or mowing), how long should you obey the work zone signs?

- A. Until you no longer see workers
- B. Until you pass the sign stating the work zone has ended
- C. For one mile
- D. Only while vehicles have flashing lights

3. In a modern roundabout, traffic moves:

- A. Clockwise
- B. Counterclockwise around a central island
- C. In any direction
- D. Straight across the island

4. When entering a roundabout, you must:

- A. Stop at the center island
- B. Yield to traffic already in the roundabout, looking to the left
- C. Expect traffic in the circle to yield to you
- D. Signal left

5. Roundabouts are designed to keep vehicle speeds within the roundabout at:

- A. 15 mph or less
- B. 30 mph or less
- C. 45 mph or less
- D. 55 mph or less

6. A bicyclist is riding in the lane inside a roundabout. You should:

- A. Pass the bicycle carefully
- B. Not pass the bicycle in the roundabout
- C. Honk so the cyclist moves aside
- D. Speed up to get ahead before your exit

7. Which signal should you use as you approach your exit from a roundabout?

- A. Left turn signal
- B. Right turn signal
- C. Hazard lights
- D. No signal is needed

8. Another car is waiting at a roundabout's yield line ahead of you. Where should you stop?

- A. In the crosswalk
- B. Behind the crosswalk, keeping it clear for pedestrians
- C. Beside the other car
- D. On the central island

9. How often does the manual recommend stopping on a long trip to prevent fatigue?

- A. Every 50 miles or one hour
- B. Every 100 miles or two hours
- C. Every 200 miles or four hours
- D. Only when you feel tired

10. If you feel drowsy while driving, the manual recommends:

- A. Opening the window and turning up the radio
- B. Pulling off into a safe area away from traffic and taking a brief 15- to 45-minute nap
- C. Driving faster to get home sooner
- D. Chewing gum

11. After waking from sleep, how long should you wait before driving?

- A. No wait is needed
- B. At least 15 minutes
- C. At least 2 hours
- D. At least 1 hour

12. Which group is noted as most likely to have drowsy driving crashes?

- A. Senior citizens
- B. Young people who stay up late, sleep too little and drive at night
- C. Commercial bus drivers
- D. Drivers of electric cars

13. Which of these is a symptom of drowsy driving?

- A. Not remembering driving the last few miles
- B. Feeling hungry
- C. Checking mirrors frequently
- D. Keeping a steady lane position

14. In New York, using a hand-held mobile phone to talk while driving is:

- A. Legal if you are stopped at a light
- B. A traffic infraction
- C. Legal for drivers over 21
- D. Allowed on expressways only

15. What is the penalty for a first offense of hand-held cell phone use while driving in New York, as stated in the manual?

- A. A warning
- B. A fine up to \$200 and five license points
- C. A fine up to \$50 and two points
- D. License revocation

16. When may an adult driver use a hands-free phone in New York?

- A. Never
- B. At any time
- C. Only when stopped
- D. Only on expressways

17. What is the maximum fine for a first texting-while-driving offense in New York?

- A. \$100
- B. \$200
- C. \$250
- D. \$450

18. What is the maximum fine for a third texting offense committed within 18 months?

- A. \$200
- B. \$250
- C. \$450
- D. \$1,000

19. A driver with a junior or probationary license is convicted of texting while driving for the first time. What happens?

- A. A fine only
- B. A 120-day suspension
- C. A 30-day suspension
- D. A one-year revocation

20. How often must a vehicle driven or parked on public highways be inspected?

- A. Every two years
- B. At least once a year
- C. Only when sold
- D. Every five years

21. Your brakes pull to one side after driving through deep water. What can you do?

- A. Pump them hard
- B. Dry them by riding the brake pedal lightly
- C. Ignore it
- D. Drive faster to dry them

22. What is the minimum legal tire tread depth in New York?

- A. 1/32 of an inch
- B. 2/32 of an inch
- C. 4/32 of an inch
- D. 6/32 of an inch

23. You put a penny head-first into your tire's deepest groove and can see all of Lincoln's head.

This means:

- A. Your tires are fine
- B. Your tires are too worn and should be replaced
- C. Your tire pressure is low
- D. The tire is a snow tire

24. A whining noise when you make a sharp turn may indicate a problem with your:

- A. Brakes
- B. Steering
- C. Exhaust
- D. Headlights

25. How should the horn be used?

- A. To express anger at other drivers
- B. As safety equipment to warn others of possible problems
- C. Never in New York
- D. Only on expressways

