

Rhode Island DMV permit practice test 4

From the Rhode Island Driver's Manual. Free at permitpracticetestdmv.com/rhode-island/

25 questions. Circle one answer for each. Answer key on the last page. Name: _____ Score: _____ / 25

1. Under Rhode Island law, where should you stop at a stop sign when there's a crosswalk?

- A. Past the crosswalk
- B. At the curb line of the cross street
- C. In the crosswalk
- D. Before entering the crosswalk on the near side

2. At a four-way stop, two vehicles arrive at the same time. To whom do you yield?

- A. The larger vehicle
- B. No one
- C. The vehicle on your right
- D. The vehicle on your left

3. At a four-way stop, which vehicles must you yield to once you have stopped?

- A. Those that arrive after you
- B. Only trucks
- C. Those that stopped before you arrived
- D. No one

4. When pulling out of a parking space into traffic, which lane should you enter?

- A. The far lane
- B. Any lane
- C. The center turn lane
- D. The driving lane closest to the parking space

5. How close to a fire hydrant may you park in Rhode Island?

- A. Not within 5 feet
- B. Not within 8 feet
- C. Not within 10 feet
- D. Not within 15 feet

6. Within how many feet of a crosswalk at an intersection may you not park in Rhode Island?

- A. 10 feet
- B. 15 feet
- C. 20 feet
- D. 30 feet

7. Within how many feet of a stop sign, traffic light or flashing light may you not park in Rhode Island?

- A. 15 feet
- B. 20 feet
- C. 30 feet

D. 50 feet

8. How close to the nearest rail of a railroad crossing may you park in Rhode Island (except briefly to load/unload)?

- A. Not within 15 feet
- B. Not within 25 feet
- C. Not within 50 feet
- D. Not within 100 feet

9. Within how many feet of a fire station driveway may you not park in Rhode Island?

- A. 10 feet
- B. 20 feet
- C. 30 feet
- D. 50 feet

10. On a two-lane road, how far from the curb may your right wheels be when parked?

- A. Up to 12 inches
- B. Up to 6 inches
- C. Up to 18 inches
- D. Up to 24 inches

11. On a one-way road, how must a parked vehicle be positioned?

- A. At an angle
- B. Either wheel within 12 inches of the side, facing the direction of traffic
- C. Facing either way
- D. Only on the left

12. May you park at a curb cut or ramp for handicapped persons?

- A. Only at night
- B. Only with hazards on
- C. Yes, briefly
- D. No

13. On the road test hill start, what will the examiner ask you to do?

- A. Use only the foot brake
- B. Pull to the right, stop, set the parking brake and shift to neutral
- C. Keep the engine off
- D. Roll back slightly

14. Leaving a private driveway in Rhode Island, where must you stop?

- A. Only if a car is coming
- B. Only at the curb line
- C. Nowhere
- D. At the sidewalk and again at the curb line

15. Which three questions must all be 'yes' before passing?

- A. Is it daytime? Is it dry? Is it straight?
- B. Is it fast? Is it fun? Is it fair?
- C. Is the car slow? Am I late? Is the lane open?
- D. Is passing legal? Is passing safe? Is passing worth it?

16. When you are being passed, what should you do?

- A. Speed up
- B. Brake hard
- C. Reduce your speed a little and keep to the right
- D. Move left

17. When is it safe to return to the right lane after passing?

- A. When the driver waves
- B. When you see the passed vehicle's tires on the pavement in your inside rear-view mirror
- C. When the passed car's headlights appear
- D. After 3 seconds

18. How many vehicles should you pass at one time?

- A. Never more than one
- B. Two
- C. As many as possible
- D. Three

19. At night, how can you warn a driver ahead that you intend to pass?

- A. Tailgate
- B. Flash hazard lights
- C. Honk repeatedly
- D. Blink your headlights from low to high and back to low

20. May you drive off the pavement to pass on the right in Rhode Island?

- A. Only on highways
- B. Under no conditions
- C. Only to pass left-turners
- D. Yes, if clear

21. If you are backing up more than how far, should you turn on your hazard lights?

- A. 10 feet
- B. 30 feet
- C. 50 feet
- D. 100 feet

22. While backing, how should you look?

- A. Straight ahead
- B. Only in the mirrors
- C. Over your right shoulder, partially turning your body
- D. Out the side window only

