

Tennessee TDOSHS permit practice test 8

From the Tennessee Comprehensive Driver License Manual. Free at permitpracticetestdmv.com/tennessee/

25 questions. Circle one answer for each. Answer key on the last page. Name: _____ Score: _____ / 25

1. Where is it illegal to park in Tennessee?

- A. In your own driveway
- B. Along a residential curb 30 feet from a corner
- C. In a marked parking lot space
- D. On a bridge or in a tunnel

2. May you park on the shoulder of a Tennessee interstate?

- A. Yes, at night
- B. Yes, for up to an hour
- C. Yes, anytime
- D. Only in an emergency

3. When backing out of an angle parking space, what should you remember about the front of your car?

- A. It will not move
- B. It will swing in the same direction as the turn
- C. It will swing opposite to the direction of the turn
- D. It always swings left

4. When may you display your four-way hazard flashers while parked?

- A. While parked in a no-parking zone briefly
- B. Whenever you double park
- C. Never
- D. During darkness when the vehicle is disabled or is a traffic hazard

5. How should you enter a Tennessee interstate from an on-ramp?

- A. Enter at 25 mph
- B. Use the acceleration lane to reach interstate speed, signal, and merge when clear
- C. Merge immediately without signaling
- D. Stop at the end of the ramp and wait

6. Why should you avoid stopping at the end of an interstate on-ramp?

- A. You won't have room to reach interstate speed and may be hit from behind
- B. It confuses trucks
- C. It is required
- D. It wastes fuel

7. How far ahead should you scan when driving on the interstate?

- A. 2-3 seconds
- B. 5-8 seconds
- C. 15-20 seconds
- D. 60 seconds

8. You are in the left lane of an interstate and a faster car comes up behind you. What should you do?

- A. Move one lane to your right
- B. Brake to slow them
- C. Hold your lane
- D. Speed up beyond the limit

9. During peak hours on Tennessee interstates, who may NOT use an HOV lane?

- A. A bus with two occupants
- B. A motorcycle with one rider
- C. A car with a parent and a baby in a car seat
- D. A driver alone in a car

10. What are the HOV lane hours on Tennessee interstates described in the manual?

- A. 6-10 a.m. and 3-7 p.m.
- B. 7-9 a.m. and 4-6 p.m.
- C. Weekends only
- D. All day every day

11. What is the fine for violating Tennessee HOV lane rules?

- A. \$10
- B. \$50 plus court costs
- C. \$250
- D. \$500

12. How far ahead of an interstate exit are exit signs usually placed?

- A. At least one mile
- B. Right at the exit
- C. At least 500 feet
- D. At least five miles

13. When leaving the interstate, where should you begin to slow down?

- A. In the left lane
- B. After entering the deceleration lane
- C. Before signaling
- D. On the main lanes well before the exit

14. At a cloverleaf interchange, how do you make a left turn onto the crossroad?

- A. Use the median crossover
- B. Turn left directly across traffic
- C. Take the right turn just after the overpass
- D. Make a U-turn

15. At a diamond interchange, where will the left-turn entrance ramp onto the interstate be found?

- A. There is none
- B. On the median
- C. Before crossing over or under the interstate
- D. After crossing over or under the interstate

16. Who may use the emergency crossovers in an interstate median?

- A. Anyone at night
- B. Trucks
- C. Anyone who missed an exit
- D. Only emergency vehicles and highway maintenance crews

17. What is 'interstate hypnosis'?

- A. Drowsiness or unawareness caused by monotonous interstate driving
- B. A trick drivers use to stay awake
- C. A dizziness from speed
- D. A type of traffic jam

18. How often does the Tennessee manual suggest stopping on long interstate drives?

- A. Only when tired
- B. At least every two hours or about every 100 miles
- C. Every four hours
- D. Every hour or 50 miles

19. What is the maximum number of hours per day the manual says is safest to drive?

- A. Ten
- B. Twelve
- C. Six
- D. Eight

20. Under Tennessee's Move Over Law, a stationary emergency vehicle is on the left shoulder of a four-lane interstate. What should you do?

- A. Move to the left lane
- B. Move into the right lane so the left lane stays clear, if safe
- C. Speed up
- D. Stop behind it

21. Does Tennessee's Move Over Law apply to an ordinary car stopped on the shoulder with its flashers on?

- A. No, only emergency vehicles
- B. Only at night
- C. Yes, on highways of at least four lanes with two going your way, move over or slow down
- D. Only for tow trucks

22. You have a minor crash on a Tennessee interstate with no serious injuries and the cars are drivable. What does the law allow?

- A. Move the vehicles to the emergency lane and wait for police
- B. Drive to the next exit and go home
- C. Leave the cars in the lane until police arrive
- D. Leave the scene

23. What number can you dial from a cell phone in Tennessee to reach the Highway Patrol at no charge?

- A. *THP (*847)
- B. 411
- C. *55
- D. 311

24. Your vehicle breaks down on the interstate. What does the manual recommend?

- A. Leave children by the roadside
- B. Stay in the travel lane
- C. Walk along the interstate for help
- D. Move to the right shoulder, turn on flashers, raise the hood and stay in or near the vehicle away from traffic

25. You see brake lights ahead on the interstate and must slow quickly. How can you warn drivers behind you?

- A. Lightly tap your brake pedal several times
- B. Honk continuously
- C. Turn on high beams
- D. Swerve to the shoulder

Answer key: Tennessee practice test 8

From the Tennessee Comprehensive Driver License Manual. Free at permitpracticetestdmv.com/tennessee/

1. D: On a bridge or in a tunnel

Parking is prohibited on any bridge or in a tunnel, on sidewalks, within intersections, and in other listed places. (Section B-4: Backing and Parking: No Parking Zones, page 79)

