

Utah DLD permit practice test 4

From the Utah Driver Handbook (AAMVA Model Non-Commercial). Free at permitpracticetestdmv.com/utah/

25 questions. Circle one answer for each. Answer key on the last page. Name: _____ Score: _____ / 25

1. In Utah, when no sign is posted, what speed is permitted when passing a school building or grounds during recess?

- A. 15 mph
- B. 20 mph
- C. 25 mph
- D. 30 mph

2. In Utah, when no sign is posted, what is the speed limit in business or residential areas?

- A. 20 mph
- B. 25 mph
- C. 30 mph
- D. 35 mph

3. What speed limits may be posted on Utah rural interstate highways?

- A. 55 mph only
- B. 60 mph
- C. 65/70/75/80 mph
- D. 85 mph

4. What does Utah's basic speed law say?

- A. Match the fastest car
- B. Drive 5 mph under the limit
- C. Never drive faster than is reasonable and prudent under existing conditions
- D. Always drive the posted limit

5. According to the Utah handbook, which could be too fast in poor weather?

- A. 10 mph on an icy road
- B. Only speeds over 55
- C. 5 mph in a parking lot
- D. Any speed under 30

6. Can you be cited in Utah for driving too slowly?

- A. Only on freeways at night
- B. Yes, if you are impeding the normal flow of traffic
- C. No
- D. Only under 20 mph

7. In Utah, may you turn right on a red light?

- A. Only with a green arrow
- B. Yes, after a complete stop unless posted otherwise
- C. Never
- D. Yes, without stopping

8. What does a flashing yellow arrow mean in Utah?

- A. Turns are permitted, but yield to oncoming traffic and pedestrians first; oncoming traffic has a green light
- B. Stop and wait
- C. No turns
- D. Protected turn

9. You are stranded by a red left-turn arrow that won't change. When may you turn left?

- A. Never
- B. From a one-way street onto a one-way street, when safe
- C. Only with a police escort
- D. Any time after waiting 2 minutes

10. What does a green arrow light allow?

- A. Proceeding only in the direction of the arrow after yielding to those still in the intersection
- B. U-turns only
- C. Turning without yielding
- D. Going any direction

11. The traffic lights at an intersection are not working. What does Utah require?

- A. Come to a complete stop, then yield to any vehicle on the right unless an officer directs otherwise
- B. Honk and go
- C. Proceed if you're on the main road
- D. Treat it as a yield

12. The light is green, but a police officer signals you to stop. What must you do?

- A. Slow down and go
- B. Go on green
- C. Honk
- D. Stop, because officer instructions override the signal

13. Within how far of a turn may you enter a shared center left-turn lane in Utah?

- A. No more than 100 feet
- B. No more than 500 feet before the turn (unless the last car is farther back)
- C. Any distance
- D. No more than 300 feet

14. On Utah's I-15 express lanes, where may you move in and out of the carpool lane?

- A. Only at exits
- B. Only at access points marked with white dotted striping
- C. Anywhere
- D. Only across double white lines

15. Who may use Utah's I-15 express lanes free of charge?

- A. Vehicles with two or more persons, motorcycles, buses, and C-decal clean fuel vehicles
- B. Only buses
- C. Only trucks
- D. Any single driver

16. When a freeway on-ramp has a ramp meter showing green, how many vehicles may go (unless posted differently)?

- A. Two vehicles
- B. All waiting vehicles
- C. One vehicle
- D. Five vehicles

17. When may you use a runaway vehicle ramp?

- A. Only in an emergency requiring it to stop your vehicle
- B. To turn around
- C. To pass slow traffic
- D. To park and rest

18. At a single-point urban interchange, may you make a U-turn from the off-ramp back onto the freeway?

- A. Yes, if you face a green arrow when you begin the maneuver
- B. Only if no traffic
- C. Only at night
- D. Never

19. At a continuous flow intersection, how do left turns work?

- A. You make a U-turn
- B. Left turns are banned
- C. You turn left directly across traffic
- D. You cross oncoming lanes on an earlier signal, then turn left at a second signal on the far left

20. How does a ThrU-Turn intersection handle left turns?

- A. With a protected left arrow
- B. Left turns are made from the right lane
- C. With a roundabout
- D. Drivers go through, make a signalized U-turn away from the intersection, then come back and turn right

21. Before moving after a stop at an intersection, in what order should you look?

- A. Right, left, right
- B. Only the mirrors
- C. Straight ahead only
- D. Left, right, then left again

22. At a four-way stop, you and another driver arrive at the same time. Whom do you yield to?

- A. The driver going straight
- B. No one
- C. The driver on your right
- D. The driver on your left

23. You are coming out of a driveway or private road onto a public road. Who has the right-of-way?

- A. Drivers on the public road
- B. You do
- C. Whoever is faster
- D. Whoever signals first

24. Above what BAC is a Utah driver (non-CDL) in violation of the law?

- A. 0.02
- B. 0.05
- C. 0.08
- D. 0.10

25. What is the BAC limit for a Utah CDL driver?

- A. 0.02
- B. 0.04
- C. 0.05
- D. 0.08

Answer key: Utah practice test 4

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1. B: 20 mph

Utah permits 20 mph when passing a school during recess or while children are going to or leaving school, or when flashing lights are operating. (Section 9: Rules of the Road: Speed, page 54)

