

Washington DOL permit practice test 2

From the Washington Driver Guide. Free at permitpracticetestdmv.com/washington/

25 questions. Circle one answer for each. Answer key on the last page. Name: _____ Score: _____ / 25

1. Minors who commit an alcohol, drug or firearm offense in Washington risk having their license delayed until what age?

- A. 16
- B. 17
- C. 18
- D. 21

2. When a person's driving privilege is restored after an alcohol, drug or firearm violation, they must:

- A. Take only the vision test
- B. Only pay a fine
- C. Retake the driving knowledge and skills exams and pay a reissue fee
- D. Wait for a letter, no tests needed

3. Which of these can cause a Washington driver to lose driving privileges?

- A. Accumulating unresolved traffic citations
- B. Renewing a license online
- C. Changing your address
- D. Driving with a clean record

4. What are Washington's minimum liability insurance amounts?

- A. \$25,000 / \$50,000 / \$20,000
- B. \$30,000 / \$60,000 / \$25,000
- C. \$15,000 / \$30,000 / \$5,000
- D. \$25,000 / \$50,000 / \$10,000

5. Where must you keep proof of liability insurance?

- A. With you or in your vehicle
- B. Only on file with DOL
- C. With your insurance agent
- D. At home

6. If you sell your vehicle to another individual, within how many days should you file a Vehicle Report of Sale?

- A. 5 days
- B. 10 days
- C. 15 days
- D. 30 days

7. A buyer must transfer a vehicle's title within how many days to avoid penalty fees?

- A. 5 days
- B. 10 days
- C. 15 days
- D. 45 days

8. If no law enforcement officer files a report, within how many days must you file a collision report in Washington?

- A. 4 days
- B. 10 days
- C. 24 hours
- D. 30 days

9. After getting a traffic ticket, how long do you have to follow the instructions on the back to avoid suspension?

- A. 5 days
- B. 10 days
- C. 15 days
- D. 30 days

10. Does signing a traffic ticket mean you admit guilt?

- A. Yes
- B. No, but refusing to sign could result in arrest
- C. Only for speeding tickets
- D. Only if you are under 18

11. Within how many days must new residents register their vehicles in Washington?

- A. 10 days
- B. 15 days
- C. 30 days
- D. 60 days

12. License plates on a vehicle registered in Washington must be displayed:

- A. On the front only
- B. On the rear only
- C. On the front and rear
- D. Inside the windshield

13. For Washington drivers 21 and older, what BAC is considered DUI?

- A. .02% or higher
- B. .05% or higher
- C. .08% or higher
- D. .10% or higher

14. Drivers under 21 in Washington face DUI consequences at what BAC?

- A. 0.00%
- B. 0.02%
- C. 0.05%
- D. 0.08%

15. For drivers 21 and older, what level of active THC in the blood is considered DUI in Washington?

- A. More than 2 nanograms per milliliter
- B. More than 5 nanograms per milliliter
- C. More than 10 nanograms per milliliter
- D. Any amount

16. What THC level counts as DUI for Washington drivers under 21?

- A. More than 2 nanograms per milliliter
- B. More than 5 nanograms per milliliter
- C. Only if impairment is visible
- D. More than 0 nanograms per milliliter

17. Under Washington's Implied Consent Law, what can happen if you refuse a test when an officer suspects DUI?

- A. Loss of your driving privilege for 90 to 730 days, or until age 21, whichever is longer
- B. A \$50 fine
- C. A one-week suspension
- D. Nothing

18. Can you be charged with DUI in Washington while sitting in a parked car?

- A. Only if the engine is off
- B. No, only while driving
- C. Yes, if you are in physical control of the vehicle
- D. Only on a highway

19. How long do alcohol- and drug-related offenses stay on a Washington driving record?

- A. For life
- B. 3 years
- C. 7 years
- D. 10 years

20. A DUI conviction in Washington can bring a license suspension of:

- A. Lifetime only
- B. 30 to 60 days
- C. 90 days to 4 years
- D. Exactly one year

21. Under Washington's open container law, where may open alcohol or cannabis products be carried?

- A. In the trunk or truck bed
- B. In the center console
- C. In the glove box
- D. Under the passenger seat

22. Under Washington's open container law, which is a traffic infraction?

- A. A sealed bottle in the trunk
- B. A passenger drinking alcohol in a moving vehicle on the road
- C. Carrying unopened cannabis in the truck bed
- D. Driving to a store to buy alcohol

23. According to the Washington guide, what is the most common impairment involved in fatal crashes?

- A. Alcohol alone
- B. Polydrug use (mixing more than one drug)
- C. Fatigue
- D. Prescription drugs alone

24. What does the Washington guide say about cannabis and driving?

- A. It is legal to drive after edibles
- B. It improves concentration
- C. Up to two hours after use is safe
- D. There is no safe amount of cannabis for driving

