

Tennessee TDOSHS permit practice test 11

From the Tennessee Comprehensive Driver License Manual. Free at permitpracticetestdmv.com/tennessee/

25 questions. Circle one answer for each. Answer key on the last page. Name: _____ Score: _____ / 25

1. Under Tennessee's implied consent law, what is the likely result of refusing a requested test after arrest?

- A. Court suspension of driving privileges for 12 months
- B. A \$50 fine
- C. Nothing
- D. A 30-day suspension

2. What does Tennessee's 2012 'No Refusal' law allow?

- A. Courts to dismiss DUIs
- B. Officers to seek search warrants for blood samples from suspected impaired drivers
- C. Drivers to refuse all tests
- D. Bars to refuse service

3. What does a Tennessee DUI conviction require as a condition of probation?

- A. Litter pick-up for three eight-hour shifts while wearing an 'I am a DRUNK DRIVER' vest
- B. A letter of apology
- C. Community theater
- D. Nothing extra

4. Under Tennessee's Drunk Driving Child Protection Act, what is added when a DUI offender has a child under 18 in the vehicle?

- A. A warning
- B. Nothing extra
- C. A mandatory minimum 30 days in jail and \$1,000 fine
- D. A \$100 fine

5. A driver under the influence causes a crash that kills another person. What charge may they face?

- A. Vehicular homicide
- B. Failure to yield
- C. Reckless driving
- D. Simple DUI only

6. What is the minimum jail time for a first DUI conviction in Tennessee?

- A. 30 days
- B. 48 hours (7 days if BAC is 0.20% or more)
- C. One year
- D. None

7. What is the license revocation period for a first DUI conviction in Tennessee?

- A. Two years
- B. Six months
- C. 30 days
- D. One year

8. What fine range applies to a first DUI conviction in Tennessee?

- A. \$50-\$250
- B. \$350-\$1,500
- C. \$1,100-\$10,000
- D. \$3,000-\$15,000

9. How is a fourth or subsequent DUI conviction classified in Tennessee?

- A. A Class E felony
- B. A misdemeanor
- C. A civil infraction
- D. A traffic citation

10. When will a Tennessee driver's vehicle be seized for DUI?

- A. With two DUI convictions within five years, both after January 1997
- B. Only if someone is hurt
- C. Never
- D. On any first DUI

11. What does an ignition interlock device do?

- A. Locks the doors
- B. Limits speed
- C. Tracks the car's location
- D. Keeps the car from starting if the driver's BAC is too high

12. Are the penalties for DUI on prescription drugs different from DUI on alcohol in Tennessee?

- A. No, they carry the same penalties
- B. Only a warning
- C. Yes, there is no penalty
- D. Yes, much lower

13. A 19-year-old is convicted of possessing alcohol, though not driving. What happens to their driving privilege?

- A. Six months probation
- B. Nothing, since they weren't driving
- C. A \$25 fine only
- D. They lose it for one year (two years for a second offense)

14. A 15-year-old is found to have possessed alcohol. What happens to their driving privilege?

- A. Suspended for one year or until age 17, whichever is longer
- B. They pay a fine only
- C. Suspended 30 days
- D. Nothing until they get a license

15. What BAC makes a Tennessee driver age 16-20 guilty of underage driving while impaired?

- A. .08
- B. .00
- C. .05
- D. .02

16. What are the penalties for underage driving while impaired in Tennessee?

- A. Loss of license for one year, a \$250 fine, and sometimes public service
- B. Six months probation
- C. Warning only
- D. \$1,000 fine

17. Why are young drivers more at risk at BACs between .01 and .08?

- A. Low tolerance for alcohol and limited driving experience
- B. They drive newer cars
- C. They drink stronger drinks
- D. They weigh more

18. What is the designated driver concept?

- A. Driving only short distances after drinking
- B. Taking turns driving after drinking
- C. Friends agree ahead of time which person will remain strictly sober and drive
- D. The oldest person drives

19. When is the best time to decide not to drive after a night out?

- A. When you feel drunk
- B. When leaving the party
- C. After the first drink
- D. Before you start drinking

20. A 12-ounce bottle of beer contains about the same alcohol as:

- A. A 12-ounce glass of wine
- B. Three shots of whiskey
- C. A 1-ounce shot of whiskey
- D. Half a shot of whiskey

21. What is the first thing affected after drinking alcohol?

- A. Vision
- B. Judgment
- C. Muscle strength
- D. Hearing

22. About how long does it take to cancel the effects of three drinks?

- A. Two hours
- B. One hour
- C. About three hours
- D. 30 minutes

23. How many drinks in three hours or less impair the driving ability of most people?

- A. Five
- B. Seven
- C. Two or three
- D. One

24. According to the manual, alcohol-related vehicle crashes are the number one killer of people under what age?

- A. Under 65
- B. Under 30
- C. Under 21
- D. Under 40

25. Cold tablets, cough syrups and allergy remedies may contain what substances that are dangerous for drivers?

- A. Antihistamines, alcohol or codeine
- B. Vitamins
- C. Caffeine only
- D. Nothing harmful

