

Wyoming WYDOT permit practice test 10

From the Rules of the Road: State of Wyoming Driver License Manual (Class C). Free at permitpracticetestdmv.com/wyoming/

25 questions. Circle one answer for each. Answer key on the last page. Name: _____ Score: _____ / 25

1. How can you avoid carbon monoxide poisoning?

- A. Park with the engine running
- B. Keep windows shut
- C. Warm up the car in a closed garage
- D. Have the exhaust checked regularly and don't run the engine in a closed garage

2. A flag person in a construction zone directs you to stop. When may you proceed?

- A. Only when directed to do so
- B. When workers leave
- C. When the car ahead goes
- D. After 30 seconds

3. Do you need to be careful in a construction zone even if no work activity is visible?

- A. No
- B. Only at night
- C. Only on weekdays
- D. Yes, extra care is needed even with no apparent activity

4. Why is it dangerous to pass a truck at high speed and cut back in front of it near a construction zone?

- A. It's illegal everywhere
- B. Trucks speed up
- C. The truck may need emergency braking and could rear-end you
- D. It wastes fuel

5. When must you yield to pedestrians, according to Wyoming's hazardous situations section?

- A. Only in school zones
- B. Never on highways
- C. Only in crosswalks with signals
- D. When driving through intersections, changing lanes or passing, turning, and entering or leaving a public roadway

6. What does the Wyoming manual say about driving when grief-stricken, enraged or terrified?

- A. It is difficult if not impossible to drive safely; don't drive when overcome by emotion
- B. Drive faster to get home
- C. Drive only on highways
- D. It's fine if careful

7. How can drivers with poor night vision compensate?

- A. Use high beams always
- B. Wear sunglasses
- C. Drive at night only on highways
- D. Drive slower on well-lighted streets or limit driving to daytime

8. How can drivers with hearing loss compensate?

- A. Turning the radio up
- B. Hearing aids, outside rearview mirrors, extra alertness and looking farther to the sides
- C. Driving only at night
- D. They can't

9. What does Wyoming law prohibit regarding cell phones while driving?

- A. All phone calls
- B. Using GPS
- C. Nothing
- D. Reading or sending text messages

10. According to NHTSA research cited in the Wyoming manual, hands-free phones provide:

- A. Complete safety
- B. No distraction
- C. Little safety benefit over hand-held phones
- D. More distraction than hand-held

11. What does WYDOT recommend before making a call or texting?

- A. Slow down
- B. Pull well off the highway and stop
- C. Dial at red lights
- D. Use speakerphone

12. In Wyoming, what is a 'blind spot'?

- A. The area under the hood
- B. A dark road
- C. A hidden driveway
- D. The area near the right and left rear corners that can't be seen in the rearview mirrors

13. How fast can a moped go, under Wyoming's definition?

- A. No more than 30 mph on a level road
- B. 45 mph
- C. No more than 20 mph
- D. Any speed under 50cc

14. What is the difference between a suspension and a revocation in Wyoming?

- A. Revocation lasts 30 days
- B. They are the same
- C. Suspension is permanent
- D. A suspension is temporary removal; a revocation terminates the privilege and requires re-licensing

15. At an intersection with a YIELD sign in your lane, whom must you yield to?

- A. No one if you're turning
- B. Only pedestrians
- C. Cross traffic close enough to be dangerous
- D. Everyone

16. Where must you stop at a stop sign, red light or flashing red light in Wyoming?

- A. Anywhere you can see
- B. In the crosswalk
- C. Before the crosswalk
- D. In the middle of the intersection

17. When entering a business district from a side road in Wyoming, what must you do?

- A. Stop
- B. Nothing special
- C. Honk
- D. Slow down

18. Must you stop for a blind person with a white cane trying to cross the street?

- A. Yes, always
- B. Only at night
- C. Only at crosswalks
- D. Only if they are in your lane

19. Bicyclists are legally classified as what in Wyoming?

- A. Vehicles, with the same rights and responsibilities as motor vehicle operators
- B. Toys
- C. Recreational devices
- D. Pedestrians

20. How should you treat bicycles when adjusting your speed?

- A. Honk to move them
- B. Pass immediately
- C. Identify them as slow-moving traffic and adjust your speed and driving
- D. Ignore them

21. If you don't have enough space to pass a bicyclist, what should you do?

- A. Use the shoulder
- B. Slow to the cyclist's speed and follow until there's room
- C. Honk
- D. Squeeze by

22. You need to stop on a long highway bridge to check a map. Is parking there allowed?

- A. Yes, for up to 10 minutes
- B. Yes, with hazard lights on
- C. Only at night
- D. No, parking on any bridge or in a highway tunnel is not legal

23. What is 'double parking', which is illegal in Wyoming?

- A. Parking on the roadway side of a stopped or parked vehicle
- B. Parking twice in one day
- C. Parking in two spaces
- D. Parking on both sides of a street