2. D: Only in an emergency

Parking on the shoulder of any interstate is illegal except in an emergency. (Section B-4: Backing and Parking: No Parking Zones, page 79)

3. C: It will swing opposite to the direction of the turn

When backing out of an angle space, the front of your car swings opposite to the direction of the turn. (Section B-4: Backing and Parking: Angle Parking, page 81)

4. D: During darkness when the vehicle is disabled or is a traffic hazard

Four-way flashers may be displayed during darkness when a vehicle is disabled or otherwise presents a traffic hazard. Double parking is prohibited. (Section B-4: Backing and Parking: Routine Parking Regulations, page 79)

5. B: Use the acceleration lane to reach interstate speed, signal, and merge when clear

Use the ramp and acceleration lane to reach interstate speed, give a left signal, and merge when the way is clear, yielding to traffic already on the interstate. (Section B-5 Interstate Driving: Entering the Interstate, page 82)

6. A: You won't have room to reach interstate speed and may be hit from behind

Stopping at the end of the ramp leaves you too little room to speed up, and drivers behind you watching for a gap may hit you. (Section B-5 Interstate Driving: Entering the Interstate, page 82)

7. C: 15-20 seconds

Scan the roadway and try to watch 15-20 seconds in front of your vehicle for cars braking, entering or exiting. (Section B-5 Interstate Driving: Driving on the Interstate, page 83)

8. A: Move one lane to your right

If someone comes up behind you at a faster speed in the left lane, move one lane to your right; the left lane is for passing only. (Section B-5 Interstate Driving: Traffic Flow and Speed Control, page 83)

9. D: A driver alone in a car

During HOV hours, solo drivers may not use the lane; vehicles with two or more people (a baby counts), buses, motorcycles and emergency vehicles may. (Section B-5 Interstate Driving: High Occupancy Vehicle (HOV) Lanes, page 83)

10. B: 7-9 a.m. and 4-6 p.m.

HOV restrictions apply during high inbound traffic (7-9 a.m.) and high outbound traffic (4-6 p.m.); at other times the lane is general purpose. (Section B-5 Interstate Driving: High Occupancy Vehicle (HOV) Lanes, page 83)

11. B: \$50 plus court costs

Drivers violating the HOV lane rules are subject to a \$50 fine and court costs. (Section B-5 Interstate Driving: High Occupancy Vehicle (HOV) Lanes, page 83)

12. A: At least one mile

Exit signs are usually placed at least one mile ahead of the exit turn-off. (Section B-5 Interstate Driving: Leaving/Exiting the Interstate, page 83)

13. B: After entering the deceleration lane

Signal, move to the lane nearest the exit, keep your speed until you enter the deceleration lane, then slow to the ramp's posted speed. (Section B-5 Interstate Driving: Leaving/Exiting the Interstate, page 83)

14. C: Take the right turn just after the overpass

At a cloverleaf, all turns are right turns: to go left, take the right-hand ramp just after the overpass. (Section B-5 Interstate Driving: Cloverleaf Interchange, page 84)

15. D: After crossing over or under the interstate

At a diamond interchange, the right-turn entrance ramp comes before crossing the interstate and the left-turn entrance ramp comes after crossing it. (Section B-5 Interstate Driving: Diamond Interchange, page 84)

16. D: Only emergency vehicles and highway maintenance crews

Only emergency vehicles and highway maintenance crews may cross an interstate median; it is illegal for others to use crossovers to turn around. (Section B-5 Interstate Driving: Special Interstate Driving Instructions, page 84)

17. A: Drowsiness or unawareness caused by monotonous interstate driving

Interstate hypnosis is drowsiness or unawareness brought on by reduced activity and steady wind, engine and tire sounds on long drives. (Section B-5 Interstate Driving: Fight Interstate Hypnosis, page 85)

18. B: At least every two hours or about every 100 miles

Take a break and get out of the car at least every two hours or every 100 miles or so. (Section B-5 Interstate Driving: Fight Interstate Hypnosis, page 85)

19. D: Eight

It is safest for you and others not to drive more than eight hours per day. (Section B-5 Interstate Driving: Fight Interstate Hypnosis, page 85)

20. B: Move into the right lane so the left lane stays clear, if safe

The rule applies on either side: if the vehicle is on the left shoulder, merge into the right lane, freeing the left lane as a safety barrier. (Section B-5 Interstate Driving: Move Over Law, page 86)

21. C: Yes, on highways of at least four lanes with two going your way, move over or slow down

The law now also applies to any stationary motor vehicle on the shoulder, emergency lane or median with flashing lights. (Section B-5 Interstate Driving: Move Over Law, page 86)

22. A: Move the vehicles to the emergency lane and wait for police

If no one is seriously injured or killed and vehicles are drivable, you may move them to the emergency lane and await the officer; never leave the scene. (Section B-5 Interstate Driving: Vehicle Breakdowns, Crashes and Emergency Stopping, page 87)

23. A: *THP (*847)

Dial *THP (*847) to connect at no charge with the nearest Tennessee Highway Patrol dispatcher. (Section B-5 Interstate Driving: *THP – A Free Cell Phone Call for Help, page 87)

24. D: Move to the right shoulder, turn on flashers, raise the hood and stay in or near the vehicle away from traffic

Move to the right shoulder, turn on flashers, raise the hood and tie a white cloth on it, and stay in or near the vehicle on the side away from traffic. (Section B-5 Interstate Driving: Vehicle Breakdowns, Crashes and Emergency Stopping, page 86)

25. A: Lightly tap your brake pedal several times

If you spot a tie-up causing you to slow or stop, lightly tap your brake pedal several times to alert drivers behind you. (Section B-5 Interstate Driving: Driving on the Interstate, page 83)