

Oklahoma DMV (Service Oklahoma) permit practice test 2

From the Oklahoma Driver Manual. Free at permitpracticetestdmv.com/oklahoma/

25 questions. Circle one answer for each. Answer key on the last page. Name: _____ Score: _____ / 25

1. What is Oklahoma's minimum liability insurance for injury or death of two or more persons per accident?

- A. \$100,000
- B. \$50,000
- C. \$75,000
- D. \$25,000

2. What is Oklahoma's minimum property damage liability coverage per accident?

- A. \$25,000
- B. \$50,000
- C. \$15,000
- D. \$10,000

3. What is the penalty for failing to show proof of insurance to a police officer in Oklahoma?

- A. A \$25 fine
- B. A warning only
- C. Points only
- D. A fine of up to \$250, 30 days in jail or both, plus license and registration suspension

4. Service Oklahoma will suspend the license of an uninsured driver involved in a collision with any injury or property damage of at least:

- A. \$1,000
- B. \$500
- C. \$100
- D. \$2,500

5. What does Oklahoma call the proof of liability insurance you must carry?

- A. Insurance binder
- B. Security verification form
- C. Liability certificate
- D. Green card

6. Who must wear a seat belt under Oklahoma law?

- A. The driver and front-seat passengers
- B. Everyone in the vehicle
- C. Only the driver
- D. Only passengers under 18

7. In Oklahoma, children under what age must be protected by a child passenger restraint system?

- A. Under 8
- B. Under 4
- C. Under 6
- D. Under 12

8. Until what age must a child ride rear-facing in Oklahoma (or until the seat's limit)?

- A. 3 years
- B. 1 year
- C. 2 years
- D. 4 years

9. If your car has a passenger-side air bag, where should children under 12 ride?

- A. Front seat with the seat back
- B. Back seat
- C. Anywhere if belted
- D. On an adult's lap

10. About how much safer is the back seat than the front seat, according to the Oklahoma manual?

- A. No safer
- B. At least 26 percent
- C. At least 10 percent
- D. At least 50 percent

11. A red circle with a line through it on a sign means:

- A. Railroad crossing
- B. Caution
- C. Do not or not allowed
- D. Stop ahead

12. In Oklahoma's sign color system, what does fluorescent yellow-green indicate?

- A. Motorist services
- B. Recreation areas
- C. Schools, pedestrians and bicycling
- D. Construction

13. What does a rectangular sign always indicate, according to the Oklahoma manual?

- A. A school zone
- B. A service
- C. A warning
- D. A regulatory sign telling you about laws or giving instructions

14. What shape and color are most Oklahoma warning signs?

- A. Triangular, red
- B. Diamond-shaped, yellow with black letters
- C. Round, yellow
- D. Rectangular, white

15. When you see a School Zone sign with its yellow light flashing, what must you do?

- A. Proceed at normal speed
- B. Reduce your speed to the limit shown
- C. Stop
- D. Honk

16. Stripes sloping downward to the right on a barricade or warning sign mean:

- A. Stop
- B. Bear to the left
- C. Road closed
- D. Bear to the right

17. What color are Oklahoma construction and maintenance signs?

- A. Brown
- B. Yellow
- C. Orange
- D. Green

18. What color are service signs that show where gas, food and motels are?

- A. Blue
- B. Brown
- C. White
- D. Green

19. Approaching a railroad crossing, your view down the track is blocked in one direction. What should you do?

- A. Speed up to clear the tracks quickly
- B. Drive very slowly until you can see down the track
- C. Honk and continue at normal speed
- D. Stop on the tracks to look

20. Which vehicles are required by law to stop at railroad crossings in Oklahoma?

- A. All trucks
- B. Motorcycles
- C. School buses, church buses, motor coaches and vehicles hauling explosives or flammable liquids
- D. Pickup trucks

21. When may you pass a vehicle that is required to stop at a railroad crossing?

- A. When no train is visible
- B. Only when driving on a multi-lane highway
- C. When the crossing has no lights
- D. Never

22. A crossbuck has flashing lights and a gate. When must you stop?

- A. Only if you see a train
- B. Only at night
- C. When the lights begin flashing and before the gate comes down
- D. When the gate is fully down

23. What is a railroad 'Quiet Zone'?

- A. A hospital area
- B. A place where trains don't run at night
- C. An area where trains do not blow their horn during normal operation
- D. A zone where cars must turn off radios

24. When are speeding fines doubled in Oklahoma construction and maintenance zones?

- A. Only on turnpikes
- B. Only at night
- C. Always
- D. When workers or equipment are present

25. What is the penalty for failing to obey construction and maintenance signs, signals and markings in Oklahoma?

- A. A misdemeanor: \$100 to \$1,000 fine and/or up to 30 days in jail
- B. Points only
- C. A \$20 fine
- D. A warning