25. A medicine label warns against 'operating heavy machinery.' What does this mean for you?

- A. It doesn't apply to cars
- B. The warning includes driving a vehicle
- C. It only applies to trucks
- D. You may drive if you feel fine

Answer key: Washington practice test 2

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1. B: 17

Minors who receive an alcohol, drug or firearm offense risk delaying their license until they are 17. (1.15 Alcohol, drugs, and firearms violations, page 36)

2. C: Retake the driving knowledge and skills exams and pay a reissue fee

You must retake the knowledge and skills exams (even if already passed) and pay a reissue fee; under 18 also needs parental consent. (1.15 Alcohol, drugs, and firearms violations, page 36)

3. A: Accumulating unresolved traffic citations

Reasons include unresolved citations, moving violations, DUI, racing, driving without insurance, and more. (1.15 Losing your driving privileges, page 36)

4. D: \$25,000 / \$50,000 / \$10,000

Washington requires \$25,000 for injury or death of one person, \$50,000 for two or more, and \$10,000 for property damage. (2.3 Insurance required, page 43)

5. A: With you or in your vehicle

You must keep proof of insurance with you or in your vehicle. (2.3 Insurance required, page 43)

6. A: 5 days

File a Vehicle Report of Sale within 5 days of selling, trading, gifting or disposing of your vehicle. (2.1 Report of sale, page 42)

7. C: 15 days

The purchaser must bring the signed title to a licensing office within 15 days to avoid penalty fees. (2.1 Report of sale, page 42)

8. A: 4 days

File a collision report form within 4 days of a crash if an officer doesn't do this for you. (5.9 Reporting a crash, page 176)

9. C: 15 days

Follow the instructions on the back of the ticket within 15 days to avoid having your driving privileges suspended. (5.10 Getting a ticket, page 182)

10. B: No, but refusing to sign could result in arrest

Your signature isn't an admission of guilt, but refusing to sign a ticket could result in your arrest. (5.10 Getting a ticket, page 182)

11. C: 30 days

New residents have 30 days to complete their vehicle registration. (2.0 Registration, page 41)

12. C: On the front and rear

Plates must be clearly displayed on the front and rear, and it's illegal to cover the letters, numbers or tabs. (2.2 Vehicle license plates, page 43)

13. C: .08% or higher

A BAC of .08% or higher is considered a DUI for drivers age 21 and older. (1.15 Driving under the influence (DUI), page 37)

14. B: 0.02%

Drivers under 21 have the same potential consequences at a BAC of 0.02%. (1.15 Driving under the influence (DUI), page 37)

15. B: More than 5 nanograms per milliliter

Having more than 5 nanograms of active THC per milliliter of blood is a DUI for drivers 21 and older. (1.15 Driving under the influence (DUI), page 37)

16. D: More than 0 nanograms per milliliter

Drivers under 21 face DUI consequences for anything more than 0 nanograms of active THC per milliliter of blood. (1.15 Driving under the influence (DUI), page 37)

17. A: Loss of your driving privilege for 90 to 730 days, or until age 21, whichever is longer

Refusing to be tested can cost you your privilege for 90 to 730 days or until age 21, whichever is longer. (1.15 Driving under the influence (DUI), page 37)

18. C: Yes, if you are in physical control of the vehicle

DUI also applies to being in physical control of a vehicle, even if it's parked (RCW 46.61.503). (1.15 Driving under the influence (DUI), page 37)

19. A: For life

Alcohol- and drug-related offenses appear on your driving record for life. (1.15 Driving under the influence (DUI), page 38)

20. C: 90 days to 4 years

Convictions can include suspension of driving privileges for 90 days to 4 years, among other penalties. (1.15 Driving under the influence (DUI), page 38)

21. A: In the trunk or truck bed

Open alcohol and cannabis products can only be transported in a trunk or truck bed, not in compartments the driver can reach. (1.15 Open container law, page 39)

22. B: A passenger drinking alcohol in a moving vehicle on the road

It's an infraction if anyone in the vehicle drinks alcohol or consumes cannabis, has opened containers, or hides alcohol or cannabis in unlabeled containers. (1.15 Open container law, page 38)

23. B: Polydrug use (mixing more than one drug)

Polydrug use, the mixing of more than one type of drug, is the most common impairment involved in fatal crashes. (3.1 Polydrug use and driving, page 75)

24. D: There is no safe amount of cannabis for driving

Recreational cannabis is legal for those 21+, but driving after consuming any cannabis is illegal for all ages; there is no safe amount. (3.1 Cannabis and driving, page 73)

25. B: The warning includes driving a vehicle

Warnings against operating heavy machinery include driving a vehicle. (3.1 Medications and driving, page 74)