2. B: 25 mph

When no sign is posted and no special hazards exist, 25 mph is permitted in business or residential areas. (Section 9: Rules of the Road: Speed, page 54)

3. C: 65/70/75/80 mph

Rural interstate highways may be posted at 65, 70, 75 or 80 mph, with transition zones marked by pavement markings and signs. (Section 9: Rules of the Road: Speed, page 54)

4. C: Never drive faster than is reasonable and prudent under existing conditions

Utah's basic speed law says you may never drive faster than is reasonable and prudent under existing conditions. (Section 9: Rules of the Road: Speed, page 54)

5. A: 10 mph on an icy road

Driving on an icy road at 10 mph, or on an open highway on a rainy night at 25 mph, may be too fast. (Section 9: Rules of the Road: Speed, page 55)

6. B: Yes, if you are impeding the normal flow of traffic

Do not drive so slowly that you are a danger; officers may cite you for impeding the normal flow of traffic. (Section 9: Rules of the Road: Speed, page 55)

7. B: Yes, after a complete stop unless posted otherwise

You may turn right on a red light after coming to a complete stop unless posted otherwise. (Section 9: Rules of the Road: Traffic Signals, page 56)

8. A: Turns are permitted, but yield to oncoming traffic and pedestrians first; oncoming traffic has a green light

With a flashing yellow arrow, turns are permitted but you must first yield to oncoming traffic and pedestrians; oncoming traffic has a green light. (Section 9: Rules of the Road: Traffic Signals, page 56)

9. B: From a one-way street onto a one-way street, when safe

If a red left-turn arrow fails to change, you may make a left turn from a one-way street onto a one-way street when it is safe. (Section 9: Rules of the Road: Traffic Signals, page 56)

10. A: Proceeding only in the direction of the arrow after yielding to those still in the intersection

With a green arrow, vehicles may proceed only in the arrow's direction after yielding to vehicles and pedestrians still in the intersection. (Section 9: Rules of the Road: Traffic Signals, page 55)

11. A: Come to a complete stop, then yield to any vehicle on the right unless an officer directs otherwise

At non-working lights, come to a complete stop before entering and yield to any vehicle on the right unless directed otherwise by a peace officer. (Section 9: Rules of the Road: Traffic Signs, page 56)

12. D: Stop, because officer instructions override the signal

Regardless of the traffic lights, always obey a police officer at an intersection; if the officer says stop on green, you must stop. (Section 9: Rules of the Road: Traffic Signs, page 56)

13. B: No more than 500 feet before the turn (unless the last car is farther back)

You may not enter a shared left-turn lane more than 500 feet before making the turn unless the last car is more than 500 feet from the intersection. (Section 9: Rules of the Road: Shared Center Left Turn Lane, page 54)

14. B: Only at access points marked with white dotted striping

It is illegal to cross the double white line; moving in and out is allowed only at access points with white dotted striping (about 3,000 feet long). (Section 9: Rules of the Road: Carpool (Express) Lane, page 50)

15. A: Vehicles with two or more persons, motorcycles, buses, and C-decal clean fuel vehicles

Carpools of two or more, motorcycles, buses and vehicles with a C decal may use express lanes free; single-occupant drivers need an express pass. (Section 9: Rules of the Road: Carpool (Express) Lane, page 50)

16. C: One vehicle

Ramp meters alternate red and green and allow one vehicle (unless posted differently) to pass each time the light turns green. (Section 9: Rules of the Road: Ramp Meters, page 51)

17. A: Only in an emergency requiring it to stop your vehicle

You may not use a runaway vehicle ramp unless you are in an emergency requiring it to stop; stopping or parking on one is prohibited. (Section 9: Rules of the Road: Runaway Vehicle Ramps, page 51)

18. A: Yes, if you face a green arrow when you begin the maneuver

It is legal to U-turn from the off-ramp and re-enter the freeway at a single-point urban interchange if you face a green arrow when you begin. (Section 9: Rules of the Road: Single-Point Urban Interchange, page 51)

19. D: You cross oncoming lanes on an earlier signal, then turn left at a second signal on the far left

At a continuous flow intersection, follow the first signal to cross the oncoming lanes, then turn left at the second signal on the far left. (Section 9: Rules of the Road: Continuous Flow Intersection Left Turn, page 52)

20. D: Drivers go through, make a signalized U-turn away from the intersection, then come back and turn right

Instead of turning left, motorists go through the intersection, make a signalized U-turn at a separate location, and return to turn right. (Section 9: Rules of the Road: ThrU-Turn Intersection, page 53)

21. D: Left, right, then left again

Look left, right, and then left again before entering the intersection. (Section 9: Rules of the Road: Intersections, page 51)

22. C: The driver on your right

Yield to the driver on your right at a four-way stop if you arrive at the same time. (Section 9: Rules of the Road: Yielding Right-of-Way, page 60)

23. A: Drivers on the public road

Yield to drivers on a public road if you are coming from a driveway or a private road. (Section 9: Rules of the Road: Yielding Right-of-Way, page 60)

24. B: 0.05

In Utah, if you are over 0.05 BAC (0.04 for CDL), you violate the law. (Section 10: Alcohol/Drugs & Driving: Alcohol and the Law, page 62)

25. B: 0.04

The limit is 0.05 for regular drivers and 0.04 for CDL. (Section 10: Alcohol/Drugs & Driving: Alcohol and the Law, page 62)