24. After parking on a hill, what else should you do besides turning the wheels?

- A. Leave the doors unlocked
- B. Turn off the engine, take the keys and lock the car
- C. Leave the engine running
- D. Leave the car in neutral

25. What does an amber turn arrow that appears after a green arrow mean?

- A. You may turn freely
- B. It warns you to clear the intersection
- C. Yield to pedestrians only
- D. Stop immediately

Answer key: Wyoming practice test 10

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1. D: Have the exhaust checked regularly and don't run the engine in a closed garage

Check the exhaust for leaks, avoid long parking with the engine running, and never warm up the engine in a closed garage. (Carbon monoxide, page 84)

2. A: Only when directed to do so

If the flag person directs you to stop, do not proceed until directed to do so. (Road construction, page 85)

3. D: Yes, extra care is needed even with no apparent activity

Extra care should be maintained through work zones even when there's no apparent work activity nearby. (Road construction, page 85)

4. C: The truck may need emergency braking and could rear-end you

Cutting in front of a truck forces emergency braking; without enough distance the truck may rear-end your car. (Road construction, page 85)

5. D: When driving through intersections, changing lanes or passing, turning, and entering or leaving a public roadway

Yield to pedestrians when driving through intersections, changing lanes or passing, turning, and entering or leaving a roadway. (Pedestrians, page 86)

6. A: It is difficult if not impossible to drive safely; don't drive when overcome by emotion

Deep emotions overcome clear thinking; anyone overcome with emotion should not drive. (Emotions, page 87)

7. D: Drive slower on well-lighted streets or limit driving to daytime

Poor night vision drivers should limit driving to slower speeds on well-lighted streets or to daytime only. (Vision, page 88)

8. B: Hearing aids, outside rearview mirrors, extra alertness and looking farther to the sides

Hearing aids and outside mirrors are often the best ways, plus being extra alert and using side mirrors. (Hearing, page 88)

9. D: Reading or sending text messages

Wyoming law prohibits reading or sending a text message while operating a vehicle; some cities also ban phone use. (Cell phones, page 89)

10. C: Little safety benefit over hand-held phones

Hands-free phones provide little safety benefit over hand-held phones; the conversation itself is a major distraction. (Cell phones, page 89)

11. B: Pull well off the highway and stop

WYDOT recommends pulling well off the highway and stopping before calling or texting. (Cell phones, page 89)

12. D: The area near the right and left rear corners that can't be seen in the rearview mirrors

The blind spot is near the rear corners, not visible in mirrors; turn your head to check. (Definitions: Blind Spot, page 91)

13. A: No more than 30 mph on a level road

A moped has a motor of 50cc or less, no more than two-brake horsepower, and a maximum speed of 30 mph on level ground. (Definitions: Moped, page 92)

14. D: A suspension is temporary removal; a revocation terminates the privilege and requires re-licensing

Suspension is temporary removal of the privilege; revocation terminates it and requires a driver investigation to be re-licensed. (Definitions: Suspension / Revocation, page 94)

15. C: Cross traffic close enough to be dangerous

Check for cross traffic before reaching the intersection and yield to cross traffic close enough to be dangerous. (Intersections with YIELD signs, page 43)

16. C: Before the crosswalk

You must always stop before the crosswalk at all stop signs, red lights and flashing red lights. (Required stops, page 50)

17. A: Stop

You must stop when entering a business district from a side road, and when entering a street from a driveway, alley, building or parking lot. (Required stops, page 50)

18. A: Yes, always

You must always stop for blind persons attempting to cross a street with a white cane or guide dog. (Required stops, page 50)

19. A: Vehicles, with the same rights and responsibilities as motor vehicle operators

Bicyclists are classified as vehicles and have the same rights and responsibilities as motor vehicle operators. (Right of way, page 42)

20. C: Identify them as slow-moving traffic and adjust your speed and driving

All bicycles should be identified as slow-moving traffic and your speed and driving adjusted to accommodate them. (Adjust speed for traffic conditions, page 42)

21. B: Slow to the cyclist's speed and follow until there's room

If you don't have adequate space, slow to the cyclist's speed and follow until you have room to pass. (Passing bicyclists, page 56)

22. D: No, parking on any bridge or in a highway tunnel is not legal

It is not legal to park on any bridge or within a highway tunnel. (Parking restrictions, page 59)

23. A: Parking on the roadway side of a stopped or parked vehicle

It is not legal to park on the roadway side of any stopped or parked vehicle. (Parking restrictions, page 58)

24. B: Turn off the engine, take the keys and lock the car

After setting the parking brake and turning the wheels the right way, turn off the engine, take the keys and lock the car. (Parking on hills, page 59)

25. B: It warns you to clear the intersection

An amber arrow may follow a green arrow; it warns you to clear the intersection because the arrow is about to change. (Traffic signals: Turn arrows, page 97)