Answer key: Oklahoma practice test 2

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1. B: \$50,000

Minimums are \$25,000 for one person, \$50,000 for two or more persons and \$25,000 property damage, per accident. (Financial Responsibility—Liability Insurance Requirements, page 72)

2. A: \$25,000

Oklahoma requires \$25,000 for property damage. (Financial Responsibility—Liability Insurance Requirements, page 72)

3. D: A fine of up to \$250, 30 days in jail or both, plus license and registration suspension

Failure to comply or produce proof can bring a fine up to \$250, 30 days in jail or both, plus suspension of license and registration. (Financial Responsibility—Penalty for Not Having Insurance, page 72)

4. B: \$500

Service Oklahoma will suspend the license of the uninsured driver/owner in a collision with any injury or property damage of \$500 or more. (Financial Responsibility and Compulsory Liability Insurance, page 16)

5. B: Security verification form

At a crash or traffic stop you must show a current security verification form (proof of liability insurance). (Financial Responsibility and Compulsory Liability Insurance, page 16)

6. A: The driver and front-seat passengers

Every driver and front-seat passenger must wear a properly adjusted and fastened seat belt. (Mandatory Safety Requirements—Seat Belts, page 17)

7. A: Under 8

Drivers transporting a child under 8 must properly use a child passenger restraint system. (Child Passenger Restraint System, page 17)

8. C: 2 years

The restraint must be rear-facing until the child reaches 2 years of age or the manufacturer's weight or height limit. (Child Passenger Restraint System, page 17)

9. B: Back seat

Air bags have killed children and small adults; children under 12 should ride in the back seat. (Child Passenger Restraint System: Passenger Air Bags, page 17)

10. B: At least 26 percent

Even without air bags, the back seat is at least 26 percent safer because most serious crashes involve the front of the vehicle. (Child Passenger Restraint System, page 17)

11. C: Do not or not allowed

A red circle with a line through it means 'DO NOT' or 'NOT ALLOWED'. (Signs, Signals and Markings, page 19)

12. C: Schools, pedestrians and bicycling

Fluorescent yellow-green is the high-emphasis warning color for schools, pedestrians and bicycling. (Signs, Signals and Markings (color chart), page 19)

13. D: A regulatory sign telling you about laws or giving instructions

A rectangle is always a regulatory sign; speed limit signs are regulatory. (Signs, Signals and Markings, page 19)

14. B: Diamond-shaped, yellow with black letters

Warning signs are diamond-shaped with a yellow background and black letters. (Warning Signs, page 21)

15. B: Reduce your speed to the limit shown

When the yellow light is flashing on a School Zone sign you must reduce your speed to the limit shown and watch for children. (Regulatory Signs—Black and White Rectangles, page 20)

16. D: Bear to the right

Stripes sloping downward to the right mean bear to the right; sloping to the left mean bear to the left. (Warning Signs—Black on a Yellow Background, page 22)

17. C: Orange

Orange means work zone, which means danger. (Construction and Maintenance Signs, page 23)

18. A: Blue

Service signs are blue and show facilities such as service stations, restaurants and motels. (Service Signs—Blue, page 25)

19. B: Drive very slowly until you can see down the track

If your view of the track is blocked either way, creep forward very slowly until you can see clearly down the track; stop if a train is coming. (Railroad Warning Signs, page 22)

20. C: School buses, church buses, motor coaches and vehicles hauling explosives or flammable liquids

School buses, church buses, motor coaches and any vehicles hauling explosives or flammable liquids must stop. (Railroad Warning Signs, page 22)

21. B: Only when driving on a multi-lane highway

Do not pass a vehicle required to stop at a crossing except when driving on a multi-lane highway. (Railroad Warning Signs, page 22)

22. C: When the lights begin flashing and before the gate comes down

Stop when the lights begin flashing and before the gate comes down; stay stopped until the gates rise and lights stop. (Crossbuck with Flashing Lights and Gate, page 23)

23. C: An area where trains do not blow their horn during normal operation

In a Quiet Zone trains do not sound horns during normal operation, but may for emergencies; look for a 'No Train Horn' sign. (Quiet Zones, page 23)

24. D: When workers or equipment are present

Speeding fines are doubled in construction and maintenance zones when workers or equipment are present. (Construction and Maintenance Signs, page 23)

25. A: A misdemeanor: \$100 to \$1,000 fine and/or up to 30 days in jail

On conviction it's a misdemeanor punishable by a fine of \$100 to \$1,000 and/or up to 30 days in jail, plus liability for damage or injury. (Penalty for Failing to Obey Construction and Maintenance Signs, page 24)