Answer key: New York practice test 8

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1. B: Rear-end collision

The rear-end collision is the most common work zone crash; keep two seconds or more of braking distance. (How to Drive Safely in Work Zones: Work Zone Tips, page 49)

2. B: Until you pass the sign stating the work zone has ended

Workers can be close even if you don't see them; obey the signs until you pass the one saying the work zone has ended. (How to Drive Safely in Work Zones: Work Zone Tips, page 49)

3. B: Counterclockwise around a central island

A modern roundabout is a circular intersection where traffic moves counterclockwise around a central island with yield control at entry. (Roundabouts, page 50)

4. B: Yield to traffic already in the roundabout, looking to the left

Roundabouts follow 'yield-at-entry'. Look left; traffic in the roundabout has the right-of-way. Enter when there is an adequate gap. (Roundabouts, page 50)

5. B: 30 mph or less

Roundabouts are designed so the speed of all vehicles is restricted to 30 mph or less within the roundabout. (Roundabouts, page 50)

6. B: Not pass the bicycle in the roundabout

Bicyclists may ride in the roundabout lane like other vehicles; do not pass a bicycle in the roundabout. (Roundabouts, page 50)

7. B: Right turn signal

As you approach your exit, turn on your right turn signal, then exit while yielding to pedestrians in the crosswalk. (Roundabouts: Exiting the Roundabout, page 51)

8. B: Behind the crosswalk, keeping it clear for pedestrians

If another car is waiting at the yield line, do not stop in the crosswalk; keep it clear for pedestrians. (Roundabouts, page 50)

9. B: Every 100 miles or two hours

Schedule regular stops every 100 miles or two hours, get enough sleep, and drive long trips with a companion if possible. (Drowsy and Fatigued Driving: Effective Countermeasures, page 52)

10. B: Pulling off into a safe area away from traffic and taking a brief 15- to 45-minute nap

Don't rely on radio or open windows. Pull off into a safe area and take a brief nap (15 to 45 minutes); caffeine takes about 30 minutes to work. (Drowsy and Fatigued Driving: Actions for the Drowsy Driver, page 52)

11. B: At least 15 minutes

The manual advises not to drive for at least 15 minutes after waking from sleep. (Drowsy and Fatigued Driving: Effective Countermeasures, page 52)

12. B: Young people who stay up late, sleep too little and drive at night

Drowsy driving crashes are most common among young people, who tend to stay up late, sleep too little and drive at night. (Drowsy and Fatigued Driving: Who is Most at Risk?, page 51)

13. A: Not remembering driving the last few miles

Symptoms include eyes closing or losing focus, repeated yawning, wandering thoughts, not remembering the last few miles, drifting and hitting rumble strips. (Drowsy and Fatigued Driving: Symptoms of Fatigue, page 51)

14. B: A traffic infraction

It is a traffic infraction to speak into or listen to a hand-held mobile phone while driving. (Using a Cellular or Mobile Telephone, page 52)

15. B: A fine up to \$200 and five license points

A first offense can bring a fine up to \$200 and five license points. (Using a Cellular or Mobile Telephone, page 52)

16. B: At any time

A hands-free phone lets you communicate without using either hand, and a driver can use one at any time. (Using a Cellular or Mobile Telephone, page 52)

17. B: \$200

The first offense fine for texting is up to \$200; a second within 18 months up to \$250; a third or more within 18 months up to \$450. (Penalties for texting, electronic device use, page 52)

18. C: \$450

A third or subsequent texting offense within 18 months carries a fine of up to \$450. (Penalties for texting, electronic device use, page 52)

19. B: A 120-day suspension

Probationary and junior license holders who use a hand-held phone or text while driving receive a 120-day suspension for a first conviction. (Penalties for texting, electronic device use, page 52)

20. B: At least once a year

No vehicle may operate or park on public highways unless it has been inspected at least once a year. (Vehicle Condition, page 53)

21. B: Dry them by riding the brake pedal lightly

Brakes that pull to one side may be wet; you can dry them by riding the pedal lightly. If that doesn't help, have them checked. (Vehicle Condition, page 53)

22. B: 2/32 of an inch

The law requires tires to have at least 2/32nds of an inch of tread. (Vehicle Condition, page 53)

23. B: Your tires are too worn and should be replaced

If you can see all of Lincoln's head, your tires are too worn; don't drive on them and get them replaced. (Vehicle Condition, page 53)

24. B: Steering

A whine during a sharp turn can indicate a steering problem; check power steering fluid periodically. (Vehicle Condition, page 53)

25. B: As safety equipment to warn others of possible problems

The horn is important safety equipment for warning others; it should not be used to express anger. (Vehicle Condition, page 53)