23. On a freeway, which lane is for slower traffic and entering or exiting?

- A. Any lane
- B. The right lane
- C. The middle lane
- D. The far-left lane

24. If you must stop on a freeway for an emergency, where should you move your vehicle?

- A. Into the breakdown lane if possible
- B. The median
- C. Stay in the travel lane
- D. The left lane

25. What speed limit does Rhode Island law set in residential areas?

- A. 20 mph
- B. 25 mph
- C. 30 mph
- D. 35 mph

Answer key: Rhode Island practice test 4

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1. D: Before entering the crosswalk on the near side

Stop before entering the crosswalk on the near side; if none, at the stop line; if none, where you can see approaching traffic. (Stopping and Parking, page 32)

2. C: The vehicle on your right

If two vehicles arrive at the same time, yield to the vehicle on your right. (Four-Way Stops, page 32)

3. C: Those that stopped before you arrived

Yield to all vehicles that were stopped before you arrived; those arriving after you yield to you. (Four-Way Stops, page 32)

4. D: The driving lane closest to the parking space

Enter the driving lane closest to the parking space after signaling and checking blind spots. (Stopping and Parking, page 32)

5. B: Not within 8 feet

You may not park within 8 feet of a fire hydrant. (Where you may not park or stop, page 33)

6. C: 20 feet

You may not park within 20 feet of a crosswalk at an intersection. (Where you may not park or stop, page 33)

7. C: 30 feet

Parking is banned within 30 feet of a stop sign, a traffic signal, or a flashing red or yellow light. (Where you may not park or stop, page 33)

8. C: Not within 50 feet

You may not park within 50 feet of the nearest rail of a railroad crossing. (Where you may not park or stop, page 33)

9. B: 20 feet

You may not park within 20 feet of a fire station driveway, or within 75 feet across the street where signs are posted. (Where you may not park or stop, page 33)

10. A: Up to 12 inches

On a two-lane road, park with your right-side wheels no more than 12 inches from the curb or road edge. (Where you may not park or stop, page 33)

11. B: Either wheel within 12 inches of the side, facing the direction of traffic

On a one-way road either side's wheels may be within twelve inches of the side, headed the way traffic goes. (Where you may not park or stop, page 33)

12. D: No

Parking at any curb cut or ramp for handicapped persons is prohibited. (Where you may not park or stop, page 33)

13. B: Pull to the right, stop, set the parking brake and shift to neutral

You'll pull right, stop, set the parking brake and shift to neutral; the parking brake must hold the vehicle. (Starting on a Hill, page 33)

14. D: At the sidewalk and again at the curb line

Stop at the sidewalk to check for pedestrians, then stop again at the curb line to check for traffic. (Entering the Roadway from a Private Road or Driveway, page 33)

15. D: Is passing legal? Is passing safe? Is passing worth it?

All three must be yes: Is passing legal? Is it safe? Is it worth it? (Passing Another Vehicle, page 33)

16. C: Reduce your speed a little and keep to the right

Easing off slightly and staying right helps the passing driver get by and back in safely. (Passing Another Vehicle, page 34)

17. B: When you see the passed vehicle's tires on the pavement in your inside rear-view mirror

Go far enough that you can see the tires of the passed vehicle on the pavement in your inside mirror. (Passing Another Vehicle, page 34)

18. A: Never more than one

Never pass more than one vehicle. (Passing Another Vehicle, page 34)

19. D: Blink your headlights from low to high and back to low

At night it may be necessary to blink from low beam to high beam and back to warn the driver ahead. (Passing Another Vehicle, page 34)

20. B: Under no conditions

Passing on the right is only allowed on the paved travel lanes; leaving the pavement to pass is never allowed. (Passing Another Vehicle, page 34)

21. B: 30 feet

If backing more than 30 feet, it is recommended to activate your hazard lights. (Proper Backing Procedures, page 34)

22. C: Over your right shoulder, partially turning your body

Turn your body and look back over your right shoulder while backing, keeping control of the car. (Proper Backing Procedures, page 34)

23. B: The right lane

The right lane is for slower traffic and for motorists entering and exiting; middle lanes are for through traffic. (Freeway/Highway Driving Limited Access Highway, page 35)

24. A: Into the breakdown lane if possible

Signal and move into the breakdown lane if possible; watch for vehicles wrongly using it. (Freeway/Highway Driving Limited Access Highway, page 35)

25. B: 25 mph

State law sets 25 mph for residential areas (most highways are 50-65 mph). (Safe Driving on the Highway, page 35)