Answer key: Tennessee practice test 11

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1. A: Court suspension of driving privileges for 12 months

Refusing the test after arrest will likely result in the court suspending your driving privileges for twelve months. (Section B-7 Alcohol, Other Drugs and Driving: Implied Consent Law, page 95)

2. B: Officers to seek search warrants for blood samples from suspected impaired drivers

The No Refusal law allows law enforcement to seek search warrants for blood samples in suspected impaired-driving cases. (Section B-7 Alcohol, Other Drugs and Driving: No Refusal Law, page 95)

3. A: Litter pick-up for three eight-hour shifts while wearing an 'I am a DRUNK DRIVER' vest

A DUI conviction requires litter pick-up for three eight-hour shifts while wearing clothing displaying 'I am a DRUNK DRIVER'. (Section B-7: Penalties Applying to Any DUI Conviction, page 95)

4. C: A mandatory minimum 30 days in jail and \$1,000 fine

DUI with a child under 18 in the vehicle adds a mandatory minimum 30-day jail sentence and a \$1,000 minimum fine. (Section B-7: Penalties Applying to Any DUI Conviction, page 96)

5. A: Vehicular homicide

If you drive impaired and are involved in a crash that kills someone, you may be charged with vehicular homicide. (Section B-7: Penalties Applying to Any DUI Conviction, page 96)

6. B: 48 hours (7 days if BAC is 0.20% or more)

A first DUI conviction carries 48 hours in jail, or 7 days if the BAC is 0.20% or more. (Section B-7: DUI Penalties, page 96)

7. D: One year

The DUI penalty table lists a 1-year license revocation for a first conviction and 2 years for a second. (Section B-7: DUI Penalties, page 96)

8. B: \$350-\$1,500

The first-conviction fine range is \$350 to \$1,500. (Section B-7: DUI Penalties, page 96)

9. A: A Class E felony

A fourth or subsequent DUI conviction is a Class E felony. (Section B-7: DUI Penalties, page 96)

10. A: With two DUI convictions within five years, both after January 1997

The vehicle will be seized if the driver has two DUI convictions within five years and both happened after January 1997. (Section B-7: Additional DUI Penalties, page 96)

11. D: Keeps the car from starting if the driver's BAC is too high

An ignition interlock keeps a car from starting if the driver's BAC is too high. (Section B-7: Additional DUI Penalties, page 96)

12. A: No, they carry the same penalties

Driving under the influence of drugs, even prescription drugs, carries the same penalties as alcohol. (Section B-7: Additional DUI Penalties, page 96)

13. D: They lose it for one year (two years for a second offense)

Ages 18-20 convicted of buying, trying to buy or possessing alcohol lose the privilege to drive for one year (two years on a second offense), even if not driving. (Section B-7: Under 21 Laws, page 97)

14. A: Suspended for one year or until age 17, whichever is longer

Ages 13-17 found possessing, consuming or selling alcohol or drugs lose driving privileges for one year or until 17, whichever is longer—even if never licensed. (Section B-7: Under 21 Laws, page 97)

15. D: .02

A driver at least 16 but under 21 found driving with a BAC of .02 (or under the influence) is convicted of underage driving while impaired. (Section B-7: Under 21 Laws, page 97)

16. A: Loss of license for one year, a \$250 fine, and sometimes public service

Penalties are losing your license for one year, a \$250 fine, and sometimes public service work. (Section B-7: Under 21 Laws, page 97)

17. A: Low tolerance for alcohol and limited driving experience

Young drivers' crash risk is much greater at low BACs because of low tolerance for alcohol and limited driving experience. (Section B-7: Young Driver Risks and Laws, page 97)

18. C: Friends agree ahead of time which person will remain strictly sober and drive

The designated driver concept means friends decide in advance who will stay completely sober and drive. (Section B-7: Under 21 Laws, page 97)

19. D: Before you start drinking

Decide before you start drinking that you won't drive, because alcohol affects judgment and makes the decision harder. (Section B-7: Prevention of Drinking and Driving, page 97)

20. C: A 1-ounce shot of whiskey

The alcohol in one 12-ounce beer is about equal to that in a 1-ounce shot of whiskey. (Section B-7: Did You Know?, page 97)

21. B: Judgment

The first thing affected after drinking is a person's judgment. (Section B-7: Did You Know?, page 97)

22. C: About three hours

It takes about one hour to cancel the effects of one drink, so about three hours for three drinks. (Section B-7: Did You Know?, page 97)

23. C: Two or three

Research shows two or three drinks in three hours or less impair the driving ability of most individuals. (Section B-7: Did You Know?, page 97)

24. D: Under 40

Alcohol-related vehicle crashes are the number one killer of persons under the age of 40. (Section B-7: Did You Know?, page 97)

25. A: Antihistamines, alcohol or codeine

Over-the-counter medicines may contain antihistamines, alcohol, codeine and other compounds especially dangerous for drivers; read the labels. (Section B-7 Alcohol, Other Drugs and Driving: Every Day Drugs, page 95)